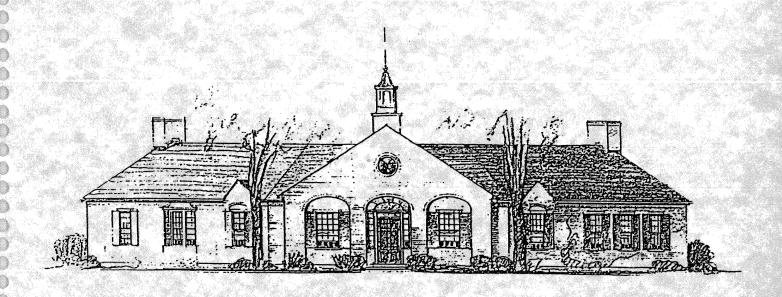
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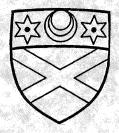
BURRILLVILLE, RHODE ISLAND



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

FISCAL YEAR ENDED

JUNE 30, 2008



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

PREPARED BY: JOHN P. MAINVILLE

FINANCE DIRECTOR

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TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

TOWN FINANCE OFFICE 105 Harrisville Main Street Harrisville, RI 02830 - 1499

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Phone (401) 568-4300 Ext. 121 Fax (401) 568-9473 TDD (401) 568-1710

Honorable Members of the Town Council and Town Manager

As required by the Town Charter and State Law, the comprehensive annual financial report for fiscal year ending June 30, 2008 is hereby submitted. The ultimate responsibility for both the accuracy and fairness of the presented data rests with the Town of Burrillville's Finance Department. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the information enclosed is accurate in all material respects and the data is presented in a manner designed to fairly represent the financial position and the financial operation of the Town during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The Town and its auditors, Cayer Caccia, LLP cooperated to prepare this information, which will enable you to obtain a better understanding of the Town's financial position and the costs associated with providing services. Various disclosures have been included to assist you in gaining an understanding of the Town's financial activities.

The comprehensive annual financial report consists of four sections: 1) Introductory, 2) Financial, 3) Single Audit, and 4) Statistical. The Introductory section contains this transmittal letter, the Town's organizational chart, and a listing of principal officials. The Financial section contains the independent auditor's report on the basic financial statements and schedules. The Financial section also includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis [MD&A] which provides a narrative overview and analysis of significant financial issues and activities affecting the Town's financial position. The Single Audit section is prepared in compliance with the Single Audit Act of 1984 and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, which rescinded Circular A-128 as it related to the Audits of State and Local Governments. Single Audit now applies only in years that the Town expends \$500,000 or more in federal funds. Included in the Single Audit section is the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, grant activity findings and recommendations, and the independent auditor's report on the internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The Statistical section contains essential financial and demographic information relative to the Town.

Copies of this report are on file in the Town Clerk's office and the public libraries. This report is forwarded to the Rhode Island Auditor General's Office, as required by State Law, and to various other state agencies, financial institutions, and rating agencies.

Profile of the Government

The Town of Burrillville is a Rhode Island municipal corporation, which provides a full range of services including general government administration, public safety, public works, social services, recreation, and educational opportunities to its residents. In addition, the Town operates a wastewater collection and treatment facility.

There are several other governmental entities having operations within the Town limits, which are separate, legal entities. The responsibility for the financial reporting of those entities does not rest with the Town government. These boards represent entities established in conformance with state laws and are not governed by the Town Charter. Some of the services provided by these entities include elderly housing, electricity, emergency medical services, fire protection, library services, street lighting, and water.

COMMUNITY DESCRIPTION

The Town of Burrillville is a mixed suburban and rural community located in the northwest corner of Rhode Island. Burrillville was established in 1730. This year represents Burrillville's 201st anniversary since becoming incorporated on October 29, 1806. Since January 1, 1989, the Town has operated under a home rule charter, which was adopted at the November 8, 1988 general election after receiving legislative approval authorizing a referendum to seek voter acceptance of a home rule charter. The Charter was amended November 6, 1990, November 5, 1996, and November 9, 2004. The Town Council appoints the Town Manager and all boards and commission members. The seven member Council is elected at large at the regular biennial elections for staggered four-year terms.

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Burrillville has an area of approximately 57 square miles (55.8 land; 1.5 water). The Town has 6 primary villages - Pascoag, Harrisville, Mapleville, Nasonville, Oakland, and Glendale. The Town's geography includes farmlands, several bodies of water, open space, woodlands, and wetlands.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

Burrillville experienced significant population growth and residential real estate development during the late 1980s/early 1990's and again in the early 2000's. The majority of the Town's employers are State and local government agencies, service facilities and manufacturing facilities. Likewise, the Town's primary taxpayers are also involved with service, utility industries, and manufacturing.

The recently compiled 2000 census indicates that Burrillville has a population of 15,796 (a 434 [or 2.7%] decrease in population from the 1990 census). Even though the census indicates a drop in population, the number of new housing units continued to grow by an average of 52 units per year over the past 10 years. The 1990 census data indicated that Burrillville had a permanent population of 16,230, which represented a 23.3% increase of population from the 1980 census count of 13,164. Over the past two (2) decades, Burrillville has been one of the fastest growing communities in Rhode Island. This rate of growth presents the Town with many significant challenges and opportunities relative to the increased demands for educational and municipal services. Most Town residents commute to jobs in the northern RI and Providence area. The Town's labor force has increased from 8,449 to 10,770 since 1998. Employment opportunities within the Town are approximately 3,000.

As required by law, the Town completed its latest three [3] year statistical revaluation which was effective December 31, 2006. This revaluation data was applied against the fiscal year ending 2008 tax levy. The last full revaluation affected property values assessed as of December 31, 2003. The Town completed its first State law required, three (3) year statistical revaluation in 2001. Effective for the assessment period of December 31, 1998, the Town received legislative authorization and has implemented a program whereby new construction after that date will be assessed on a pro-rata basis. The next statistical revaluation is currently ongoing and will be implemented effective December 31, 2009.

Net assessed values have increased by \$253,502,290 (18.5%) over last year's valuations. Approximately 84% of the Town's tax base is residential. There have been approximately 485 new housing units constructed over the past ten years.

A profile of the Town is summarized below to illustrate various changes in population, housing, economic trends, and conditions that would impact on the demand for services and facilities and the Town's ability to meet those needs. These indicators highlight the significant change that has taken place in Burrillville over the last ten years.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION (Continued)

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Category	1998	2008	% Change
Population (est.)	16,102	15,796	(1.55%)
Labor Force	8,449	10,770	27.47%
Employed	8,082	10,185	26.02%
Unemployment Rate	4.60%	5.43%	(19.57%)
Median Age	32.9	37.5	13.98%
Per Capita Income	\$ 13,282	\$ 21,096	58.83%
Median Household Income	\$ 37,156	\$ 52,587	41.53%
School Enrollment	2,960	2,554	(13.72%)
High School Graduates	70.60%	85.18%	20.65%
Bachelor Degrees	15.90%	16.20%	1.89%
Net Assessed Values Median Selling Price (Single Family)	\$ 655,089,518 \$ 114,500	\$ 1,622,903,045 \$ 266,000	147.74% 132.31%

Burrillville has three industrial parks. The Burrillville Industrial Park covers 53 acres, is the 23rd largest industrial park in the state, and is at capacity. A second 24-acre site (Clear River Drive Industrial Park) was acquired by the Industrial Foundation in FYE 1999. This site currently has four tenants and the remaining three lots are being marketed. In November 2002, the Burrillville Redevelopment Agency acquired a third industrial site, Burrillville Commerce Park — a 254 acre parcel located on Route 102. The Commerce Park currently has two tenants. The balance of the park is being marketed and engineered to determine the best use. The Town is also conducting a comprehensive analysis (Route 102 Master Plan) to determine the best method of developing Route 102, which is the primary transportation route that goes through the Town. Other activities include the renovation of the former Stillwater Mill site, which is the location of the recently completed library. A key component of the revitalization of this area includes the Burrillville Redevelopment Agency's sale of the former Clocktower building to Woonsocket Neighborhood Development Corporation [WNDC] for renovations.

In the interest of attracting industry to the Town, an act (Chapter 57, 1988) authorizing the Town to exempt from taxation or freeze the value of wholesale inventory was passed on July 26, 1988. In 1993, the Town received authorization to exempt retail inventory from local property taxes (Chapter 343, 1993). This authorization culminated in an ordinance being passed on May 28, 1997. When appropriate, the Town has granted tax stabilization to businesses interested in expanding and/or moving into Town, which results in additional jobs and tax base in Burrillville.

Regarding the available transportation network, Burrillville is located approximately 20 miles north of Providence, 22 miles south of Worcester, and 45 miles south of Boston. The Town is located 4 miles from Route 146, 8 miles from Route 295, and 18 miles from Routes 95 and 495. The Town is approximately 9 miles from North Central Airport located in Lincoln and 20 miles from T.F. Green Airport, the State's major airport, located to the south of Burrillville in Warwick, RI.

The Council adopted a revised Comprehensive Plan, which has been approved by the State and is good until March 2010. Incorporated within the plan is an economic development section. The new plan establishes goals, objectives, and implementation actions that will govern the Town's future growth and impact on the quality of life for many years to come. Additionally, the Town has adopted an Affordable Housing Strategy that is used as a State model.

ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND BUDGET CONTROL

The accounting policies of the Town conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units. The modified accrual method is used for all Town funds except for Proprietary Fund Types, which are accounted for under the accrual method. Under the modified accrual method, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance current operations. Property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied and due provided that they are collected within the year or within sixty days of year end. Uncollected taxes are recorded as assets and credited to liability reserves in the same amount.

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In developing, evaluating, and modifying the Town's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding:

- (1) The safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and
- (2) The reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that:

- (1) The cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and
- (2) The evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the general government's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions. Internal controls are under constant review and improvements are adopted when recognized.

Because the Town is a recipient of federal and state funding, it is responsible for maintaining adequate internal controls that will assure compliance with any applicable regulations or laws associated with those programs. Our internal controls are subject to periodic evaluation by management as well as the Town's independent auditors.

As part of the Town's single audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the government has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

The annual budget for the Town General Government was adopted on June 11, 2008 by the Town Council in conformance with Article 10 of the Burrillville Home Rule Charter. During the year there were thirteen (13) supplemental budget appropriations adopted by the Town Council, which totaled \$5,951,517 of which \$2,068,572 related to capital improvements carried forward from the prior year and \$3,745,945 represents other capital related projects funded during the year.

The adopted budget provided for municipal operations, school operations, debt service, and capital improvements. Control of the budget is achieved in several ways. The ultimate objective of these controls is to assure compliance with the approved budget, Town Charter, and RI General Laws. The level of budgetary control starts with the general classification and appropriation of funds. Contingency funds that are available at year-end are utilized to cover any shortfalls that may have occurred within a given department. The Town's fiscal position is reported monthly by the Finance Department to the Town Council, Town Manager, and Town Departments. The monthly report compares actual revenues, expenditures, and encumbrances against budgeted revenues and expenditures within the limitations of the current computer system. Additionally, the Town's fiscal position is reported to the RI Department of Administration on a quarterly basis. Budgetary control is maintained through a purchase order system, which seeks to insure that funds are available prior to an obligation being created. This reduces the possibility of liabilities being incurred, which are greater than the balance in the appropriation.

ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND BUDGET CONTROL (Continued)

Encumbrance accounting is an important tool utilized by the Town for budget control. The institution of encumbrance accounting offers an additional level of protection to the task of accomplishing budgetary control.

The Town is continuing the refinement of its computer system which will, among other things, significantly improve the automation of our financial reporting as it relates to accounting, budgeting, tax assessment, tax collections, and departmental revenues. All side funds have been automated and installed on the system. All unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. All receipts are processed through the collector's office. The statements and schedules provided in the financial section of this report illustrate the Town's ability to continue to meet its responsibility for providing sound financial management.

Specific capital projects are developed with financial plans designed to cover the length of the project. A five-year capital improvement plan is updated annually. The Town Council adopted the annual five-year capital improvement plan for fiscal year ending June 30, 2008 on March 26, 2007.

This process was modified in fiscal year ending June 30, 1998 following the adoption of a revised capital improvement ordinance (2-4.5 Capital Projects Program) approved by the Council on January 14, 1998. The ordinance change provides for the plan to be initially reviewed by the Budget Board and subsequently approved by the Council by the middle of April. In addition, the ordinance establishes a minimum amount of \$900,000 for municipal and school capital improvement projects along with a variable amount that is appropriated to a reserve for major capital projects. The final appropriation for capital improvement projects occurs when the total annual budget appropriation is adopted in June each year.

CASH MANAGEMENT

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The Town General Fund held \$8,135,036 in cash and cash equivalents on June 30, 2008. This cash balance allowed the Town to meet its routine expenses on a timely basis as well as its significant financial obligations that included liabilities associated with either the close of the old fiscal year (i.e. School and Town accounts payable and accrued compensation paid in July/August), or the payment of obligations that came due at the beginning of the new fiscal year (i.e. debt service) before the tax bills are mailed out and property tax revenues start to arrive.

Failure to maintain adequate reserve funds could require the Town to issue tax anticipation notes (and to include the applicable interest cost in its annual budget) so that operating and debt expenditures can be paid in a timely manner. The cash needs of the Town can fluctuate significantly in a short period of time. Of particular concern is the fact that if the budget process and/or the mailing of tax bills are delayed the Town may be put into a borrowing situation to meet its outstanding obligations on a timely manner. Assuming there were no prior year obligations, the investments outstanding as of June 30, 2008 would only cover approximately 17.3% (less than three (3) months) of the annual budget allocation. When the prior contractual obligations noted above are factored in, outstanding investments are only sufficient to cover one month's activity during the current year.

Another fact that cannot be over emphasized is that only a portion of our Fund Balance is actually cash. As the designated portions of the general fund are drawn down when needed, there will be even less liquid funds available for utilization during periods of time when the inflow of tax revenues and other receipts are low. The use of temporary borrowing to meet current expenditure needs is viewed as a negative factor by credit rating agencies. Timeliness is critical in the adoption of the budget. The Town does not want to be in a situation whereby if the budget adoption is delayed for any reason and/or the bills are mailed late, the Town could be required to meet expenses through short-term borrowing.

CASH MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Any monies that are available during the year are invested in various instruments such as banker's acceptances, certificates of deposit, prime commercial paper, repurchase agreements, and short-term money market certificates with maturities ranging from 1 to 60 days depending upon their anticipated cash requirements during that period. A sweep account has been created and is used when feasible. This account allows for overnight interest earnings on idle monies that had previously been in non-interest bearing accounts. These investments are in conformance with the guidelines established by the investment policy, which was formally adopted by the Town Council in February 1991, and as amended.

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Investment income for the General Fund for FYE 2008 was \$ 261,858. This income category was \$125,888 less than last year [\$387,746]. This variance was due to a decline in interest rates. Interest income is also generated for other funds under the care and custody of the Town finance department.

FUND BALANCE

As in the past, Town staff continues to recommend and maintain an Unreserved, Undesignated Fund Balance at a level equivalent to the higher of 12% of current budget appropriations or an amount equal to the Town's budgeted annual debt payment (\$6,333,111 or 13.5% of the FYE June 30, 2009 budget). Note that the annual debt service payments for the last ten (10) years have moderately exceeded 12% of current budget appropriations. There was a \$6 million wastewater treatment bond authorization approved in November 2002 for the construction of sewerlines in the Glendale/Nasonville areas of Town. This project began in the fall of 2005 and is still going on. A Rhode Island Clean Water [RICW] Bond was acquired in October 2003 in the amount of \$5.6 million to fund the continuation of this project. In June 2006, a RIHEBC Bond in the amount of \$7.5 million was sold to finance the renovation and construction of the Callahan Elementary School. The school was completed during fiscal year 2008. During fiscal year 2007, two new bond authorities were sold. In October 2006 a \$5 million library bond (authorization approved in November 2004), a \$400,000 wastewater treatment bond, and \$2 million refunding bond was issued. In December 2006, a RICW bond in the amount of \$3.5 million was also closed. The library project was completed and the wastewater construction project in the eastern part of Town continued during fiscal year 2008.

Based upon the results of the audit for FYE June 30, 2008, the Town's Unreserved, Undesignated Fund Balance is approximately 11% of the 2009 budget, which is less than the Town's Fund Balance policy by \$511,886. It is anticipated that this variance will be corrected in fiscal year 2009. In the past, available funding has been used for a number of outstanding issues including unanticipated infrastructure demands (such as bridge/culvert replacements) or continued funding of the reserve funds (debt reduction, recreation/open space land acquisition, unfunded liabilities [vacation/sick leave], or major capital).

Maintaining the policy relative to a minimum level of fund balance is essential for several reasons including the following:

- The Town must continually strengthen its overall financial condition to maintain its improved credit rating particularly during poor economic times. Our credit rating determines the interest rate that we must pay on borrowed money. When a town's credit rating declines, the interest to be paid by the taxpayer on any new debt would increase.
- The utilization of the unreserved, undesignated fund balance is a one-time benefit to the community that is typically impractical to replace in the following year.

FUND BALANCE (Continued)

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- The unreserved fund balance provides a financial resource, which, if depleted, will force the Town to incur the additional costs associated with short term borrowing in order the meet routine cash flow needs. Once the financial resources allocated towards our designated fund balance are eliminated, the Town will be in the position of having to borrow to meet financial obligations at the beginning of each fiscal year.
- Our unreserved, undesignated fund balance provides a margin of security when revenue sources are unreliable or when unforeseen situations occur (i.e. the State withholds funding previously promised). Our Fund Balance provides a level of protection should an unanticipated loss of revenue occur such as the State withholding promised financial aid during the year or in the event that Ocean State Power should be placed in the position where it is not commercially operating.
- A reduction of unreserved fund balance directly affects the amount of funds that can be invested which results in a loss of income earnings and a higher tax rate.
- The current unreserved fund balance level helps to lessen the impact of implementing General Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 11 and 34.
 - OGASB 11 will require incorporation of such items as post retirement benefits into the Town's annual operating results. Currently the cost of these benefits are projected to be approximately \$1,201,668 (\$168,792 to the Town and \$1,032,876 to the School Department). The Town has set up and appropriated monies for deposit in a fund designed to address the issue of unfunded vacation and sick leave benefits. This fund had a balance as of June 30, 2008 of \$125,644, which represents 74.4% of the Town's total liability (\$168,792 which consists solely of accrued vacation benefits). Note that the Town is no longer liable for any post employment accrued sick time obligation because that obligation was paid off in 2006. The School Department has not initiated a funding mechanism to meet their liability.
 - A key component of GASB 34 involves the inclusion of capital assets, including infrastructure, into the annual operating statements.
- Another important interim use of general fund monies is for the purpose of either out-right funding or temporarily funding various capital projects in lieu of borrowing thereby avoiding the numerous costs (interest, legal, etc.) associated with temporary borrowing. Some of the past activities have included the police station renovation project, White Mill Park and Spring Lake Beach improvements, school renovation projects (Steere Farm Elementary and High School), library construction, and the cancellation of remaining sewer bond authorities. Significant savings have been achieved on these endeavors because the Town did not need to borrow on an interim basis.
- A stable unreserved fund balance assists us when the timing of our cash flow is not predictable thereby providing us with sufficient resources to meet the Town's various daily demands throughout the fiscal year.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Major initiatives during the fiscal year included the following:

• The Town of Burrillville has been recognized by RI Monthly, a statewide magazine, as the second healthiest and safest place to live in the entire state of Rhode Island. The northwest corner of the state had the top three communities – Burrillville, Glocester, and Foster.

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- The \$5.0 million construction of the new town library was completed by E.W. Burman and opened on April 1, 2008. This project is being funded by a general obligation bond and will receive substantial state aid to assist in the debt payments.
- A \$3 million expansion and rehabilitation of the June Rockwell Levy Rink was started in April 2007 and was completed on budget and as scheduled [substantially completed on September 15, 2007] so that the rink could open its season on time. A.F. Lusi was the general contractor for this project. This project was funded with the assistance of debt reduction funds and fund balance which will be restored through future state aid reimbursements.
- A Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) was awarded to the Town in the amount of \$64,500 in July 2008. The grant was to \$60,000 for Maplehill Road construction, \$1,500 for Community Housing Land Trust, and Program Administration \$3,000).
- In terms of economic development, the Burrillville Redevelopment Agency became a
 permanent agency of the Town by a Charter change that occurred in fiscal year 2005. The
 Town has continued working on a number of initiatives, including:
 - The Downtown Pascoag Association and Redevelopment Agency continued to work on improvements including the rehabilitation of the former Laundromat building which was completed and sold to the Burrillville Redevelopment Agency in September 2007. The building was marketed and subsequently sold to a private party in July 2008.
 - Development of the Clear River Drive Industrial Park continued with the assistance of the Industrial Foundation and private developers.
 - Continued activity related to the redevelopment of the Stillwater Mill Redevelopment which is a three phased project that is well underway. It started with the construction of the Stillwater Heights Senior Apartment complex [2006], continued with the recently opened library construction project, and will be completed with the renovation of the Clock Tower. Two key components in this project included:
 - The acquisition of the Fontaine/O'Hara property located on the east end of the Stillwater Mill complex for recently constructed library and possibly other municipal purposes was completed in fiscal year 2007.
 - The Town acquired the former Clocktower building and transferred ownership over to the Burrillville Redevelopment Agency. The Agency in turn sold the property to the NeighborWorks of Blackstone River Valley on June 2008 for the purpose of continuing the redevelopment of this site by creating a 47 unit residential development.

MAJOR INITIATIVES (Continued)

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- Parks & Recreation, in addition to its normal duties and with the assistance of DPW when required, was busy in a number of areas:
 - Obtained grants for a variety of recreational activities including a DEM Open Space grant [\$20,700] was awarded for improvements at Shippee bridge, which is being restored by the State.
 - o Construction of a new football field at the high school was completed.
 - A new dock was installed at Spring Lake Beach.
 - Overseeing the continued expansion of the after school program (Burrillville Extended Care) which operates at three sites. The BEC was formally placed under the Parks and Recreation Department by ordinance in January 2006. This year marks the 11th year of operations for BEC. Some projects funded through the BEC Program included playground equipment installed at Spring Lake Beach and kitchen renovations at Steere Farm Elementary School.
 - Successfully coordinated the Town's eighth annual Snakes Alive Road Race in Pascoag.
 - The Town has awarded a contract (9/25/02 #02-252) in the amount of \$1,057,000 to Site Tech for the expansion and improvement of athletic fields at Hauser and Branch River. The project was substantially completed in the prior year. The final aspect of the project, installation of playground equipment at Hauser Memorial Field, was completed in this fiscal year.
 - Awarded a grant (\$150,000) for the engineering and design of a pedestrian path/bikeway (Rail Trail) to connect the villages of Harrisville and Pascoag.
- The Public Works Department along with its normal duties:
 - Handled approximately 18 storms and 51.5 inches of snow.
 - o Installed a well and irrigation system at the Commerce Park.
 - o Initiated engineering associated with the capping of the former Whipple Avenue landfill and Mill Pond Dam.
 - Completed engineering associated with the reconstruction of Route 107 and East Avenue by the State. Initiated engineering for the Shippee and Round Top Bridges to accelerate their repairs by the State.

MAJOR INITIATIVES (Continued)

- Continued implementation of the Infrastructure Program, which is designed to upgrade and expand the Town's program of sidewalk construction and road paving.
 - Angell Road, Douglas Turnpike, East Wallum Lake Road, and Tinkham Road were paved. In some cases work on sidewalks, culverts and drainage were also completed as needed.

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- High School Football Field construction was completed.
- Gazza Road bridge construction was completed.
- The street sign replacement program continued.
- o Continued to sponsor the State DPW Annual Indoor and Outdoor equipment shows.
- Assisted the Recreation Department in meeting its goals and objectives.
- The Public Safety Department has been involved with several endeavors including the following:
 - o Completion of the eighth full year of operating the Municipal Court.
 - Enhancing the Citizens Police Academy (12th Graduating Class) and Juvenile Hearing Board.
 - Continued the expansion support of a variety of programs such as Click It or Ticket, Community Policing, Senior Citizen, Ride Along, Junior Achievement, and Child Safety Programs.
 - o Installed a Reverse 911 system [CodeRED], which will provide a method of communicating with town residents during emergency situations.
 - o Initiated the design phase for the expansion of the existing police station.
 - O Acquired use of the former Buck Hill Fire Tower to improve radio communications.
 - o The Animal Shelter continues to have a solid reputation in response to public safety and public education. The shelter continues to have high return-to-owner and adoption rates. Over the course of the year CIP funding was used to replace the heating and a/c system, expand and repair fencing, and purchase of materials and supplies to complete the Quarantine Room.

Administration:

- o The Town received the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting award from the Government Finance Officers Association.
- o Initiated the renovation of Carlton Brown building [the former Jesse Smith Library] which will house the Building, Planning and Information Services offices. This will eliminate the need to continue leasing space. The renovations were sufficiently completed to allow the offices to move in July 2008.

MAJOR INITIATIVES (Continued)

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- Administration: (Continued)
 - o The Town initiated a study to determine the feasibility of constructing a senior center.
 - o The Town contracted with an engineering firm to conduct an overall review of the structural integrity of approximately fourteen dams located throughout the town. Additionally the Town, at the request of its residents, is considering the creation of a dam management district for a dam located at Pascoag Reservoir.
 - o The Town's WEB site and GIS systems continue to be expanded and enhanced.
- During the fiscal year ending 2007, the Town received a rating upgrade from Fitch Investor's Service in October 2006 [to AA-] and retained its A1 rating from Moody's Rating Agency. In 2008, the Town's rating with Fitch was reaffirmed.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

On January 8, 1997, the Town Council passed an ordinance establishing a Special Revenue Fund, which will be used solely for the prepayment of bonded indebtedness and unbudgeted capital expenses. The ordinance was created for two reasons; (1) to lessen the Town's reliance on Ocean State Power revenue, which is currently being used to fund operations before the PILOT agreement expires and (2) to address the Town's outstanding debt burden. It is projected that, under this program, the Town will either make an additional \$8 million in debt payments over the next four [4] years and/or directly pay for projects that it would have previously had to bond - thereby significantly reducing its existing debt obligations. The first phase of this debt reduction program was applied towards shortening the term of the debt associated with Steere Farm Elementary. The balance in this fund on June 30, 2008 was \$2,338,030 – however a significant portion of this fund is currently unavailable pending the final resolution of funding for the library construction projects.

Existing state statutes limit the issuance of general obligation bonds to 3 percent of net assessed property values. Fiscal year ending June 30, 1995 marked the first time that the Town had elected to issue bonds under RIGL 45-12-2. Due to time constraints, the Town Council voted to bond \$4.5 million for the purpose of renovating the former Meadow Glen Nursing Home under RIGL 45-12-2. A second issue for \$1 million, which was part of the \$8 million issue closed in 2000, was added to meet the remaining contractual obligations associated with the High School Renovation project. In December 2006, the Town issued \$3.5 million in RICWFA bonds under RIGL 45-12-2 to finance in the completion of ongoing expansion of sewer to the eastern portion of the Town. These three issues represent the only time that the Town has elected to issue bonds under RIGL 45-12-2. All other debt has been issued by legislative authority and voter referendum.

Withstanding these exceptions, all outstanding general obligation bond issues have been authorized through enabling legislation and voter approved referendum. On June 10, 1998, the Town Council voted to cancel the remaining sewer bond authority in the amount of \$240,400 (Agenda item #98-156). As of June 30, 2008, the Town's remaining authorized but unissued debt authority consists of the following - \$500,000 for open space projects (plus the balance of the RICW drawdowns) for wastewater projects. Recent bond issues that have been incurred by the Town included the following: Voter approval for the \$5 million library bond authority was received at the November 2004 general election. Construction for the new library began in the summer of 2006 and was opened on April 1, 2008. Wastewater construction on the eastern side of town is also ongoing and scheduled to take approximately two years.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

When the Town went to the bond market in the summer of 2000, the Town received a rating upgrade by both Fitch's Investors Service (from A to A+) and Moody's Rating Agency (from A2 to A1). The Moody rating was reaffirmed and the Fitch rating was again upgraded to AA- when the Town went to market in October 2006 and reaffirmed in 2008. This was especially noteworthy in the economy at that time where there have been a significant number of rating downgrades (particularly in New England). The credit rating has remained consistent and improved moderately because the Town has a long history of stable, sound financial management, which includes the maintenance of an unrestricted fund balance sufficient to cover its pending debt obligations.

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Historically the Town has utilized a significant amount of its Unreserved, Undesignated Fund Balance as an interim source of revenue for operations. For many years, this has allowed the Town to avoid borrowing in anticipation of taxes. As of FYE 1994, the Town returned to its reserve policy objective relative to maintaining an unreserved undesignated fund balance that was the greater of either (1) 12% fund balance or (2) one year's annual debt payment. With the results of this year's operations, the Town is slightly below (11%) its minimal goal of maintaining a sufficient undesignated, unreserved fund balance. Maintenance of this minimal balance should be a priority as part of the overall process involved with improving our financial operations.

Bond rating companies look at four main factors when determining the credit worthiness of a municipal offering. The four factors are 1) debt, 2) economics, 3) fiscal, and 4) administrative. The Town has little control over its demographics and no control over the region's economy. The Town cannot control the fact that its median income is low or that it relies primarily on a residential tax base.

The Town can control its destiny in other areas such as carefully monitoring its debt burden, creating an effective program for capital improvements, limiting its tax rate and levy fluctuations, continued maintenance of a sufficient unrestricted fund balance to meet each current year debt obligations as well as interim cash flow needs, and the continued maintenance of a stable, professional management team.

In the interest of improving on our record of sound financial management, some additional goals being pursued include - improved budget reporting, improved interim reporting, improved utilization of available computer resources, completion of a fixed asset inventory system, implementation of various loss control and risk management practices, and finalization of a written financial manual, which would include the Town's accounting policies and procedures. The Town has begun to address some of these issues with the assistance of the Bryant University intern program and temporary staffing. Strengthening these areas will enable the Town to offset areas in which it is weak.

RISK MANAGEMENT

Burrillville is a member of the Rhode Island Interlocal Risk Management Trust (RIIRMT). The Trust was established by an act of the RI Legislature in July 1986 so that cities and towns could join together to assure the availability of insurance coverage and reasonably stable rates. The Town of Burrillville joined the Trust on October 1, 1986.

The Trust provides all property, liability, worker's compensation, life, and police officers' injured on duty insurance coverage for the Town. The Trust treats the Municipality, School Department, and Wastewater Treatment Facility as separate entities for insurance purposes. The Town annually reviews its coverage to insure that its insurance levels are both adequate and cost effective. Burrillville has representatives on the Trust Board and its sub-committees. The Town actively participates in the Trust's operation as well as its educational and training programs, which promote loss control measures and safety training.

RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

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The Town (as a Medium Member) and Wastewater Treatment Plant (as a Small Member) were the recipients of the First Annual Loss Control Awards given by the Trust. Some loss control areas that the Town has been involved with since joining the Trust included the creation of a Safety Committee, development of a risk management manual, participation in various seminars/events sponsored by the Trust such as the new firearms simulator training system (FATS), and random drug and alcohol testing. In addition, where practical, the Town has adopted and updated formal risk management policies such as the Town's Sexual Harassment Policy revised on July 22, 1998 (#98-177) and its Controlled Substance and Alcohol Testing Policy revised on August 26, 1998 (#98-210). Updated personnel policies, including family and medical leave, were adopted on October 22, 2003 (#03-290).

As the scope of municipal services continues to expand, the Town will annually review its risk management policies to reduce exposure as much as is reasonably possible.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The Town Charter (Section 3.17) and state law requires an annual audit of the Town's financial condition by independent, certified public accountants. Cayer Caccia, LLP of Providence, Rhode Island has audited the financial statements of the Town of Burrillville for fiscal year ending June 30, 2008.

Cayer Caccia, LLP is a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and as such is subject to an external quality control review (i.e. peer review) conducted by specially trained certified public accountants from other firms. The auditor's report on the Town's basic financial statements is attached.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Burrillville for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this annual financial report was made possible by the dedicated service provided by the staff in the Finance Department. The success of this department is based upon the daily efforts of its members as they carry out their respective duties and responsibilities. In addition, without the assistance and support of all Town Departments this report would not have been possible.

Sincerely,

John P. Mainville Finance Director

MUNICIPAL OFFICERS June 30, 2008

TOWN COUNCIL

Nancy F. Binns, President
Wallace F. Lees, Pro-tem
Kevin M. Blais
Margaret L. Dudley
John Michael Karmozyn, Jr.
Norman C. Mainville
Cynthia L. Roe

TOWN OFFICIALS

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Town Manager Michael C. Wood

Assessor Raymond N. Doughty

Building Official Joseph F. Raymond

Clerk Louise R. Phaneuf, CMC

Emergency Management Director Jason Rhodes

Finance Director John P. Mainville, CGFM

Municipal Court Judge Joseph P. Carroll

Planning/Economic Development Co-Ordinator Thomas J. Kravitz, MCP

Police Chief Col. Bernard E. Gannon

Probate Court Judge Pierre G. Rondeau

Public Works-Director/Engineer Richard A. Bernardo, PE

Recreation Director Cheri R. Hall, CYLA, CPSI, CLA

Solicitor Timothy F. Kane

Treasurer Mark A. Adams

Wastewater Treatment Facility-Superintendent John E. Martin III

HOUSING

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Burrillville Rhode Island

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2007

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



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President

Executive Director

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

FINANCIAL SECTION

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Certified Public Accountants and Business Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Town Council Burrillville, Rhode Island

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We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island, as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2008, on our consideration of the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and important for assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis, historical pension information and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 22 and 68 through 72, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, detailed budgetary comparison information, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, detailed budgetary comparison information, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Cayer Caccia, LLP

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December 22, 2008

Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island Management's Discussion and Analysis JUNE 30, 2008

The Town of Burrillville (the Town) provides this Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), a format prescribed by the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement 34 (GASB 34). This narrative overview and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the Town's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the Town's financial position, (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan, and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns for fiscal year ending June 30, 2008.

This is the sixth year that the Town has presented its financial statements under the reporting model required by GASB 34. Because this reporting model changed significantly not only the presentation of financial data but also the manner in which information is recorded, it is not easily comparable to prior years.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the accompanying Transmittal Letter and the Town's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

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- The total assets of the Town of Burrillville exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008 by \$68.0 million (net assets). Of this amount, only \$9.8 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- As of June 30, 2008, the Town's governmental funds reported total net assets of \$40.6 million.
- The Town of Burrillville's total net assets increased by \$2.8 million, or 0.4%, for the year ended. Net assets of governmental activities decreased by \$0.1 million, a 0.1% decrease from fiscal 2007. Net assets of business-type activities increased by \$2.9 million, or 11.7% from 2007.
- The Town's general fund reported a fund balance of \$7.4 million at the end of fiscal year ending 2008. This compares to a fund balance of \$9.4 million at the end of fiscal 2007. The unreserved, undesignated fund balance for the year was \$5.1 million (\$6.8 million in 2007). This is a \$1.7 million decrease over the prior year unreserved fund balance.
- The Town ended the fiscal year with a budgetary operating excess of revenue over expenditures of \$2,071,501 in 2008. Included in this amount is \$1,554,565 of capital improvement funds; most of which (\$1,530,441) will be carried over to fiscal year ending June 2009.

Financial Highlights (Continued)

• The School Department ended the fiscal year with a budgetary excess of \$335,580 (\$18,870 deficit in 2007).

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• The Town's total long-term liabilities increased by \$2,419,090 or 6.7% in 2008. The key factors in this increase included additional drawdowns from RICWFA totaling \$2,108,229 and additional Landfill closure costs of \$3,900,000. This increase is offset by scheduled debt service payments \$3,695,000.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Burrillville's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements include three components: 1) Government-wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. This report also contains additional required supplementary information (budgetary schedules) and other supplementary information (combining financial statements) in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. These components are described below:

Basic Financial Statements

The Government-wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the Town from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Burrillville's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements include all assets of the Town (including infrastructure) as well as all liabilities (including long term debt). Additionally, certain eliminations have been made in regards to interfund activity, payables and receivables.

The Fund Financial Statements include statements for three categories of activities – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The governmental activities are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. The proprietary funds are prepared using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The fiduciary activities are agency funds, which only report a balance sheet and do not have a measurement focus. Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *Statement of Net Assets* presents information on all of the Town of Burrillville's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Burrillville is improving or deteriorating.

Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

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The Statement of Net Assets presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, some revenues and expenses that are reported in this statement are for items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods. This statement combines and consolidates governmental funds' current financial resources (short term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations. Other non-financial factors should also be taken into consideration, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's infrastructure (i.e. roads, drainage improvements, storm and sewer lines, etc.), to assess the overall health or financial condition of the Town.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Town's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but not used vacation leave).

Both the *Statement of Net Assets* and the *Statement of Activities* are prepared utilizing the accrual basis of accounting as opposed to the modified accrual basis used in prior reporting models.

In the *Statement of Net Assets* and the *Statement of Activities*, the Town is divided into three kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the Town's basic services are reported here, including the police, planning and development, transportation, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and State Aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-type Activities The Town charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The Town's sewer system, school cafeteria, rink and day care facilities are reported here.
- Component Units The Town considered several important, separate legal entities in its report including the Town's four fire districts (Harrisville, Nasonville, Oakland-Mapleville and Pascoag), the Harrisville Water District and the Pascoag Utility District. These entities are legally separate but did not meet the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 34. The Town also reviewed the Burrillville Redevelopment Agency and determined that the agency met the criteria to be disclosed as a discretely presented component unit.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the Town establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other money. The Town's two kinds of funds - *governmental* and *proprietary* – utilize different accounting approaches.

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

• Governmental Funds — The majority of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method identified as the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted into cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. By comparing information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide statements, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. The relationships or differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are detailed in a reconciliation following the fund financial statements.

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The Town of Burrillville maintains numerous individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, and the School District, both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the individual governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated nonmajor fund presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

• <u>Proprietary Funds</u> – The Town charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units within the Town. These services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the Town's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are identical to the business-type activities that are reported in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

The Town of Burrillville maintains four individual enterprise funds. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer, school cafeteria, Levy Rink and extended day care facilities. The funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements - only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sewer, school cafeteria, Levy Rink and day care activities.

The Town as Trustee - Reporting the Town's Fiduciary Responsibilities

• <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - The Town is the trustee, or fiduciary, for a number of different activities including student activity and scholarship programs. All of the Town's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets and Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets. The activities of these funds are excluded from the Town's government-wide financial statements because the Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Town is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other Information

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In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Town's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to the employees and budgetary comparative information for the Town general fund and the School District general fund.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The Town's Overall Operations

As mentioned previously, the Town of Burrillville has prepared the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008 financials in a format prescribed by the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement 34 (GASB 34). This is the sixth year that the format has been used.

June 30, 2008

The Town's combined net assets were \$68.0 million in 2008. Analyzing the net assets and net expenses of governmental and business-type activities separately, the governmental activities are \$40.6 million and the business-type activities net assets are \$27.4 million in 2008. This analysis focuses on the net assets (Table 1), changes in net assets - activities (Table 2), and changes in general revenues and significant expenses of the Town's governmental, and business-type activities.

June 30, 2007

The Town's combined net assets were \$65.2 million in 2007. Analyzing the net assets and net expenses of governmental and business-type activities separately, the governmental activities are \$40.6 million and the business-type activities net assets are \$24.6 million in 2007. This analysis focuses on the net assets (Table 1), changes in net assets - activities (Table 2), and changes in general revenues and significant expenses of the Town's governmental, and business-type activities.

By far the largest portion of the Town's net assets (84.9 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Town of Burrillville Statement of Net Assets - Primary Government Year Ended June 30

	Governmental Busines Activities Activ		* 1		<u>'otal</u>	
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$18,461,755 _66,796,260 _85,258,015	\$21,908,447 60,713,905 82,622,352	\$ 3,877,056 23,882,433 27,759,489	\$ 2,727,113 22,032,969 24,760,082	\$ 22,338,811 90,678,693 113,017,504	\$24,635,560 <u>82,746,874</u> <u>107,382,434</u>
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	10,073,973 34,627,458 44,701,431	9,800,299 32,200,530 42,000,829	261,705 51,014 312,719	132,926 57,823 190,749	10,335,678 34,678,472 45,014,150	9,933,225 32,258,353 42,191,578
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	42,831,767	33,748,145	14,900,077	22,032,969	57,731,844	55,781,114
Restricted Unrestricted	490,529 (2,765,712)	106,568 <u>6,766,810</u>	12,546,693	2,536,364	490,529 <u>9,780,981</u>	106,568 9,303,174
Total net assets	\$40,556,584	\$40,621,523	<u>\$27,446,770</u>	<u>\$24,569,333</u>	<u>\$68,003,354</u>	<u>\$65,190,856</u>

The decrease in current and other assets of approximately \$3.4 million is due primarily to a decrease in General Fund cash and cash equivalents of \$3.3 million. This decrease was the result of the completion of several major capital projects. The increase in capital assets of \$6.1 million is primarily the result of the renovation of the Levy Rink and the construction/renovation of Callahan Elementary School. The increase in noncurrent liabilities of \$2.4 million is primarily the result of the accrual of closure and post-closure future capping costs associated with the Whipple Avenue landfill.

The net assets in Business-type activities increased by \$2.9 million primarily due to additional costs for constructing sewer lines (\$2.1 million) and additional receivables (\$0.7 million) associated with the assessment of new sewer lines that were brought into service.

Town of Burrillville Statement of Activities - Primary Government Year Ended June 30

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		Business-type <u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>	
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
Revenues:						
Program Revenues: Charges for services Operating grants and	\$ 1,467,782	\$ 1,456,317	\$ 3,743,860	\$ 2,954,488	\$ 5,211,642	\$ 4,410,805
contributions Capital grants and	16,803,743	18,268,107	333,980	277,226	17,137,723	18,545,333
Contributions	2,842,227	1,153,972			2,842,227	1,153,972
General revenues: Property Taxes State Revenue Sharing Transfers	27,883,350 936,763 (2,152,228)	26,766,380 966,898 (2,934,425)	2,152,228	2,934,425	27,883,350 936,763	26,766,380 966,898
Unrestricted Investment	480,206	886,814	75,560	69,841	555,766	956,655
Total Revenues	48,261,843	46,564,063	6,305,628	6,235,980	54,567,471	52,800,043
Expenses: General government Public safety Public works Education Parks and recreation Libraries Community developmen Other Interest on long-term det	1,553,844	3,179,437 2,450,317 1,857,393 29,403,540 454,032 406,832 128,780 3,223,662 1,172,555			4,028,881 3,305,109 6,521,874 30,377,367 672,229 486,987 83,463 1,553,844 1,297,028	3,179,437 2,450,317 1,857,393 29,403,540 454,032 406,832 128,780 3,223,662 1,172,555
Sewer Authority School Cafeteria Levy Rink Extended Day Care Total expenses	48,326,782	42,276,548	1,697,219 935,438 369,511 426,023 3,428,191	1,682,383 877,141 292,428 416,946 3,268,898	1,697,219 935,438 369,511 426,023 51,754,973	1,682,383 877,141 292,428 416,946 45,545,446
Increase (decrease) in net assets	(64,939)	4,287,515	2,877,437	2,967,082	2,812,498	7,254,597
Net Assets, July 1	40,621,523	36,334,008	24,569,333	21,602,251	65,190,856	57,936,259
Net Assets, June 30	\$40,556,584	\$40,621,523	<u>\$27,446,770</u>	\$24,569,33 <u>3</u>	\$68,003,354	\$65,190,856

The increase in revenues of \$1.7 million is primarily the result of an increase of property taxes of \$1.1 million and a decrease in transfers out of \$0.8 million. The property tax increase is due to an increase in the tax levy. The decrease in transfers out is primarily due to a decrease in the transfer out from the Town General Fund to the Sewer Enterprise fund.

The increase in expenses of \$6.1 million are primarily due to an increase in Public Works of \$4.7 million, of which \$3.9 million related to the closure and postclosure landfill costs. Other expenses decreased by \$1.7 million due to the reallocation of employee benefits to their respective departments for fiscal year 2008.

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The majority of the increase in Business-type activity revenue (\$0.8 million) relates to the additional assessments associated with new wastewater treatment lines that were put into service. Expenses for Business-type activities increased moderately from 2007 to 2008.

Review of Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

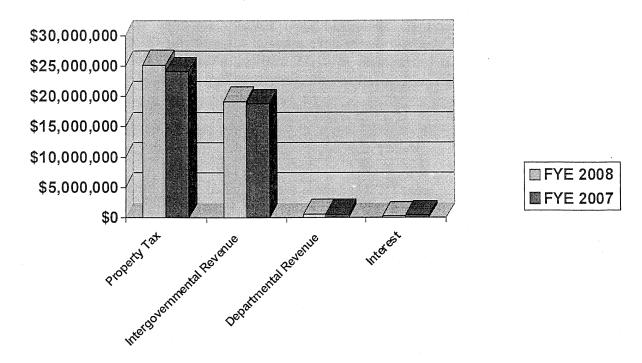
The General Fund is the primary fund through which the majority of the Town's revenues and expenditures flow. The Town finished the year within the limits established by the adopted budget. The Town carefully monitors its expenditures and eliminates all but the most necessary. When savings are incurred in a given area, every effort is made to avoid unnecessary spending so that those savings can be returned to the General Fund. During FYE 2008, there were thirteen [13] supplementary budget amendments to the General Fund in the amount of \$5.95 million, which primarily pertained to various capital improvements.

A comparative breakdown of revenues and expenditures associated with the General Fund on a budgetary basis for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2008 and 2007 is listed below. This information is provided for general purposes only.

The Town's general revenues increased when compared to the prior year by 2.91% or \$1,275,088.

Revenues	FYE 2008	<u>FYE 2007</u>	% Change	\$ Change
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$25,130,561	\$24,081,205	4.36%	\$1,049,356
Intergovernmental Revenue	19,168,024	18,772,874	2.10%	395,150
Departmental Revenue	604,142	647,672	(6.72)%	(43,530)
Interest Income	261,858	387,746	(32.47%)	(125,888)
Total Revenues	\$45,164,585	<u>\$43,889,497</u>	<u>2.91%</u>	\$1,275,088

REVENUES



June 30, 2008

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Actual revenues were \$180,979 more than budgeted. The primary reasons for the favorable revenue variance were:

- First, the Town exceeded its budget expectations in relation to the collection of property taxes. This was primarily due to an increase in tax collections over budgeted projections that totaled \$295,250 which includes tax revenue of \$287,677. The Town collected approximately 98.2% of the fiscal year 2008 tax levy.
- Second, the Town's intergovernmental revenue was short of budget by \$27,921. This year represents the ninth year of funding under the State's motor vehicle phase out program. Due to State budget issues, the State withheld \$109,168 in General Revenue Sharing and Medicaid Revenue was \$65,771 less than anticipated. These short falls were partially offset by increased construction aid of \$180,017 and distressed community aid of \$34,592.
- Third, interest income was under budget in the amount of \$19,142. The decrease is primarily attributed to the continued decline in interest rates.
- Fourth, there was a decline in departmental revenue and licenses, permits and fees in the amount of \$67,208 which was primarily attributed to a decline associated with licenses and fees (\$138,053), offset by an increase in services/assessments.

A comparison of actual expenditures incurred during FYE 2008 reveals that the Town expenses were \$1,769,127 less than the amount appropriated. This was achieved by limiting expenditures to essential services only. A significant portion of this amount relates to capital improvement activities. Of this amount, \$1,554,565 of capital improvements related to general administration, police, school, public works, and recreation, of which \$1,530,441 has been deferred and re-appropriated for FYE June 30, 2009.

The most significant governmental expense for the municipality during 2008 was in providing for public safety, which incurred expenses of \$2.41 million. The major components of public safety are police and animal control. Other significant governmental expenses for the municipality include public works at \$1.29 million; general government at \$1.51 million, which includes all administrative offices; general services (\$1.29 million) such as refuse collection/recycling; debt at \$4.96 million, and insurance/benefits at \$1.97 million.

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June 30, 2007

Actual revenues were \$520,158 more than budgeted. The primary reasons for the favorable revenue variance were:

- First, the Town exceeded its budget expectations in relation to the collection of property taxes. There was an increase in tax collections and interest on delinquent taxes over budgeted projections that totaled \$165,601 which includes tax revenue of \$120,125. The Town collected approximately 97.78% of the fiscal year 2007 tax levy.
- Second, the Town received additional intergovernmental revenue totaling \$144,489, which included additional funding from motor vehicle phase out (\$32,472) and group home aid (\$75,000). This year represents the eighth year of funding under the State's motor vehicle phase out program.
- Third, additional interest income in the amount of \$215,746 was received. The increase is primarily attributed to the continued increase in interest rates after a prolonged period where rates were stagnant.
- Offsetting these increases was a decline in departmental revenue in the amount of \$5,678 which was primarily attributed to a decline in licenses and fees (\$73,686).

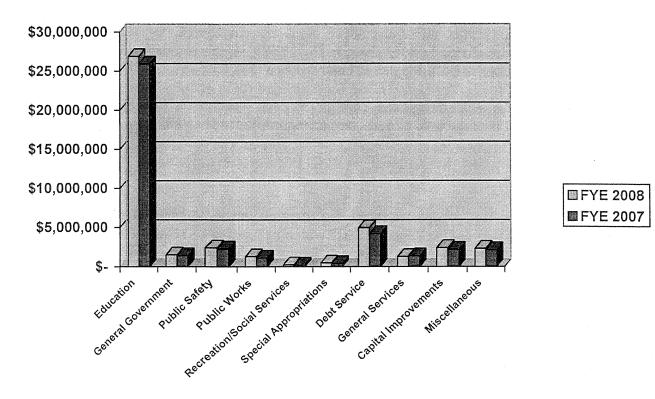
A comparison of actual expenditures incurred during FYE 2007 reveals that the Town expenses were \$2,980,239 less than the amount appropriated. This was achieved by limiting expenditures to essential services only. A significant portion of this amount relates to capital improvement activities. Of this amount, \$2,068,681 of capital improvements related to general administration, school, public works, and recreation, which have been deferred and re-appropriated for FYE June 30, 2008.

The most significant governmental expense for the municipality during 2007 was in providing for public safety, which incurred expenses of \$2.28 million. The major components of public safety are police and animal control. Other significant governmental expenses for the municipality include public works at \$1.11 million; general government at \$1.41 million, which includes all administrative offices; general services (\$1.37 million) such as refuse collection/recycling; debt at \$4.19 million, and insurance/benefits at \$1.92 million.

	FYE 2008	FYE 2007	% Chg	\$ Chg
Expenditures				
Education	\$26,876,123	\$25,937,484	3.62%	\$ 938,639
General Government	1,507,506	1,409,087	7.20%	98,419
Public Safety	2,411,333	2,280,499	5.74%	130,834
Public Works	1,287,046	1,105,007	16.47%	182,039
Recreation & Social Services	233,360	216,127	7.97%	17,233
Special Appropriations	475,570	399,048	19.18%	76,522
Debt Services	4,964,412	4,191,346	18.44%	773,066
General Services	1,287,508	1,366,809	(5.80)%	(79,301)
Capital Improvements	2,408,193	2,186,309	10.1%	221,884
Miscellaneous	2,314,596	2,134,877	8.4%	179,719
Misconaricous	2,014,000	2,101,011	3.170	110,710
Other Financing (Sources) Uses-				
Transfer from Fund Balance	(4,050,517)	(3,252,545)	(24.53)%	(797,972)
Proceeds from Bond Issuance	(2,108,229)	(2,937,425)	(28.23)%	829,196
Refunding Bond Proceeds	(2,100,220)	(2,090,000)	100.00%	2,090,000
Premium on Bond Issuance		(33,773)	100.00%	33,773
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow		2,079,525	(100.00)%	(2,079,525)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	(150,000)	2,070,020	(100.00)70	(150,000)
Transfers In	(2,195,395)	(524,676)	(318.43)%	(1,670,719)
Transfer In/Out-Capital Projects	3,990,773	1,093,816	264.85%	2,896,957
Transfer Out- Wastewater Treatment	2,108,229	2,890,425	27.06%	(782,196)
Transfer Out- Special Revenue	1,732,576	1,855,691	6:63%	(123,115)
Transier Out- opecial Nevenue	1,702,070	1,000,001	0.0070	(120,110)
Total Expenditures (Net of Transfers)	\$43,093,084	\$40,307,631	6.91%	\$2,785,453
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures- Budgetary Basis	\$ 2,071,501	\$ 3,581,866	(42.17)%	(\$1,510,365)

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EXPENDITURES



The Town has continued its aggressive tax collection position, which was implemented several years ago. This again has resulted in the current year collections for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 being greater than anticipated. A 96.5% collection rate was budgeted for FYE 2008 and 98.2% was actually collected. The collection rate used for budgeting purposes was based upon historical collection data.

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June 30, 2008

The net effect of operations as described above on the budgetary basis reveals that the Town completed fiscal year ending June 30, 2008 with a net excess of revenues over expenditures in the amount of \$2,071,501. Note that this amount included as revenue the budgeted amount of \$4,050,517 from the Unreserved, Undesignated Fund Balance. When this is factored out, there is actually a net decrease to fund balance associated with the excess of expenditures over revenues of \$1,979,016.

The Town's fund balance has decreased to \$7,396,572. The Town's fund balance is broken down into the following components and comprised of cash or other assets that will eventually be converted into cash such as receivables and equities:

- 1. An amount (\$453,941) attributed to tax sale property that was not bid on at public auction. The Town has subsequently acquired tax deeds over the years to protect its interest in those properties that have outstanding taxes/sewer assessments due.
- 2. An amount (\$217,973) reserved for amounts not due within one year. This amount relates to a Levy Rink loan given to the School Department as well as amounts due from Burrillville Redevelopment Agency, and Route 107.
- 3. An amount (\$1,530,441) already re-appropriated for use in fiscal year ending June 30, 2009. This is approximately \$538,131 less than the amount recorded at the end of fiscal year 2008.
- 4. Finally after all of the above items are considered, the value of the Town's Unreserved, Undesignated Fund Balance is \$5,118,585, which is a decrease of \$1,667,050 over last year's Unreserved, Undesignated Fund Balance (\$6,785,635).

This leaves an Undesignated, Unreserved Fund Balance on June 30, 2008 of \$5,118,585, which is approximately 11% of the total budget currently appropriated for FYE June 30, 2009 (\$46,190,589).

June 30, 2007

The net effect of operations as described above on the budgetary basis reveals that the Town completed fiscal year ending June 30, 2007 with a net excess of revenues over expenditures in the amount of \$3,581,866. Note that this amount included as revenue the budgeted amount of \$3,252,545 from the Unreserved, Undesignated Fund Balance. When this is factored out, there is actually a net increase to fund balance associated with the excess of revenues over expenditures of \$329,321.

The Town's fund balance has increased from \$9,046,267 to \$9,375,588 (net \$329,321). The Town's fund balance is broken down into the following components and comprised of cash or other assets that will eventually be converted into cash such as receivables and equities:

- 1. An amount (\$444,716) attributed to tax sale property that was not bid on at public auction. The Town has subsequently acquired tax deeds over the years to protect its interest in those properties that have outstanding taxes/sewer assessments due.
- 2. An amount (\$76,665) reserved for amounts not due within one year. This amount relates to a Levy Rink loan given to the School Department.
- 3. An amount (\$2,068,572) already re-appropriated for use in fiscal year ending June 30, 2008. This is approximately \$364,771 less than the amount recorded at the end of fiscal year 2006.
- 4. Finally after all of the above items are considered, the value of the Town's Unreserved, Undesignated Fund Balance is \$6,785,635, which is an increase of \$1,997,258 over last year's Unreserved, Undesignated Fund Balance (\$4,788,377).

This leaves an Undesignated, Unreserved Fund Balance on June 30, 2007 of \$6,785,635, which is approximately 14.7% of the total budget currently appropriated for FYE June 30, 2008 (\$46,006,606).

School District

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June 30, 2008

The School District had revenues for the year ended June 30, 2008 of \$14.1 million. This was derived from \$12.7 million of intergovernmental revenues and \$1.4 million of other revenues. In addition to general operating revenues, the School District also received \$13.5 million of other financing sources in the form of transfers in from the General Fund.

Expenditures for the School District totaled \$28.1 million. This entire amount represents expenditures related to education.

The excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses was \$.25 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008.

June 30, 2007

The School District had revenues for the year ended June 30, 2007 of \$14.1 million. This was derived from \$12.7 million of intergovernmental revenues and \$1.3 million of other revenues. In addition to general operating revenues, the School District also received \$14.3 million of other financing sources in the form of transfers in from the General Fund.

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Expenditures for the School District totaled \$28.1 million. This entire amount represents expenditures related to education.

The excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses was \$.25 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

Library Building

June 30, 2008

The Library Building Fund had revenues for 2008 of \$.43 million which was primarily derived from grants and donations. Expenditures for the library project totaled \$3.5 million. These expenditures represented the final costs associated with constructing and furnishing of the new library which opened in April 2008.

June 30, 2007

The Library Building Fund had revenues for 2007 of \$.7 million which was primarily derived from grants and donations. Expenditures for the library project totaled \$5.5 million. These expenditures represented the costs associated with constructing and furnishing the new library.

Business-type Activities

Proprietary Activities

June 30, 2008

Revenues of the Town's business-type activities, including transfers of \$2.2 million, were \$6.3 million for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008. Expenses for the Town's business-type activities were \$3.4 million for the year, resulting in an increase in net assets of \$2.9 million. The increase in net assets was the result of several factors, including the following:

- The Town's sewer system recorded charges for services of \$2.4 million, transfers of \$2.1 million, and expenses of \$1.7 million resulting in an increase in net assets of \$2.9 million.
- The other nonmajor enterprise funds recorded charges for services of \$1.3 million, other revenues of \$0.3 million and expenses of \$1.7 million resulting in a decrease in net assets of \$34,126.

June 30, 2007

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Revenues of the Town's business-type activities, including transfers of \$2.9 million, were \$6.2 million for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007. Expenses for the Town's business-type activities were \$3.3 million for the year, resulting in an increase in net assets of \$2.9 million. The increase in net assets was the result of several factors, including the following:

- The Town's sewer system recorded charges for services of \$1.7 million, transfers of \$2.9 million, and expenses of \$1.7 million resulting in an increase in net assets of \$2.9 million.
- The other nonmajor enterprise funds recorded charges for services of \$1.3 million, other revenues of \$0.3 million and expenses of \$1.6 million resulting in an increase in net assets of \$34,876.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Project Funds

The Town had several active capital projects in fiscal year end June 30, 2008.

Completed capital projects included the Rink, Pascoag Main Street, Football Field, and Computer Acquisition funds.

Some projects are continuing to carry residual balances including Route 102, Branch River/Hauser Fields, Levy Rink, Callahan Renovation, Library, Route 107, and the School Administration Building.

Active capital projects carried over from the prior year include the Annex, Rail Trail and the extension of sewer lines to the eastern villages. Additionally, the Town maintains revolving funds for the purpose of addressing Unfunded Liability/Incentive Pay, Open Space Land Acquisition, Debt Reduction, and Major Capital projects.

Capital Assets

At the end of the fiscal year 2008, the Town had \$90.7 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including police and public work equipment, buildings, park facilities, roads, bridges, and sewer lines. (See Table 3 below.) This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$7.9 million or 9.6% over the prior fiscal year's net assets.

The presentation below lists the major categories of capital assets for governmental and business type activities. Infrastructure assets, which are assets that can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than most capital assets and are typically stationary in nature such as streets, sidewalks, curbing and bridges, are subject to different rules under the GASB 34 standards.

Note that this is the seventh year that Burrillville reports fixed assets in its financials in accordance with GASB 34. The retroactive reporting of pre-GASB-34 infrastructure, roads, bridges, etc. has been completed in this fiscal year as required.

Table 3

Capital Assets - Primary Government June 30

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	Governme <u>Activiti</u>		Business <u>Activit</u>	* 1	<u>Tota</u>	a <u>l</u>
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
Land Construction in progress Leasehold improvements Collection systems Buildings and	\$ 2,474,022 9,470,412	\$ 2,474,022 16,843,444	\$ 382,443 5,158,097 34,398 27,832,489	\$ 382,443 6,386,450 30,973 24,285,932	\$ 2,856,465 14,628,509 34,398 27,832,489	\$ 2,856,465 23,229,894 30,973 24,285,932
improvements Equipment Vehicles Furniture Infrastructure	58,653,477 600,933 2,978,025 12,921,377	45,187,656 516,223 2,831,643 11,046,039	7,973,885 163,555 112,627 499,747	7,973,885 163,555 112,627 487,264	66,627,362 764,488 3,090,652 499,747 12,921,377	53,161,541 679,778 2,944,270 487,264 11,046,039
Total Assets	87,098,246	78,899,027	42,157,241	39,823,129	129,255,487	118,722,156
Less accumulated depreciation	(20,301,986)	(18,185,122)	(18,274,808)	(17,790,160)	(38,576,794)	(35,975,282)
Totals	<u>\$66,796,260</u>	<u>\$60,713,905</u>	<u>\$23,882,433</u>	\$22,032,969	\$90,678,693	\$82,746,874

This year's major capital expenditures included:

- Completion of construction and road/sidewalk improvements (Angell Road, East Wallum Lake, Tinkham, Douglas Turnpike, Town Farm Road, Lakeview Terrace, Oak, Maple, Walnut Hill).
- Construction of the Gazza Bridge.
- Completion of the high school football field, Callahan Elementary School, and library
- Acquisition of various equipment including DPW trucks and police vehicles.
- The School Department had funding (\$450,000) allocated towards various building and equipment needs.

The 2009 Capital Budget has been adopted and while individual projects are subject to change the 2009 capital budget calls for spending of approximately \$2.46 million for capital projects, principally in these major categories: economic development, libraries, parks and recreation, schools, and street improvements.

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 7.

Debt Administration

June 30, 2008

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The total outstanding long-term bonded debt on June 30, 2008 was \$32,946,849 which represents a net decrease of 3.87% (\$1,325,038) from June 30, 2007 (\$34,271,887). This decrease was primarily the net effect of annual debt payments (\$3,701,267) on outstanding issues offset by additional drawdowns (\$2,108,229) from RICWFA for new sewer construction.

June 30, 2007

The total outstanding long-term bonded debt on June 30, 2007 was \$34,271,887 which represents a net increase of 17.6% (\$5,129,649) from June 30, 2006 (\$29,142,238). This increase was primarily the net effect of annual debt payments (\$2,893,512) on outstanding issues offset by the issuance of a \$5,400,000 general obligation bond and additional drawdowns (\$2,537,425) from RICWFA for new sewer construction.

Table 4

Long Term Debt
June 30
Governmental
Activities

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
General Obligation Bonds Compensated Absences	\$32,946,849 1,182,136	\$34,271,887 1,308,008
Landfill Post-Closure Costs	4,290,000	420,000
Totals	<u>\$38,418,985</u>	<u>\$35,999,895</u>

The Town does have overlapping debt totaling \$2,638,943, which is associated with long-term obligations incurred by three (3) Fire Districts. There is no legal obligation incurred by the Town on these debts. These Fire District debts are assessed against the same property that is being assessed by the Town.

Below is a comparison of various long-term bonded debt ratios for June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007. Note that Loans Payable and Bond Anticipation Notes (BANS) are not incorporated in these calculations.

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	Various Debt R	atios	
	6/30/08		6/30/07
Total Outstanding Long-Term Bonded Debt	\$ 32,792,356		\$ 34,111,127
Debt per Capita - 2000 Census (15,795) (State Average \$ 880)	\$ 2,076		\$ 2,160
Net Assessed Values	\$1,622,903,045		\$1,370,126,488
Debt to Net Assessed Values	2.02%		2.49%
Tax Rate per \$ 1,000 Split Rate (RE & MV)	\$40.00 11.60		\$40.00 13.15
Portion of Tax Rate Funding Debt - Percent of Tax Dollar	11.55%		15.26%
Credit Ratings - Fitch's Investor's Service Moody's Rating Agency	AA- A1		AA- A1

The Town received a rating upgrade by both Fitch's Investor's Service (from A to A+) and Moody's Rating Agency (from A2 to A1) in 2000. Subsequently the Town's A+ credit rating with Moody's Rating Agency was reaffirmed and upgraded by Fitch's Investor's Service to AA- in 2006. Fitch Investor's Service again reaffirmed the AA- rating in 2008.

Historically the Town has utilized a significant amount of its Unreserved, Undesignated Fund Balance as an interim source of revenue for capital projects and other one time expenditures. For many years this has allowed the Town to avoid borrowing in anticipation of taxes. As of FYE 1994, the Town returned to its reserve policy objective relative to maintaining an unreserved undesignated fund balance that was the greater of either (1) 12% fund balance or (2) one year's annual debt payment. With the results of this year's operations, the Town at 11% is slightly below its minimal goal of maintaining a sufficient undesignated, unreserved fund balance. It is anticipated that this margin will be corrected in fiscal year 2009. Maintenance of this minimal balance will continue to be a priority as part of the overall process involved with improving our financial operations.

Bond rating companies look at four main factors when determining the credit worthiness of a municipal offering. The four factors are 1) debt, 2) economics, 3) fiscal, and 4) administrative. The Town has little control over its demographics and no control over the region's economy. The Town cannot control the fact that its median income is low or that it relies primarily on a residential tax base.

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note 8.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Town's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2009 budget, tax rates, and fees that will be charged for the business-type activities.

One of these factors is the economy. Some basic economic information regarding the Town of Burrillville is as follows:

- The unemployment rate for the Town of Burrillville is 5.5 percent. This compares to the State's average unemployment rate of 5.77 percent and the national average of 4.95 percent.
- According to the Tax Assessor, the average 2008 single family home in Burrillville is valued for assessment purposes at \$287,886, the average commercial property is valued at \$472,794; and the average industrial property is valued at \$848,032.
- The bond market remains favorable with its continued low interest rates and demand for municipal tax exempt debt which will provide a strong market for potential Town debt issues.
- Per capita income and median family income compares as follow:

Per Capita	Median Family
\$ 21,096	\$ 52,587
21,688	52,781
21,587	50,046
	\$ 21,096 21,688

A number of factors were considered when the Town's budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009 was being prepared including the following:

- The School operating costs increased from \$27,208,976 to \$27,637,000 or 2.27%. The net dollar increase is \$428,024.
- Certain employment costs including health insurance and worker's compensation continued to rise significantly requiring reevaluation of those programs.
- Continuation of the Town's capital improvement program, which includes significant infrastructure upgrades. Note that, as in the past, the Town's CIP Budget does not include any reliance on the current year tax levy.
- The General Fund's largest single revenue source is property taxes State revenue is second. The Town's tax rate increased from \$11.60 to \$11.85 per \$1,000 valuation for fiscal year ending 2009. This increase in the tax rate is primarily associated with the increased cost associated with the new library, utilities and personnel.
- Of this tax rate (\$11.85), 15.48% is utilized for General Fund activities and 72.97% is used for School Operations. The remaining 11.55% is used for debt service.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates (Continued)

• Stated another way, 76.38% is allocated toward School Operations and Debt; 17.64% is allocated towards Municipal Operations and Debt; and 5.98% is allocated towards Wastewater Treatment Debt.

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• The General Fund's portion of property tax revenue for FY 2009 is estimated to be \$21.1 million.

Requests for Information

Contacting the Town's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, at the Town of Burrillville, 105 Harrisville Main Street, Harrisville, RI 02830.

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2008

	F	Primary Governmen	t	*****	ponent Unit
	GovernmentalActivities	Business-type Activities	Total	Rede	urrillville evelopment Agency
ASSETS:					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,716,196	\$ 3,030,748	\$ 17,746,944	\$	18,878
Receivables:					
Taxes, net	626,412		626,412		
Sewer assessments and user fees, net		646,270	646,270		
Other	531,059	32,949	564,008		100,000
Town-held tax liens	453,941		453,941		
Due from:	•				
Primary government					518,342
Other governments	611,617	25,450	637,067		,
Component unit	150,000		150,000		
Internal balances	714,651	(714,651)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Other assets	295,581	(,,	295,581		
Inventory	200,00	15,602	15,602		
Land held for resale		, 0,002	10,002		150,000
Total current assets	18,099,457	3,036,368	21,135,825	·	787,220
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets:					
Non-depreciable	11,944,434	5,540,540	17,484,974		75,000
Depreciable, net	54,851,826	18,341,893	73,193,719		,
Sewer assessment fees	•	840,688	840,688		•
Bond issuance costs, net	362,298	,	362,298		
Total noncurrent assets	67,158,558	24,723,121	91,881,679	***************************************	75,000
	***************************************		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
TOTAL ASSETS	85,258,015	27,759,489	113,017,504		862,220
LIABILITIES:					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	1,348,932	205,126	1,554,058		5,459
Accrued payroll	2,965,127	10,830	2,975,957		•
Accrued interest	365,804	2,300	368,104		
Retainage payable	·	5,861	5,861		
Due to:		·	•		
Primary government					30,000
Other governments	120	4,630	4,750		,
Component unit	518,342	.,000	518,342		
Current portion of long-term debt	3,791,527	13,400	3,804,927		
Unearned revenue	982,510	19,558	1,002,068		100,000
Other liabilities	101,611	10,000	101,611		100,000
Total current liabilities	10,073,973	261,705	10,335,678		135,459
י טנפו טעוו פווג וומטווונופט	10,013,813	201,700	10,333,070		133,439

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2008

	F	rimary Governmen	t		ponent Unit urrillville
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Red	evelopment Agency
Noncurrent liabilities:					120,000
Due to primary government, net Long-term debt, net	34,627,458	51,014	34,678,472		120,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	34,627,458	51,014	34,678,472		120,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	44,701,431	312,719	45,014,150		255,459
NET ASSETS:					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	42,831,767	14,900,077	57,731,844		75,000
Restricted for endowments:			0.4.500		
Expendable	84,529		84,529		
Nonexpendable	406,000		406,000		501 701
Unrestricted	(2,765,712)	12,546,693	9,780,981		531,761
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 40,556,584	\$ 27,446,770	\$ 68,003,354	\$	606,761

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TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE, RHODE ISLAND

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

					Net (F	Net (Expense) Revenue and	pue	
		_	Program Revenues	(0	- ਹ	Changes in Net Assets	ets	Component Unit
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		Burrillville Redevelopment
Functions/Programs:	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Agency
Primary Government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 4,028,881	\$ 516,877	\$ 522,382	\$ 19,062	\$ (2,970,560)		\$ (2,970,560)	
Public safety	3,305,109	176,930	19,242	34,293	(3,074,644)		(3,074,644)	
Public works	6,521,874				(6,521,874)		(6,521,874)	
Education	30,377,367	384,706	16,153,862	2,252,682	(11,586,117)		(11,586,117)	
Recreation and social services	672,229	144,593	7,650	43,055	(476,931)		(476,931)	
Libraries	486,987		79,855	425,548	18,416		18,416	
Community development	83,463	25.868	17,752	67,587	27.744		27.744	
Other	1 553 844	218 808	3 000	-	(1.332,036)		(1.332,036)	
Interest on long-term debt	1 297 028	1			(1 297 028)		(1,297,028)	
Total governmental activities	48,326,782	1,467,782	16,803,743	2,842,227	(27,213,030)		(27,213,030)	
Rusiness-tyne activities								
Sawar Authority	1 697 219	2 137 515				3 740 296	740 296	
Och cel Cofetain	617,160,1	670,404,7	000 000			-	(700 70)	
School Caleteria	955,438	070,401	328,000			(70,72)	(21,031)	
Levy Kink	369,511	2/4,656				(94,855)	(94,800)	
Extended Day Care	426,023	453,228	4,100			31,305	31,305	
Total business-type activities	3,428,191	3,743,860	333,980	0	0	649,649	649,649	
Total primary government	\$ 51,754,973	\$ 5,211,642	\$ 17,137,723	\$ 2,842,227	(27,213,030)	649,649	(26,563,381)	
Component Unit:								
Burrillville Redevelopment Agency	\$ 60,692	0 \$	0	\$				\$ (60,692)
					ı			
	General revenues:	<i>16</i>					000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	Property taxes				27,883,350		27,883,350	
	State revenue sharing	haring			930,703	75 560	930,703	12 061
	Unrestricted investment earr	Unrestricted Investment earnings in on sale of canifal asset			400,200	000'07	007,000	189,000
	Transfers	abana accor			(2,152,228)	2,152,228		-
	Total general	Total general revenues and transfers	ınsfers		27,148,091	2,227,788	29,375,879	201,061
	Change in net assets	ssets			(64,939)	2,877,437	2,812,498	140,369
		4			40.004	24 560 222	6E 100 9EG	766 302
	Net Assets - beginning of year Net Assets - end of year	inning oi year of year			\$ 40,556,584	\$ 27,446,770	\$ 68,003,354	\$ 606,761

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	General Fund	School	Library Building	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,135,036	\$ 205,161		\$ 6,375,999	\$ 14,716,196
Receivables: Taxes, net Other	626,412 46,157	3,090	\$ 382,500	99,312	626,412 531,059
Town-held tax liens Prepaid expenditures	453,941 75,632	199,877		20,072	455,941 295,581
Due from: Other funds	2,990,110	3,415,927		1,318,374	7,724,411
Component unit Other governments TOTAL ASSETS	150,000 338,016 \$ 12,815,304	\$ 3,824,055	\$ 382,500	273,601 \$ 8,087,358	611,617 \$ 25,109,217
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:					
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and benefits	\$ 557,434 240,460	\$ 590,257 2,615,172	\$ 5,909	\$ 195,332 109,495	\$ 1,348,932 2,965,127
Due to: Other funds Component unit	3,520,892 518,342	84,174	2,108,816	1,295,878	7,009,760 518,342 120
Other governments Deferred revenues Other liabilities	486,952	7,391	382,500	592,619 6,959	1,469,462
TOTAL LIABILITIES	5,418,732	3,296,994	2,497,225	2,200,403	13,413,354

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TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE, RHODE ISLAND

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	General	School	Library	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	Fund	District	Building	Funds	Funds
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (Continued):					
FOND BALANCES: Reserved for Town-held tax liens	453,941				453.941
Reserved for amounts not due within one year	217,973				217,973
Reserved for prepaid expenditures	75,632	199,877			275,509
Reserved for encumbrances		53,613		2,000	55,613
Reserved for endowments				406,000	406,000
Reserved for perpetual care				84,529	84,529
Unreserved: designated for subsequent year	1,530,441				1,530,441
Unreserved, reported in:					
General fund	5,118,585				5,118,585
Special revenue funds		273,571		3,835,791	4,109,362
Capital project funds			(2,114,725)	1,558,635	(556,090)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	7,396,572	527,061	(2,114,725)	5,886,955	11,695,863
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 12,815,304	\$ 3,824,055	\$ 382,500	\$ 8,087,358	\$ 25,109,217

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2008

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets differ because:	
Total Fund Balances (B-1)	\$ 11,695,863
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	66,796,260
Long-term liabilities (including bond premium) are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(38,418,985)
Deferred revenues (net of an allowance for uncollectibles) are recorded in the funds, but are not deferred under the measurement focus employed in the Statement of Net Assets.	486,952
Accrued interest payable is recorded in governmental activities, but is not recorded in the funds.	(365,804)
Bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures in the Governmental Funds financial statements. The cost and related accumulated amortization is reflected as an other asset on the government wide financial statements.	362,298
on the government-wide financial statements.	 002,200
Total Net Assets (A-1)	\$ 40,556,584

(CONCLUDED)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

				Other	Total
	General Fund	School District	Library Building	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
REVENUES:					
General property taxes	\$ 25,130,561				\$ 25,130,561
Intergovernmental	6,440,123	\$ 12,727,901	\$ 67,000	\$ 2,689,854	21,924,878
Licenses, permits and fees	447,898				447,898
Investment income	261,858			218,348	480,206
Departmental	156,244				156,244
Other		199,877	358,548	611,100	1,169,525
intergoverinnental - pension contribution TOTAL REVENUES	32,436,684	14,064,883	425,548	3,519,302	50,446,417
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government	2 795 014			195,251	2,990,265
Octical government	2,155,514			18,434	2.429.767
Public works	1 287 046				1,287,046
Fducation		26.876.123		2,397,814	29,273,937
Recreation and social services	233.360			134,001	367,361
Libraries	401,200			85,787	486,987
Community development				83,463	83,463
Employee benefits and other	2,388,966				2,388,966
Intergovernmental - pension contribution		1,137,105			1,137,105
Debt Service:					i c
Principal	3,695,000				3,695,000
Interest and other costs	1,269,412				1,269,412
Capital:	1			7007	700
Capital outlay	2,408,193	51,436	3,473,692	3,139,763	9,073,084
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	16,889,524	28,064,664	3,473,692	6,054,513	54,482,393
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES			(1)	044)	(4 025 075)
BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	15,547,160	(13,999,781)	(3,048,144)	(117,686,2)	(4,000,910)

SEE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

				Other	Total
	General	School	Library	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	District	Building	Funds	Funds
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	0 108 220				2.108.229
Proceeds from bond issuance Proceeds from loan	6,100,229		268,000		268,000
Proceeds from sale of canital asset	150.000				150,000
Transfers in	2,195,395	14,297,099	96,500	5,634,538	22,223,532
Transfers out	(21,979,800)	(44,000)		(2,351,960)	(24,375,760)
NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(17,526,176)	14,253,099	364,500	3,282,578	374,001
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	(1,979,016)	253,318	(2,683,644)	747,367	(3,661,975)
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	9,375,588	273,743	568,919	5,139,588	15,357,838
OND TA POND IN THE POST OF THE	273 Apr 7 %	\$ 527 061	\$ (2.114.725)	\$ 5,886,955	\$ 11,695,863
FUND BALANCE AT END OF TEAR	1 0 0 0				

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RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (B-2) TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (A-2) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (B-2):	\$	(3,661,975)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation		
in the current period.		6,436,578
Governmental funds do not recognize gains or losses on the sale or disposal of capital assets. The statement of activities includes losses on the disposal of fixed assets during 2008.		(9,854)
On the Government-Wide financial statements, an adjustment was required to record capital assets at net realizable value.		(194,369)
Proceeds from the sale of a capital asset are recorded as revenue in the fund financial statements but not in the Government-Wide financial statements.		(150,000)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences.		1,325,038
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds. This amount is shown net of the allowance for uncollectible motor vehicle and tangible taxes.		(32,346)
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(3,744,128)
Adjustment to accrued interest payable related to general obligation bonds which is required to be recorded for government-wide financial statement presentation.		(8,321)
Bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures in the Governmental Funds financial statements. However, on the Government-Wide financial statements the bond issuance costs are amortized over the term of the bonds.	· ·	(25,562)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities (A-2)	\$	(64,939)

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	Sewer Authority	Non-major Enterprise Funds	Totals
ASSETS:	Maria and American State of the Control of the Cont		
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,199,229	\$ 831,519	\$ 3,030,748
Receivables, net		32,949	32,949
Sewer assessments and user fees, net	646,270		646,270
Due from:			
Other funds		11,897	11,897
Other governments		25,450	25,450
Inventory	4,565	11,037	15,602
Total current assets	2,850,064	912,852	3,762,916
Noncurrent assets:			
Sewer assessment fees	840,688		840,688
Net capital assets	23,665,056	217,377	23,882,433
Total noncurrent assets	24,505,744	217,377	24,723,121
TOTAL ASSETS	27,355,808	1,130,229	28,486,037
LIABILITIES:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	158,797	46,329	205,126
Accrued payroll	10,830		10,830
Accrued interest payable		2,300	2,300
Due to other funds		726,548	726,548
Due to other governments	4,630		4,630
Retainage payable	5,861		5,861
Deferred revenue		19,558	19,558
Accrued compensated absences	4,500	8,900	13,400
Total current liabilities	184,618	803,635	988,253
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Accrued compensated absences	40,382	10,632	51,014
Total noncurrent liabilities	40,382	10,632	51,014
TOTAL LIABILITIES	225,000	814,267	1,039,267
NET ASSETS:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	14,682,700	217,377	14,900,077
Unrestricted	12,448,108	98,585	12,546,693
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 27,130,808	\$ 315,962	\$ 27,446,770

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Sewer Authority	Non-major Enterprise Funds	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES:			
Charges for usage and service	\$ 2,397,489	\$ 1,306,345	\$ 3,703,834
Miscellaneous	40,026		40,026
Total operating revenues	2,437,515	1,306,345	3,743,860
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Operations	588,902	840,251	1,429,153
Personnel	648,130	863,960	1,512,090
Depreciation	460,187	24,461	484,648
Total operating expenses	1,697,219	1,728,672	3,425,891
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	740,296	(422,327)	317,969
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):			
Interest expense		(2,300)	(2,300)
Grants		4,100	4,100
Investment income	63,039	12,521	75,560
Intergovernmental		329,880	329,880
Net nonoperating revenues	63,039	344,201	407,240
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	803,335	(78,126)	725,209
TRANSFERS IN	2,108,228	44,000	2,152,228
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	2,911,563	(34,126)	2,877,437
TOTAL NET ASSETS - BEGINNING	24,219,245	350,088	24,569,333
TOTAL NET ASSETS - ENDING	\$ 27,130,808	\$ 315,962	\$ 27,446,770

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Sewer Authority		Non-major erprise Funds	general and district	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Cash received from customers	\$ 1,499,713		1,306,298	\$	2,806,011
Cash received from providing services	40,026		(000,000)	,	40,026
Cash paid to suppliers	(641,401	•	(803,902)		1,445,303)
Cash paid to employees	(641,377		(864,285)		1,505,662)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	256,961	<u></u>	(361,889)		(104,928)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Nonoperating grants received			353,464		353,464
Transfer from other funds			44,000		44,000
Increase in due from other funds			(10,179)		(10,179)
Increase in due to other governments	4,630)			4,630
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	(5,735	5)	211,823		206,088
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	(1,105	<u>(</u>)	599,108		598,003
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Acquisition of capital assets	(87,127	')	(15,907)		(103,034)
Interest expense			(3,183)		(3,183)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(87,127	")	(19,090)		(106,217)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest on investments Net cash provided by investing activities	63,039 63,039		12,521 12,521		75,560 75,560
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	231,768	3	230,650		462,418
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,967,46	1	600,869	who all will the last of	2,568,330
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 2,199,22	9 \$	831,519	\$	3,030,748
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 740,29	3 \$	(422,327)	\$	317,969
Adjustments to reconcile:					
Depreciation	460,18	7	24,461		484,648
Decrease in allowance for doubtful accounts			(1,485)		(1,485)
Increase in accounts receivable	(897,77	6)	(6,106)		(903,882)
Decrease in inventory			2,449		2,449
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(1,57		33,900		32,326
Increase in accrued payroll	1,83	7			1,837
Increase in deferred revenue			7,544		7,544
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences	4,91		(325)		4,591
Decrease in retainage payable	(50,92		(201 200)		(50,925)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 256,96	1 \$	(361,889)	\$	(104,928)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	Agency <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS:	Pupil Activity Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 205,172
Investments	3,242
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 208,414
LIABILITIES:	000 444
Deposits held in custody for others	\$ 208,414

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental entities. In certain circumstances, summaries of the Town's significant accounting policies have been presented throughout the notes to the basic financial statements in conjunction with other disclosures to which they relate.

The Town complies with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. Proprietary funds also apply the same principles. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note.

Reporting Entity

The Town of Burrillville was incorporated in 1806. The Town is governed under the 1989 Burrillville Home Rule Charter. The Town operates under a Town Council/Town Manager form of government with a seven-member Town Council headed by a Council President.

The Town Manager is appointed by the Council and serves as the chief executive officer over all municipal services.

A seven-member School committee, all elected at large, is vested with legislative authority over the public school system. The Superintendent of Schools, appointed by the School Committee, is the chief executive officer for the school system. The school system provides elementary and primary education to Town residents.

The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component unit. In evaluating the inclusion of other separate and distinct legal entities as component units within its financial reporting structure, the Town applied the criteria prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units." A component unit is a legally separate organization for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable or for which the nature and significance of its relationship with the primary government is such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Town's discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Town. Through the application of GASB Statement No. 39 and No. 14 criteria, the Burrillville Redevelopment Agency has been presented as a component unit of the Town, hereafter referred to as a "component unit", in the accompanying government-wide financial statements. The Burrillville Redevelopment Agency is included in the Town's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational and financial relationships with the Town.

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Reporting Entity (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit Disclosure - The following component unit is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Town but is included because the Town is financially accountable for and is able to impose its will on the organization. Unless otherwise indicated, the notes to the basic financial statements pertain only to the primary government because certain disclosures of the component unit are not significant relative to the primary government. A description of the component unit and its relationship with the Town is as follows:

Burrillville Redevelopment Agency (BRA) - The purpose of BRA is to encourage, direct, and regulate new development and redevelopment within Town districts, and to acquire and redevelop those areas, which the Agency determines cannot be redeveloped otherwise, in order to carry out the purposes of RIGL 1956 Chapter 45-31 to 45-33. The BRA is governed by a seven-member board, all of whom are appointed by the Town Council. The BRA does not issue separate financial statements and has a June 30 fiscal year.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

The Town implemented GASB Statement No. 50 - Pension Disclosures - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27 for the year ended June 30, 2008. The adoption of this statement did not have an impact on the Town's financial statements.

The Town will adopt the following new accounting pronouncements in future years:

- → GASB Statement No. 45 Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employees for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for the Town's fiscal year ending June 30, 2009.
- → GASB Statement No. 51 Accounting and Reporting for Intangible Assets, effective for the Town's fiscal year ending June 30, 2010.

The impact of these pronouncements on the Town's financial statements has not been determined.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, receivables and payables.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b) Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual, governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Town and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or administratively restricted to expenditures for certain purposes.

Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are used to account for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items.

Permanent Funds

Permanent Funds are used to account for assets held by the Town pursuant to a trust agreement. The principal portion of this fund must remain intact, but the earnings may be used to achieve the objectives of the fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. Operating revenues of the Proprietary Funds consist of customer/taxpayer charges for uses and services and certain other miscellaneous revenues. All other revenues of the Proprietary Funds are considered nonoperating sources of revenue.

Fiduciary Funds (Not included in government-wide statements)

Agency Funds

Agency Funds account for assets held by the Town in a purely custodial capacity. The reporting entity includes one agency fund. Since agency funds are custodial in nature (i.e. assets equal liabilities), they do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The agency fund is as follows:

Pupil Activity Funds

Fund

Major:

Proprietary:

Major and Non-Major Funds

The funds are further classified as major or non-major as follows:

General: See above for description

Special Revenue: Burrillville School District – This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the Burrillville Public Schools.

Capital Project: Library Building – This fund accounts for monies utilized in the construction of a new library.

Sewer Authority – This fund is used to account for the activities of the

Sewer Commission.

Brief Description

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Major and Non-Major Funds (Continued)

Non-Major:

Special Revenue:

School Restricted Grants, Other School Activities, Community Recreation, Town Clerk — Technology, Historical Records, Animal Shelter Donation Account, Library Grant, Violence Against Women, Byrne Grant, Spring Lake, Community Development Block Grant, Burrillville Tree Inventory, Unfunded Liability and Incentive Pay Fund, Recycling Program, Ocean State Power Funds, Narcotics Guidance Council, Police Grant — Operation Riptide, Police Task Force, Police Legislative Grant, Homeland Security, Health Care Contingency, Police Incentive Pay, Cops That Care, Bicentennial Committee,

Senior Center, and Debt Reduction.

Capital Projects:

Municipal Annex Renovation, Rail Trail Harrisville/Pascoag, Open Space/Land Acquisition, Callahan Renovation Project, Major Capital, Route 102, Branch River/Hauser Field, Levy Rink Renovations, Route 107, Pascoag Main St. Revitalization, School Administration Building, Library Building, High School Football Field, and Computer

Acquisition.

Permanent:

Cemetery Fund, Frank H. Potter Bridgeway Fund, Alice McGreevy

Thompson Fund, and Jesse M. Smith Memorial Library Fund.

Proprietary:

School Cafeteria Fund, Levy Rink, and Extended Day Care.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item (b) below, and utilize the accrual basis of accounting.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- (a) All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period. The Town considers property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Substantially all other revenue of the governmental funds is recognized utilizing the modified accrual method of accounting, and as such, it is recognized as earned.
- (b) The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of net income, financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.
- (c) Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

All proprietary funds and agency funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges to customers or applicants for licenses, fees, goods, services or privileges provided, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the proprietary fund's principal operation. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges for services provided in accordance with the fund's purpose. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the costs of providing the services, including administration and depreciation on capital assets. All other revenue and expense items not meeting these criteria are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Accounts Receivable

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based on historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. The allowance for uncollectible accounts totaled \$240,534 for property taxes. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include property taxes (35% of balance) and intergovernmental grants and aid (35% of balance). Business-type activities report usage and service fees as its major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as property taxes and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible receivables are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost. The Town's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, money market accounts, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Substantially, all of the Town's cash and cash equivalents are held in public deposit institutions or collateralized government investment pools, which are available on a daily basis.

Investments are stated at fair value. Investment income is recorded in the fund which it was earned.

Materials and Supplies

Inventories are maintained on a periodic system and are stated at cost (first-in, first-out method of inventory valuation). The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid Items

Prepaid items, where applicable, are accounted for under the allocation method whereby a prepaid asset is established at the date of payment and subsequently amortized over the accounting periods expected to benefit from the initial payment. Prepaids recorded in governmental funds do not reflect current appropriated resources, resulting in the reservation of fund balance.

Property, Plant, and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment

The accounting treatment over property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, long-lived assets are accounted for as capital assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The capitalization threshold is any individual item with a total cost of greater than \$10,000.

Prior to July 1, 2002, infrastructure assets were not capitalized. During fiscal year 2007, the Town conducted a detailed study of all infrastructure assets in order to have a complete inventory of its infrastructure assets and be in compliance with GASB Statement No. 34. As of June 30, 2007, the government-wide financial statements include all infrastructure assets in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34.

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property, Plant, and Equipment (Continued)

Government-Wide Statements (Continued)

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded, as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Classes	<u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings and improvements Plant Collection system Equipment Vehicles Leasehold improvements Infrastructure and land improvements	5 – 50 years 25 years 5 - 60 years 5 - 20 years 5 - 20 years 15 years
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Accrued Compensated Absences

Under the terms of various contracts and policies, Town employees are granted vacation and sick leave based on length of service. The amount recorded is the unused days earned at the current rate of pay. The Town's policy is to recognize the cost of vacation and sick leave in governmental funds when paid and on the accrual basis in proprietary funds. The amount of earned but unpaid vacation and sick leave relating to governmental fund employees is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide financial statements.

At June 30, 2008, the Town's obligation to its non-proprietary fund employees for accumulated vacation and sick leave benefits consisted of the following:

	<u>Vacation</u>	Sick Leave	<u>Total</u>
Police Department	\$ 87,015		\$ 87,015
Administrative Departments	46,477		46,477
Public Works Department	35,300		35,300
School District	39,812	\$973,532	1,013,344
TOTAL	\$208,604	\$973,532	\$1,182,136

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet.

Advances to Other Funds

Noncurrent portions of long-term interfund loan receivables are reported as advances and are offset equally by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation.

Interfund Transfers

The principal purpose of interfund transfers is to provide a financing source to various funds that may not have the ability to cover all operating costs with revenue generated by the fund.

Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale by the Burrillville Redevelopment Agency (a discretely presented component unit) is stated at acquisition cost plus improvements, but not in excess of net realizable value. As land is sold, all costs associated with that land are expensed.

Bond Premiums and Issuance Costs

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and issuance costs are treated as period costs in the year of issue. Bond issuance costs are shown as an "expenditure" and bond premiums are reflected as an "other financing source".

In the government-wide statements, bond premiums and issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds. Bond premiums are presented as an addition of the face amount of the bonds payable whereas issuance costs are recorded as other assets.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed in certain governmental funds. Open encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balances. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities under generally accepted accounting principles.

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- (a) Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- (b) Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- (c) Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved, with unreserved further split between designated and undesignated. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds* and *changes in net assets of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$6,436,578 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$8.614.850
Depreciation expense	(2,178,272)
Net adjustment to increase net change in fund balances-	/
total governmental funds to arrive at change in net assets	
of governmental activities	\$6,436,578

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance and the Government-wide Statement of Activities (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$1,325,038 difference are as follows:

Issuance of general obligation bonds	\$(2,376,229)
Principal repayments – general obligation debt	3,695,000
Amortization of bond premium	28,215
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(21,948)
Net adjustment to decrease net change in fund balances-	
total governmental funds to arrive at change in net assets	
of governmental activities	<u>\$ 1,325,038</u>

Another element of that reconciliation states that, "Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds." The details of this \$32,346 difference are as follows:

Deferred revenue – beginning	\$(519,298)
Deferred revenue – ending	<u>486,952</u>
Net adjustment to reduce net change in fund balances-	
total governmental funds to arrive at net change in net	
assets-governmental activities	<u>\$ (32,346</u>)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$3,744,128 difference are as follows:

Decrease in liability for compensated absences	\$ 125,872
Increase in liability for landfill closure	<u>(3,870,000</u>)
Net adjustment to increase net change in fund balances -	
total governmental funds to arrive at change in net assets	
of governmental activities	<u>\$(3,744,128)</u>

Another element of that reconciliation states that "adjustment to accrued interest payable related to general obligation bonds which is required to be recorded for government-wide financial statement presentation". The details of this \$8,321 difference are as follows:

Accrued Interest – beginning	\$ 357,483
Accrued Interest – ending	<u>(365,804</u>)
Net adjustment to reduce net change in fund balances-	
total governmental funds to arrive at change in net assets-	
governmental activities	\$ (8,321)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

2. BUDGETARY PROCESS

(a) Adoption

The annual budgetary process begins in January each year when the various Town departments and agencies submit their budget requests to the Budget Board. The Budget Board then reviews the requests, holds hearings as necessary, and submits their recommendations to the Manager no later than the first Monday in April.

The Town Manager is responsible for submitting a proposed departmental budget to the Town Council no later than the first Monday in May. At least two (2) public hearings are to be held and concluded by the first Monday in June. The Town Council may revise and adopt its budget no later than June 15th.

There is a provision for item veto by the Manager as well as voter initiative. The level of budgetary control for the General Fund (i.e. the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations) is fixed by Council resolution. The resolution authorizes the spending within the total sum appropriated for municipal purposes. At any time during the fiscal year, the Town Council may by resolution transfer part or all of the unencumbered appropriation balance from one department to another department. While this restriction prohibits spending in excess of the authorized budget, the policy enables the Town Council to use unexpended funds within the overall appropriations budget to offset overexpenditures that may arise within a specific budgeted account.

Management may transfer part or all of any unencumbered appropriation balance within its respective department. Budgeted departments are defined by the Town Council through the budget resolution.

Based on state statute, the School Committee is also authorized to spend funds up to the total amount appropriated. The budget of the School District is prepared annually and submitted by the School Committee to the Budget Board. The amount of the annual transfer from the Town's General Fund to the School Special Revenue Fund is ultimately determined through the adoption of the General Fund budget each year.

Budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. There were 13 supplemental budgetary revisions made during the year totaling \$5,951,517. These budgetary revisions were primarily related to capital improvements.

(b) Reconciliation - Budgetary to GAAP

The Town Charter requires annual budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue - General School Activities. The practices used in the preparation of the 2008 budget differ in certain respects from the presentation of the actual results of operations prepared in accordance with GAAP. The actual results of operations, for purposes of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Other Financing Sources (Uses) - Budget and Actual on a Budgetary Basis - General Fund, and Special Revenue Fund - General School Activities, have been adjusted to a basis consistent with the Town's budget for 2008.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

2. BUDGETARY PROCESS (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to reconcile actual revenues and expenditures reported on a budgetary basis to actual revenues and expenditures reported in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles are as follows:

	Revenues and Transfers	Expenditures and Transfers
General Fund: Statement of Revenues and Expenditures (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) (E-2)	\$53,668,726	\$51,597,225
Less: Transfer from Fund Balance to revenue for current year	(4,050,517)	
Less: School Department revenues included in General Fund Budget	(12,727,901)	
Less: School Department expenditures included in General Fund		(12,727,901)
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Other Financing Sources (Uses) and Changes in Fund Balance (B-2)	\$36,890,308	\$38,869,324

A reconciliation of the School District's General Fund revenues, expenditures and other financing sources (uses) as reported on schedules B-2 and E-3 is presented below:

Containing the Davis and Containing and Containing	Revenues and Transfers	Expenditures and Transfers
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Budget and Actual (E-3)	\$27,224,877	\$26,889,297
Less: Current year encumbrances		(53,613)
Add: Prior year encumbrances		135,875
Adjustment for pension contribution made by State of Rhode Island on behalf of employees	1,137,105	1,137,105
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Other Financing Sources (Uses) and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds (B-2)	\$28,361,982	\$28,108,664

The School Department had an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$335,580 on a budgetary basis.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

(a) Deposits

Custodial credit risk, deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned or the Town will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The Town's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

(a) Deposits (Continued)

The Town maintains deposits at local financial institutions. At year end, the carrying amount of such deposits was \$10,789,996 while the bank balance was \$11,004,903, of which \$383,887 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$10,621,016 was collateralized.

The following is a reconciliation of the Town's cash and investment balances as of June 30, 2008:

Cash and investments - primary government:

Governmental and business-type (Schedule A-1)	\$17,746,944
Fiduciary (Schedule D-1)	205,172
Cash and investments - Burrillville Redevelopment Agency (Schedule A-1)	18,878
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$17,970,994

(b) Investments

The Town has implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools," which requires that investments be reported at fair value. Fair values are established by quoted market values. Unrealized gains and losses from changes in fair value are recognized as investment income.

Interest rate risk - The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Town minimizes its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in short-term, highly liquid investments.

Custodial Credit Risk, Investments – The Town does not have a formal custodial credit risk policy. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of financial institution failure, the Town's investments may not be returned or the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2008, the Town had \$512,596 of uncollateralized institutional money market funds which invest in U.S. government obligations.

Concentration of Credit Risk - At June 30, 2008, the Town had 93% of its investments concentrated in collateralized local government investment pools, and 7% concentrated in uncollateralized institutional money market funds. The Collateralized Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) invests public-sector funds only in U.S. Treasury and other U.S. Government securities permitted under Rhode Island law. The LGIP's provides collateral at a 102% minimum. The LGIP is fully compliant with all Rhode Island laws, investment guidelines and collateral requirements, and is managed within the guidelines of a registered SEC 2-a7-type fund. At June 30, 2008, the Town did not have any investments in common stock or other equity investments.

The Town's investments are stated at fair value. As outlined in the Town's investment policy, funds of the Town may be invested in the following instruments:

- 1. Obligations of the Federal Government, its agencies, and instrumentalities;
- 2. Top rated obligations of the State of Rhode Island, its agencies, and instrumentalities;
- 3. Top rated obligations of other states, their agencies, and instrumentalities;
- 4. Top rated (AAA, AA, A) Municipal Government Securities;

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

(b) Investments (Continued)

- Certificates of Deposit and other evidence of deposit at banks, saving banks, national banks or trust companies, loan and investment companies, and credit unions;
- 6. Prime Bankers' Acceptances;
- 7. Prime Commercial paper (A1/P1);
- 8. Prime Corporate and Utility Bonds and/or Notes (BBB or Higher);
- 9. Collateralized Repurchase Agreements;
- 10. Prime Money Market Funds whose investments consist of instruments in items 1 8 above;
- 11. State investment pools;
- 12. No load, open-end diversified management investment companies incorporated under the General Laws of the State and designed exclusively for use by all state and local government entities, agencies, and instrumentalities.

As of June 30, 2008, the Town had the following investments:

Description	Fair <u>Value</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Maturity Rating
Institutional Money Market Funds- U.S. Treasury Collateralized Local Government Investment Pool Certificate of deposit Total investments Deposits Petty cash and cash on hand Total cash and investments	6,658,483 3,242 7,174,321 10,789,996	Varies (2) Varies (1) 2.72%	Daily Aaa/AAAm Daily not rated May 22, 2009 not rated

- (1) Average daily rate of 2.04% on June 30, 2008.
- (2) Annualized 30 day yield of 1.24% for June 2008.

The carrying value of deposits and investments relate to the combined balance sheet totals (A-1) as follows:

Reconciliation to Government-wide Statement of Net Assets:

Investments	\$7,174,321
Less: investments classified as cash equivalents	(7,171,079)
Less: fiduciary funds investments (not included in the	, , , ,
government-wide statement)	(3,242)
Total investments (A-1)	\$ 0

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

4. TAXES RECEIVABLE AND DEFERRED REVENUE

The Town's property tax is levied each June 30, for its next fiscal year on the assessed values listed as of the prior December 31 (lien date), for all real property, tangible property, and motor vehicles located in the Town. Assessed values of real property and tangible personal property were established by the Town Assessor's office at 100% of appraised market value as of December 31, 2006. The assessed value of motor vehicles is determined annually at 100% as established by the State Vehicle Value Commission.

An automatic lien is placed on the taxpayer's property if payment has not been received by the due date. Interest is charged on past due accounts at a rate of 12% per annum calculated on the unpaid portion of the total tax. Taxes are due in full by August 1, or at the option of the taxpayer they may be paid in quarterly installments on August 1, November 1, February 1, and May 1 following the levy date.

Net property taxes levied for the fiscal year 2008 were based on an assessed value of approximately \$1,622,903,045 at December 31, 2006 and amounted to \$20,379,384. Collections on the 2008 tax levy through June 30, 2008 amounted to \$20,002,834, which represents 98% of the total tax levy.

The Town recognizes property tax revenues in accordance with Section P70, "Property Taxes" of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Unpaid property taxes as of June 30, 2008 (\$866,946) are recorded as a receivable, net of an allowance for uncollectible property taxes of \$240,534. Those net property taxes receivable which were not collected within the 60 days immediately following June 30, 2008 are recorded as deferred revenue and amounted to \$486,952 at June 30, 2008. Property taxes recognized as revenue for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 (due to their collection within the 60 days immediately following June 30, 2008) amounted to \$139,460.

User charges are assessed each year in an amount necessary to cover the projected operating expenses of the Sewer Commission fund for that year. The allowance for uncollectible accounts of the Sewer Commission fund is based on that portion of sewer assessment and user charges and miscellaneous accounts receivable which is estimated to be doubtful of collection, or which may be abated due to appeals now under consideration. In addition, the Sewer Commission has unrecognized assessment receivables of approximately \$378,012. These receivables are only collectible upon the transfer of title to the property.

In the government-wide financial statements, deferred revenues represent funds received in advance of being earned, or receivables which will be collected and included in revenues of future fiscal years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

5.	INTERGOVERNME	NTAL RECE	IVABLES A	ND PAYABLES		
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Intergovernmental receivables and payable consist of amounts due for	rom federal and state	governments as
follows:	Due From	Due To
Governmental activities:		
State of Rhode Island:		
Major funds:		
General Fund		
Non-major funds		\$ 120
Total	326,301	120
Fadaud waxayananti		
Federal government:		
Major funds: General Fund	. 11,715	
Non-major funds		
Total		0
Total governmental activities	. \$ 611,617	\$ 120
Business-type activities:		
State of Rhode Island:		
Major fund:		
Sewer Commission	•	\$ 4,630
Non-major funds	. \$ 8,880	
Total		4,630
Federal government:		
Non-major funds	16,570	0
Total business-type activities	. \$ 25,450	\$ 4,630

6. INTERFUND BALANCES

Individual fund and discretely presented component unit receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2008, are as follows:

	Interfund <u>Receivables</u>	Interfund <u>Payables</u>
Interfund Balances		
Governmental activities:		
Major funds:		
General Fund	\$2,990,110	\$3,520,892
School District General Fund	3,415,927	84,174
Library Building		2,108,816
Non-major funds	1,318,374	1,295,878
Total governmental activities	7,724,411	7,009,760
Business-type activities:		
Non-major funds	11,897	726,548
Total business type activities	11,897	726,548
Balances at June 30, 2008	\$7,736,308	\$7,736,308

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

6. INTERFUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

	Interfund <u>Receivables</u>	Interfund <u>Payables</u>
Discretely Presented Component Unit Balances:		
Primary government: General fund	\$150,000	\$518,342
Discretely presented component unit: Burrillville Redevelopment Agency	518,342	150,000
Balances at June 30, 2008	\$668,342	\$668,342

The \$150,000 receivable/payable resulted from the transfer of land from the Town to the Redevelopment Agency. This amount is payable over a five year period (\$30,000 annually).

7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2008 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Primary Government:				
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,474,022			\$ 2,474,022
Construction in progress	16,843,444	\$7,257,541	\$(14,630,573)	9,470,412
Total capital assets not being depreciated.	19,317,466	7,257,541	(14,630,573)	11,944,434
Other capital assets:	45 407 050	. 40.405.004		
Buildings and improvements	45,187,656	13,465,821		58,653,477
Equipment	516,223	84,710		600,933
Vehicles	2,831,643	217,644	(71,262)	2,978,025
Infrastructure		1,875,338		12,921,377
Total other capital assets	<u>59,581,561</u>	15,643,513	(71,262)	75,153,812
Less: accumulated depreciation for:	(10.070.100)	(4.077.040)		(4.4.050.4.10)
Buildings and improvements				(14,950,149)
Equipment	(294,869)		24.422	(353,365)
Vehicles			61,408	(1,469,715)
Infrastructure		(652,049)		<u>(3,528,757</u>)
Total accumulated depreciation	(18,185,122)	(2,178,272)	61,408	(20,301,986)
Other capital assets, net	41,396,439	13,465,241	(9,854)	54,851,826
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$60,713,905	\$20,722,782	\$(14,640,427)	\$66,796,260

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

7. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land				\$ 382,443
Construction in progress	6,386,450	\$2,284,255	\$(3,512,608)	5,158,097
Total capital assets not being depreciated	6,768,893	2,284,255	(3,512,608)	5,540,540
Other capital assets:				
Leasehold improvements	30,973	3,425		34,398
Collection systems	24,285,932	3,546,557		27,832,489
Plant and buildings	7,973,885			7,973,885
Plant equipment	163,555			163,555
Motor vehicles	112,627			112,627
Furniture and equipment	487,264	12,483		499,747
Total other capital assets		3,562,465	0	36,616,701
Less: accumulated depreciation for:				
Leasehold improvements	(14,365)	(2,344)		(16,709)
Collection systems	(10,460,018)			(10,852,964)
Plant and buildings	(6,862,195)	(45,172)		(6,907,367)
Plant equipment		(14,910)		(87,849)
Motor vehicles				(110,784)
Furniture and equipment				(299,135)
Total accumulated depreciation	(17, 790,160)	(484,648)	00	(18,274,808)
Other capital assets, net	15,264,076	3,077,817	0	18,341,893
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$22,032,969	\$5,362,072	\$(3,512,608)	\$23,882,433

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Government	al activities:
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0010/////000	
General government	\$ 32,335
Public safety	120,316
Education	1,008,824
Recreation and social services	247,730
Public works	769,067
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$2,178,272
Business-type activities:	
Sewer Authority	\$ 460,187
Non-major enterprise funds	24,461
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ 484,648

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

7. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Discretely Presented Component Unit:	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$75,000			\$75,000
Capital assets, net	\$75,000	\$0	\$0	\$75,000

8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

(a) Long-Term Liability Activity

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2008 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:	Add to the second second			and proposed and the control of the	
Long-term debt: General obligation debt	\$34,111,127	\$2,376,229	\$(3,695,000)	\$32,792,356	\$3.636.000
Plus: bond premium, net of		,,			, -,,
amortization Less: amount deferred on	370,146		(28,215)	341,931	
refunding	(209,386)		21,948	(187,438)	-
Total long-term debt	34,271,887	2,376,229	(3,701,267)	32,946,849	3,636,000
Other long-term liabilities:					
Compensated absences	1,308,008	6,596	(132,468)	1,182;136	125,527
Landfill closure and post-closure costs	420,000	3,900,000	(30,000)	4,290,000	30,000
Total other long-term			(100 (00)	- 4-0 400	
liabilities	1,728,008	3,906,596	(162,468)	5,472,136	155,527
Governmental activities					
long-term liabilities	\$35,999,895	\$6,282,825	\$(3,863,735)	\$38,418,985	\$3,791,527

Payments on all long-term debt and other long-term liabilities that pertain to the Town's governmental activities are made by the general fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

(b) Bonds and Notes Outstanding

At June 30, 2008, the Town's bonds and notes payable are comprised of the following:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Description	Date <u>Issued</u>	Original <u>Principal</u>	Due Date	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Outstanding June 30, 2007	penssi	Paid	Outstanding June 30, 2008	
School bonds:	6/15/89 12/1/99 8/15/00 6/15/06 Subtotal	\$ 2,170,000 5,500,000 8,000,000 7,500,000	7/15/09 11/1/14 8/15/15 5/15/26	6.75% 4.35% - 6.5% 4.5% - 5.25% 4.0%- 5.0%	\$ 315,000 2,920,000 4,700,000 7,125,000 15,060,000	0	\$ 105,000 365,000 550,000 375,000 1,395,000	\$ 210,000 2,555,000 4,150,000 6,750,000 13,665,000	
Sewer bonds:	3/6/92 11/13/03 11/1/06 12/21/06 Subtotal	2,900,000 5,600,000 400,000 3,500,000	9/1/13 9/1/24 11/1/26 9/1/27	6.327% 1.410% 4.0% - 5.0% 1.165% - 1.315%	1,015,000 5,595,000 400,000 296,127 7,306,127	2,108,229	145,000 267,000 20,000 432,000	870,000 5,328,000 380,000 2,404,356 8,982,356	
Refunding bonds:	10/1/02 11/1/06 Subtotal	9,145,000 2,090,000	7/15/17 5/1/15	2.5% - 5.0% 4.0%	4,875,000 1,870,000 6,745,000	0	1,105,000 245,000 1,350,000	3,770,000 1,625,000 5,395,000	
Library bonds:	11/1/06	5,000,000	11/1/26	4.0% - 5.0%	2,000,000	0	250,000	4,750,000	
SBLFC loan:	12/28/07	268,000	1/1/08	8.25%	0	268,000	268,000	0	
			Total general ol	Total general obligation bonds	\$34,111,127	\$2,376,229	\$3,695,000	\$32,792,356	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

(b) Bonds and Notes Outstanding (Continued)

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the Town retired \$3,695,000 in principal on its existing outstanding bonds and loans. During fiscal year 2007, the Town issued a \$3,500,000 Sewer Bond of which \$296,127 was drawndown in fiscal year 2007 and \$2,108,229 was drawndown during fiscal year 2008. The balance remaining to be drawndown is \$1,095,644.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the Town incurred the following interest expense:

Library bonds	\$ 201,938
Sewer bonds	149,543
School bonds	
Refunding bonds	
Economic development bonds	
Total	\$1,267,787

The Town has issued three bonds under the Maximum Aggregate Indebtedness provision (3% Debt Limit) of the Rhode Island General Laws 45-12-2. The three bonds issued consisted of a 1995, \$4,500,000 School bond issue; \$1,000,000 of the 2000 \$8,000,000 School bond issue; and the 2006 \$3,500,000 Wastewater bond issue. All other Town debt has been incurred through special statutory authority which consists of approval by the legislature and voter referendum.

(c) Small Business Loan Fund Corporation (SBLFC)

During fiscal year 2008, the Town received Brownsfields Cleanup Revolving loan proceeds of \$335,000. Due to the Town's compliance with the loan agreement, \$67,000 of the original loan proceeds was forgiven and reclassified as a grant. The balance of the loan (\$268,000) was repaid during the fiscal year. The loan had an original repayment term of 60 months and required interest at 8.25 %.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

(d) Debt Service Requirements

At June 30, 2008, the Town has remaining authorized but unissued bond authority of \$500,000 for Open Space Recreation Projects.

Annual principal and interest requirements on general obligation bonds and notes for the year ending June 30, are as follows:

Year ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2009	\$ 3,636,000	\$1,194,594	\$ 4,830,594
2010	2,810,000	1,074,282	3,884,282
2011	2,694,000	963,598	3,657,598
2012	2,643,000	861,197	3,504,197
2013	2,648,000	758,876	3,406,876
2014	2,624,000	656,525	3,280,525
2015	2,474,000	553,474	3,027,474
2016	1,885,000	469,655	2,354,655
2017	1,446,000	410,601	1,856,601
2018	1,442,000	363,197	1,805,197
2019	1,143,000	318,198	1,461,198
2020	1,150,000	297,601	1,447,601
2021	1,157,000	239,107	1,396,107
2022	1,164,000	198,946	1,362,946
2023	1,171,000	158,533	1,329,533
2024	1,179,000	117,788	1,296,788
2025	1,182,000	78,653	1,260,653
2026	820,000	43,388	863,388
2027	445,000	12,014	457,014
2028	175,000	3,176	<u> 178,176</u>
Sub-Total	33,888,000	8,773,403	42,661,403
Less: bond proceeds not drawn down			
at June 30, 2008		(72,082)	(1,167,726)
		A	/
Total	\$32,792,356	\$8,701,321	\$41,493,677

(e) Note Payable - Discretely Presented Component Unit

On February 1, 2007, the Woonsocket Neighborhood Development Corporation loaned the Burrillville Redevelopment Agency \$300,000 to facilitate the acquisition and development of the clocktower building located in the former Stillwater Mill Complex into affordable housing. The proceeds of the loan shall be applied by BRA in satisfaction of the terms of a purchase and sales agreement dated May 24, 2005. Payment shall be deferred until the closing as stipulated in the purchase and sales agreement. The closing occurred during fiscal year 2008.

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Promissory Note	\$300,000	\$0	\$300,000	<u>\$0</u>

(CONTINUED)

0

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

9. FUND EQUITY

The fund equity balances have been classified to reflect the limitations and restrictions placed on the respective funds as follows:

(a) Fund Balances

Reservations and designations of fund balances at June 30, 2008 were as follows:

Ger	iera	l Fur	nd:

Reserved for Town held tax liens	\$	453,941
Reserved for amounts not due within one year		217,973
Reserved for prepaid expenditures		75,632
Designated for subsequent year's expenditures	_1	1,530,441
Total	\$2	<u>2,277,987</u>

Special Revenue Funds:

Reserved for prepaid expenditures	\$ 199,877
Reserved for encumbrances	53,613
Reserved for endowments	 380,000
Total	\$ 633,490

Capital Projects Funds:

Reserved for encumbrances	\$	2,000
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Permanent Funds:

Reserved for perpetual care	\$ 84,529
Reserved for endowments	26,000
Total	\$ 110,529

(b) Fund Deficits

The following funds had deficit fund equity balances at June 30, 2008:

Library Grant	\$	3
Route 107		50,753
Library Building	2,	114,725
School Cafeteria Fund		25,213

It is the intention of the Town to cover the above deficits through General Fund and Debt Reduction Fund contributions.

The following individual funds had deficits for the year ended June 30, 2008:

Major governmental activities:

General Fund	\$1,979,016
Library Building	2,683,644

Non-major governmental activities:

Special Revenue Funds:

Narcotics Guidance Council	5,342
Bicentennial Committee	8,268
Debt Reduction	684,633

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

9. FUND EQUITY (Continued)

(b) Fund Deficits (Continued)

Capital Project Funds:	
Callahan Renovation Project	20,425
Route 102	5,069
Branch River/Hauser Field	41,003
High School Football Field	40,849
Computer Acquisition	2,594
Non-major business type-activities:	
School Cafeteria Fund	27,051
Levy Rink	50,484

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

(a) Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island

Plan Description

The Town's defined benefit pension plan, Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (MERS), provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. MERS is an agent multiple-employer Public Employee Retirement System that acts as a common investment agent for participants. The Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the State of Rhode Island Employee Retirement Board, 40 Fountain Street, Providence, RI 02903.

The payroll for employees covered by the System for the year ended June 30, 2008 was approximately \$5,306,187 and the Town wide payroll (municipal, police, and school) was approximately \$21,568,345.

Funding Policy

MERS members are required to contribute 7.0% of their annual covered salary. The Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 4.74% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by State Statute.

Annual Pension Cost

For 2008, the Town's annual pension cost of \$251,498 for MERS was equal to the Town's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2005 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal cost method with frozen initial liability. Significant actuarial assumptions included (a) a net investment return of 8.25 percent compounded annually, (b) projected salary increases at an annual service related component plus a 3% inflation component compounded annually, (c) 3 percent per year cost-of-living adjustments, (d) mortality rates based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table and (e) a retirement age of 65 or completion of service requirements, if later. The actuarial value of MERS assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a three-year period. MERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized using the weighted average method over a 25 year period.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

(b) Municipal Police Pension Plan

Plan Description

All full-time police members participate in the same Municipal Employee's Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (described above).

The payroll for employees covered by the System for the year ended June 30, 2008 was approximately \$1,278,000 and the Town wide payroll (municipal, police, and school) was approximately \$21,568,345.

Funding Policy

Covered police employees were required to contribute 10.2% of their annual covered salary. The Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate the remaining amounts necessary to fund the System. The Town contributed 23.32% of annual covered salaries for the year ended June 30, 2008. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by State Statute.

Annual Pension Cost

For 2008, the Town's annual pension cost of \$298,110 for the Police Pension System was equal to the Town's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2005 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal cost method with frozen initial liability. Significant actuarial assumptions included (a) net investment return of 8.25 percent compounded annually, (b) projected salary increases at an annual service related component plus a 3% inflation component compounded annually, (c) mortality rates based on the 1994 Uninsured Pensioner Mortality Table, and (d) a retirement age of 60, or completion of service requirements, if later. The actuarial value of MERS' assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a three-year period. Any MERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized using the weighted average method over a 25 year period.

(c) Teacher's Pension Plan

Plan Description

All full-time teachers including superintendents, principals, school nurses and certain other school officials ("classified employees") in the Burrillville School District participate in the Employees Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (ERSRI), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. In addition to classified employees, the System covers substantially all employees of the State of Rhode Island. The payroll for employees covered by the System for the year ended June 30, 2008, was \$13,346,299; the total payroll for all School employees was \$17,574,345.

The plan issues a stand-alone publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. A copy of the report can be obtained from the State Employees Retirement Board, 40 Fountain Street, Providence, Rhode Island 02903.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

10. DEFINED BENEFITS PENSION PLANS (Continued)

(c) Teacher's Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

All full-time classified employees of the Burrillville School District are eligible to participate in the System. Classified employees who retire at or after age 60 with 10 years of credited service or at any age with 28 years of credited service are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life. The retirement benefit is a percentage of final average salary per year of credit service with a maximum benefit of 80% of "final average" salary. Final average salary is the three highest consecutive years of earned salary excluding overtime, bonuses, or severance pays. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established and may be amended by State statute. The percent of earnings relating to each year of credited service is as follows:

Years of Credited Service	Percent/Year
1 - 10	1.7%
11 - 20	1.9%
21 - 34	3.0%
35	2.0%

Funding Policy

Rhode Island general laws set the contribution rates for participating State employees at 9.5% of salary. Annual contributions by both employers and the State on behalf of those employees are determined by actuaries and assessed as percentage of participants' payroll. The School District was required to contribute 12.38%, 10.96%, and 9.05%, for all full-time employees for fiscal years 2008, 2007, and 2006 respectively. The required contributions include (a) normal costs; (b) payments to amortize the unfunded frozen actuarial accrued liability as of July 1, 1986 over 30 years; and (c) interest on the unfunded frozen actuarial liability. Normal cost is determined using the entry age normal cost method with frozen initial liability. Both employers and employees contribute 1% of the first \$9,600 of salary for survivor benefits. A variety of significant actuarial assumptions are used and these assumptions are summarized below:

- A. Mortality 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Tables.
- B. *Investment return* 8.25 percent, compounded annually.
- C. Salary increase Salaries will increase at a rate of 3.0 percent, inflation component, plus a 1.5% general increase.
- D. Retirement age Teachers are assumed to retire at the later of age 61 or completion of the service requirements.
- E. **Cost of living adjustments** 3.0 percent compounded annually beginning on the January 1st following a participant's third anniversary of retirement.

As prescribed by Rhode Island general law, the State pays the entire portion of the annual required contribution attributable to the costs of contributions deferred by the State in prior years plus 40% of contributions assessed to employers on payroll not reimbursable through Federal programs. This resulted in contribution rates paid by the State on behalf of the School District of 8.52% of non-federally reimbursable payrolls, totaling \$1,137,105 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. This amount was recognized in the School District fund as both a revenue and an expenditure.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

(c) Teacher's Pension Plan (Continued)

Funding Policy (Continued)

The amounts contributed to the plan are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	<u>Employee</u>	Employer	Percentage Contributed
2008	\$1,267,898	\$1,698,584	100%
2007	\$1,275,932	\$1,514,693	100%
2006	\$1,315,110	\$1,289,164	100%

In accordance with GASB 27, "Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers," the School District has determined that there is and has been no pension liability or assets related to the Plan.

11. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Board of Administration

The Town is committed under an agreement for the rental of the Town Hall facilities. The terms are determined by the Board of Administration as provided under the will of Austin T. Levy. Total payments made for fiscal year ending June 30, 2008 totaled \$169,550. Total payments to be made for fiscal year ending June 30, 2009 total \$191,029 consisting of \$157,029 for rental of Town Hall facilities and \$34,000 for capital improvements.

School District

In April 2006, the School District entered into an agreement for comprehensive energy management consultation for a monthly fee of \$5,600 for 48 months. The total amount expended under the contract for the year ended June 30, 2008 was \$67,200

Grants

Under the terms of federal and state grants, periodic compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives are required and, consequently, certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate, and result in reimbursement to the grantor agencies. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies could not be determined at this time. Town officials believe that such disallowances, if any, would not be material.

Self-Insurance

The Town has elected to pay unemployment compensation on a claims-made basis rather than as a percentage of payroll. No accrual has been made for claims expected to arise from service related to fiscal 2008 because Town officials are of the opinion that, based upon prior years' experience, any claims relating to this period will be immaterial.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

11. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

Litigation

The Town is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Town's attorneys, the resolution of these matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the financial condition of the Town.

12. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

The Town pays 50% - 100% of the cost of health insurance benefits for certain employees for a maximum up to four years after retirement. The Town pays 100% of the cost of health coverage for retired employees only for the first two years and 50% for the next two years. The Town funds post employment benefits on a pay as you go basis. Expenditures for the benefits described above for the year ended June 30, 2008, were \$21,425. During the year ended June 30, 2008, two retirees received benefits under this plan.

13. MAJOR REVENUE SOURCE

The Town has a tax treaty and agreement with Ocean State Power (OSP), an electric generating facility, which requires OSP to pay the Town annual fixed payments in lieu of taxes according to the following schedule:

June 30:	<u>Amount</u>
2009	\$ 4,710,714
2010	4,965,773
2011	3,567,462
2012	 1,016,865
Total	\$ 14,260,814

During fiscal year ending June 30, 2008 the Town received \$4,560,714 in payments from OSP. The agreement with OSP is based upon OSP operating two electric generating units commercially. If one or both electric generating units are not operating commercially, then the required payments under the agreement may be reduced or eliminated.

On June 21, 1996 an amended agreement was entered into which requires OSP to pay an additional \$850,000 over the life of the remaining agreement as a result of the construction of a Water Storage Pond adjacent to Route 102. This additional amount is included in the above revenue schedule.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2008

14. CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2008, the Town had the following commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects:

15. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Town offers its municipal employees a deferred compensation plan established in accordance with the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all municipal employees, permits the deferral of a portion of their salary. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

The Town has implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Statement No. 32, "Accounting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans." All assets and income of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. As a result, deferred compensation investments and the perspective liability have not been included in the Town's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2008.

16. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town of Burrillville is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. As a result, the Town participates in a non-profit, public entity risk pool (Rhode Island Interlocal Risk Management Trust, Inc.) which provides coverage for property/liability claims and workers' compensation claims. Upon joining the Trust, the Town signed a participation agreement which outlines the rights and responsibilities of both the Trust and the Town. The agreement states that for premiums paid by the Town, the Trust will assume financial responsibility for the Town's losses up to the maximum amount of insurance purchased, minus the Town's deductible amounts. The Trust provides this insurance coverage through a pooled, self-insurance mechanism which includes reinsurance purchased by the Trust to protect against large, catastrophic claims above the losses the Trust retains internally for payment from the pooled contributions of its Members. Under the participation agreement, the Town is insured for general liability for a maximum of \$5,000,000 per occurrence. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the previous year. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the Trust Coverage in any of the past 20 fiscal years.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the Town paid premiums of \$125,485 for workers' compensation coverage and \$125,409 for property and liability coverage.

At June 30, 2008, the Trust held reserves for future payments of open cases of \$168,584 for property and liability claims. The Trust is obligated to make payments on the Town's behalf without any further obligation of the Town, unless the Town's applicable limit of liability was exhausted by the size of the loss or the nature of the loss would fall outside the parameters of the Trust policy. As of June 30, 2008, the Town believes there is minimal, if any, potential exposure for outstanding claims which would fall outside the parameter of the Trust policy.

The above reserves do not include reserves for any claims associated with the School District or Sewer Commission Fund because they are treated by the Trust as separate entities having their own coverage.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

17. LOAN RECEIVABLE - SCHOOL DISTRICT

During April 1998, the Town's general fund loaned the School District's general fund \$200,000 to be used for improvements to the June R. Levy Community Rink. The note required interest at 5% and ten (10) annual principal payments of \$20,000 beginning June 1, 1999 through June 1, 2008.

On February 25, 2004, the Town Council amended the promissory note. During fiscal year 2004, the Town loaned the School Department an additional \$85,000 for the purchase of equipment. The amount of the amended note is \$185,000. The note requires interest at 3% and is payable over a ten year period beginning June 1, 2004 and ending on June 1, 2014. The balance of this note at June 30, 2008 is \$76,665.

18. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 are as follows:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Governmental activities:		
Major funds:		
General Fund	\$ 2,195,395	\$21,979,800
School District	14,297,099	44,000
Library Building	96,500	
Non-major funds	5,634,538	2,351,960
Total governmental activities		\$24,375,760
Business-type activities:		
Major funds:		
Sewer Authority	\$2,108,228	
Non-major funds	44,000	
Total business-type activities		.\$ 0

19. OPERATING LEASE

On July 6, 2004, the Town entered into a lease agreement for the purpose of renting additional office space located at 35 East Avenue, Harrisville, Rhode Island. The original lease required 24 monthly payments beginning August 1, 2004 through July 31, 2006. On July 28, 2005, the lease was extended and modified. The initial rental period under the revised lease shall be for a term of two years. The lease began on August 1, 2005. The first 12 payments are \$2,066.66, and the next 12 payments are \$2,233.33. The Town extended the lease for a one-year period commencing on August 1, 2007. Lease expense for the year ended June 30, 2008 totaled \$24,567.

20. LANDFILL POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

The Town accounts for its postclosure care costs under GASB Statement No. 18. This Statement is based on the October 9, 1991, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) rule, "Solid Waste Disposal Facility Criteria," which establishes closure requirements for all municipal solid waste landfills (MSWLF's) that receive solid waste after October 9, 1991. The EPA rule also establishes thirty-year postclosure care requirements for MSWLF's that accept solid waste after October 9, 1993. The effect of the EPA rule and similar state laws or regulations is to obligate MSWLF owners and operators to perform certain closing functions and postclosure monitoring and maintenance functions as a condition for the right to operate the MSWLF in the current period.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2008

20. LANDFILL POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS (Continued)

The Town utilizes the General Fund to account for closure and postclosure care costs of its two closed landfills (Clear River Road and Whipple Avenue). The Clear River Road landfill was closed in 1991 and has thirteen remaining years of postclosure monitoring costs.

The Whipple Avenue landfill was closed in 1976. During fiscal year 2008, the Town, in accordance with state and federal regulations, entered into a voluntary compliance program which requires the Town to place a final cover on the landfill and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 30 years after closure. The capping of the landfill should be completed in fiscal year 2012. The estimated cost of closure as determined by an independent consultant is approximately \$3,000,000. In addition, estimated postclosure monitoring costs are estimated at \$30,000 per year. These estimates are subject to change resulting from inflation, deflation, technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations. The \$3,000,000 estimated cost of capping the Whipple Avenue landfill will be funded by General Fund contributions or bond proceeds.

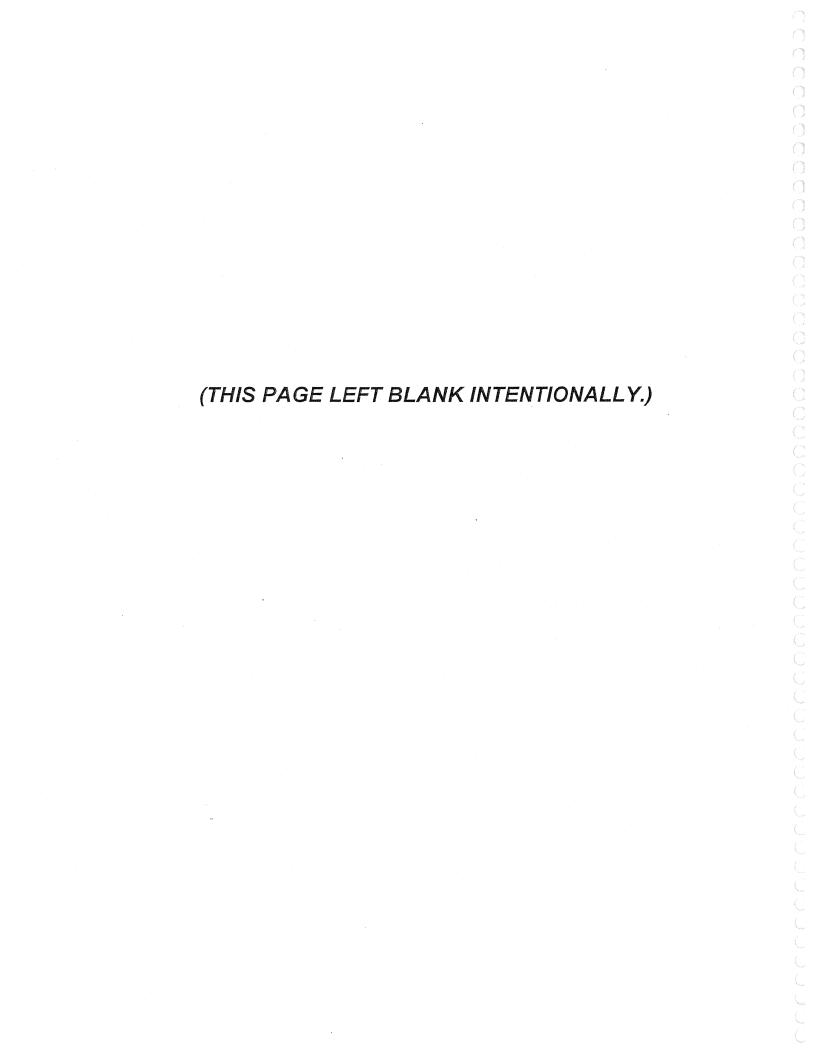
The Town has both landfill closure and post closure care costs as follows:

Town Landfill	Year of Closure	Remaining Capping Cost (<u>Estimate</u>)	Monitoring Costs (<u>Estimate</u>)	Years Remaining	Projected <u>Liability</u>	Short-Term <u>Liability</u>	Long-Term <u>Liability</u>
Clear River Road Whipple Avenue	1991 1976	N/A \$3,000,000 \$3,000,000	\$30,000 <u>30,000</u> <u>\$60,000</u>	13 30	\$ 390,000 3,900,000 \$4,290,000	\$30,000 <u>0</u> \$30,000	\$ 360,000 3,900,000 \$4,260,000

21. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The Town exercised its option on November 13, 2008 to purchase certain land for recreation and trail development at a total cost of \$200,000. Terms of the Option required the Town to pay one-half of the purchase price \$(100,000) by December 31, 2008. The balance of the purchase price is due during fiscal year 2010.

(CONCLUDED)



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation Date June 30,	Actuarial Value of Assets <u>(a)</u>	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) <u>(b)</u>	Overfunded (Unfunded) AAL (UAAL) <u>(a-b)</u>	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll <u>(c)</u>	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((a-b)/c)
General Em	ployees					
2005 2006 2007	\$18,052,879 \$19,042,883 \$21,163,146	\$17,083,972 \$18,626,628 \$19,913,112	\$ 968,907 \$ 416,255 \$ 1,250,034	105.7% 102.2% 106.3%	\$5,052,283 \$5,311,467 \$5,327,953	19.2% 7.8% 23.5%
Police Units	<u> </u>					
2005 2006 2007	\$4,935,501 \$5,461,657 \$6,379,836	\$7,116,270 \$6,374,155 \$6,544,766	\$(2,180,770) \$ (912,498) \$ (164,930)	69.4% 85.7% 97.5%	\$1,281,736 \$1,129,668 \$1,195,875	(170.1%) (80.8%) (13.8%)

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FROM THE TOWN

centage tributed
100% 100% 100%
100% 100% 100%
0

MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

NOTES TO SCHEDULES

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date
Actuarial cost method
Amortization method
Remaining amortization period
Asset valuation method
Actuarial assumptions:
Investment rate of return
Projected salary increases
Cost-of-living adjustments
Inflation

June 30, 2007
Entry Age Normal Cost
Level percent closed
N/A – No unfunded actuarial accrued liability
Market value of assets

8.25%, compounded annually 4.5% Town and 4.75% Police 3.0%, not compounded 3.0%, annually

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES), AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		Originally Adopted Budget	Final Approved Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	<u>Variance</u>
REVENUES:					-
General property taxes	\$	24,835,311	\$ 24,835,311	\$ 25,130,561	\$ 295,250
Intergovernmental		19,195,945	19,195,945	19,168,024	(27,921)
Licenses, permits and fees		604,250	604,250	447,898	(156,352)
Investment income		281,000	281,000	261,858	(19,142)
Departmental		67,100	67,100	156,244	89,144
Total revenues		44,983,606	44,983,606	45,164,585	 180,979
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government		3,056,785	2,930,610	2,795,014	135,596
Public safety		2,336,200	2,420,700	2,411,333	9,367
Public works		1,220,377	1,292,377	1,287,046	5,331
Recreation and social services		233,394	239,394	233,360	6,034
Libraries		401,200	401,200	401,200	, , ,
Employee benefits and other		2,136,312	2,441,987	2,388,966	53,021
Debt service:		, ,	_, ,	,,	,
Principal		3,695,000	3,695,000	3,695,000	
Interest and other costs		1,479,625	1,274,625	1,269,412	5,213
Capital outlay		1,834,186	3,962,758	2,408,193	1,554,565
Total expenditures	-	16,393,079	18,658,651	16,889,524	 1,769,127
Excess of revenues over expenditures	describer and highest tree	28,590,527	26,324,955	28,275,061	1,950,106
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers out		(28,863,527)	(32,549,472)	(34,707,701)	(2,158,229)
Proceeds from bond issuance		, ,	, , , ,	2,108,229	2,108,229
Proceeds from sale of capital assets				150,000	150,000
Transfers in		273,000	2,174,000	2,195,395	21,395
Re-appropriation of prior year's designated		, ,			
fund balance		(00, 500, 507)	4,050,517	4,050,517	 101 005
Net other financing sources (uses)	North-American	(28,590,527)	(26,324,955)	(26,203,560)	 121,395
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other					
sources over expenditures and other uses		0	\$ 0	2,071,501	\$ 2,071,501
Less: re-appropriated fund balance				(4,050,517)	
Fund Balance, beginning of year				9,375,588	
Fund Balance, end of year				\$ 7,396,572	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES), AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) BUDGET AND ACTUAL

BURRILLVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Originally Adopted <u>Budget</u>	Final Approved <u>Budget</u>	Actual (Budgetary <u>Basis</u>)	<u>Variance</u>
Revenues:				
State aid	\$ 12,543,669	\$ 12,543,669	\$ 12,543,669	
Miscellaneous	250,000	250,000	384,109	\$ 134,109
Total revenues	12,793,669	12,793,669	12,927,778	134,109
Expenditures:				
Current:		45045400	45.050.044	00 504
Salaries	16,081,862	15,947,162	15,856,641	90,521
Employee benefits	5,505,414	5,497,263	5,384,836	112,427
Purchased services	4,746,872	4,702,966	4,754,652	(51,686)
Supplies and materials	568,008	756,984 31,591	779,118 23,937	(22,134) (7,654
Other	32,400 46,443	45,033	46,113	(1,080)
Capital outlay Total expenditures	26,980,999	26,980,999	26,845,297	135,702
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	(14,187,330)	(14,187,330)	(13,917,519)	269,811
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers from Town of Burrillville Transfers to other funds	14,231,330 (44,000)	14,231,330 (44,000)	14,297,099 (44,000)	65,769
Net other financing sources	14,187,330	14,187,330	14,253,099	65,769
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	\$ 0	\$ 0	= 335,580 =	\$ 335,580
Add: current year encumbrances			53,613	
Less: prior year encumbrances			(135,875)	
Fund balance, beginning of year			273,743	
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 527,061	

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2008

BUDGETARY TO GAAP BASIS RECONCILIATION

As more fully described in Note 2, the following reconciliation summarizes the differences for the Town's General Fund between budgetary and GAAP basis accounting principles for the year ended June 30, 2008:

Excess of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	\$ 2,071,501
Fund balance reappropriated	(4,050,517)
Excess of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$(1,979,016 <u>)</u>

The following reconciliation summarizes the differences for the School District's General Fund between budgetary and GAAP basis accounting principles for the year ended June 30, 2008:

Deficiency of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	\$335,580
Current year encumbrances	53,613
Prior year encumbrances	(135,875)
Excess of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses (GAAP)	<u>\$253,318</u>

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NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes. The following funds are reported in this section:

School Restricted Grants

The Restricted set of accounts is used to reflect designated funds which are limited by law for specific purposes or programs.

Other School Activities

This fund accounts for monies utilized for activities associated with vocational education, adult education, and the summer school program.

Community Recreation

This fund accounts for both the Community Recreation Center Fund and the Recreation Capital Fund. The Community Recreation Center Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the Community Recreation Center (the Lodge). Funding is provided from rental fees, interest earnings, and the General Fund. The Recreation Capital Fund was created pursuant to the 1980 Public Law Chapter 13, which allows for the Town to require a payment in lieu of land for public recreation.

Town Clerk - Technology

This fund accounts for monies (10% of recording fees) utilized for the purpose of document preservation and technological upgrades [RIGL 34-13-7].

Historical Records

This fund accounts for document filing fees collected by the Town which are to be used for the preservation of historical Town records.

Animal Shelter Donation Account

This fund accounts for donations received and expenses incurred in the performance of various animal control duties.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Library Grant

This fund accounts for grant activity related to the Jesse M. Smith Memorial Library and the Pascoag Library.

Violence Against Women

This fund accounts for grant activity related to in-service police training for Burrillville Police Officers.

Byrne Grant

This fund accounts for grant activity related to equipment purchased for the Police Department.

Spring Lake

This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of Spring Lake Beach. Funding is provided from fees and the General Fund.

Community Development Block Grants

This fund accounts for funds obtained through the Community Development Block Grant Program and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, which are restricted for specific purposes of programs. This fund also accounts for the CDBG Revolving Loan Program which provides loans to qualified homeowners for various home improvements.

Burrillville Tree Inventory

This fund accounts for local activity involved with the identification and inventory of significant old growth trees for the purpose of preservation.

Unfunded Liability and Incentive Pay Fund

This fund has been created to pay for the sick leave buyout, accrued sick and vacation leave, sick leave incentive program, and department/division head (non-union) performance incentive pay.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Recycling Program

This fund account for monies set aside for the purpose of promoting town-wide recycling.

Ocean State Power Funds

This fund accounts for monies received from Ocean State Power. Per an agreement with the Town, Ocean State Power is to contribute every year for twenty years to the Ocean State Power Scholarship Fund and Ocean State Power Community Foundation. Both funds are headed by a committee which approves the spending of these funds.

Narcotics Guidance Council

This fund accounts for the various activities conducted by the Burrillville Narcotic Guidance Council. Funding is provided by the General Fund and other grant programs.

Police Grant - Operation Riptide

This fund accounts for grant monies utilized for the purpose of enforcing the driving under the influence laws.

Police Task Force

This fund accounts for monies received from forfeiture and drug related activities.

Police Legislative Grant

This fund accounts for grant monies received through the State to be used by the Town in its law enforcement activities.

Homeland Security

This fund accounts for grant monies utilized for the purpose of acquiring equipment to assist the Town in determining, preventing, responding, and recovering from a WMD (weapons of mass destruction) terrorism incident.

Health Care Contingency

This fund was created for the purpose of paying health-related insurance deductions.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Police Incentive Pay

This fund accounts for State monies received which provide for educational incentives to police officers based upon certain degrees obtained.

Cops That Care

This fund accounts for grant monies received for various community activities designed to promote positive relationships with the local police department.

Bicentennial Committee

This fund accounts for activities associated with the celebration of the Town's 200th Anniversary to be celebrated in fiscal year 2007.

Senior Center

This fund accounts for monies that are received for the feasibility of constructing a senior center.

Debt Reduction

This fund accounts for monies specifically appropriated for the advance payment of outstanding debt and/or to minimize the occurrence of new debt.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds. Funding sources include debt proceeds, intergovernmental sources, third party contributions and General Fund operating transfers. The following funds are reported in this section:

Municipal Annex Renovation

This fund accounts for renovations to the Carlton M. Brown Memorial Building.

Rail Trail Harrisville/Pascoag

This fund accounts for the purchase and construction of a pedestrian trail between the villages of Harrisville and Pascoag.

Open Space/Land Acquisition

This fund accounts for Town appropriations specifically set aside for the purpose of acquiring land for open space and other purposes.

Callahan Renovation Project

This fund accounts for the expansion and renovation of the Callahan Elementary School.

Major Capital

This fund accounts for Town appropriations set aside for the purpose of funding major capital acquisitions.

Route 102

This fund accounts for monies set aside for the purpose of planning and developing Route 102.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Branch River/Hauser Field

This fund accounts for the expansion and renovation of the Branch River and Hauser Recreation Facilities.

Levy Rink Renovations

This fund accounts for the expansion and renovation of the June Rockwell Levy Rink.

Route 107

This fund accounts for monies set aside for the purpose of planning and developing Route 107 (portions of East Avenue/Harrisville Main Street/Chapel Street).

Pascoag Main St. Revitalization

This fund accounts for monies utilized for the purpose of various activities (such as store front improvements, parking, etc.) associated with the revitalization of Pascoag Main Street.

School Administration Building

This fund accounts for the construction of a new school administration building located at the middle school.

High School Football Field

This fund accounts for monies utilized for the purpose of constructing a football field at the high school.

Computer Acquisition

This fund accounts for the acquisition and installation of a Town wide computer system.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

PERMANENT FUNDS

Cemetery Fund

The cemetery fund accounts for monies received by individuals to be used for the perpetual care of Town cemeteries and are under the custody of the Town Clerk.

Frank H. Potter Bridgeway Fund

The Frank H. Potter Bridgeway Fund accounts for monies received under the will of the late Austin T. Levy. Interest received is to be used for the maintenance of the Frank H. Potter Bridgeway.

Alice McGreevy Thompson Fund

This fund accounts for money gifted to the Town from Mrs. Alice McGreevy Thompson for the purpose of establishing a perpetual fund to be held in trust by the Town. Interest earned is to be paid annually to a high school senior with the highest average in chemistry.

Jesse M. Smith Memorial Library Fund

This fund accounts for two contributions received under the will of the late Austin T. Levy. Interest received is to be used for the purpose of acquiring library books and general operations of the Jesse M. Smith Memorial Library.

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TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE, RHODE ISLAND

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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

			Special R	Special Revenue Funds		-		
	School Restricted Grants	Other School Activities	Community Recreation	Town Clerk - Technology		Historical Records	Animal Shelter Donation Account	elter n nt
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 448,099		\$ 80,576					
Other receivables Prepaid expenditures	20,072							
Due from: Other funds	31,531	\$ 222,124		\$ 93,417	↔	39,945	↔	992
Other governments TOTAL ASSETS	236,052 \$ 737,272	\$ 222,124	\$ 80,576	\$ 93,417	\$	39,945	s	992
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:								
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and benefits	\$ 70,391 109,495		\$ 350		↔	654		
Due to: Other funds	228,982	\$ 187,074						
Other governments Deferred revenues	328,404	15,560						
Other liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES	737,272	202,634	350	0 \$		654	\$	0
FUND BALANCES: Reserved for: Perpetual care								
Endowments Encumbrances Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds		19,490	80,226	93,417		39,291		992
Capital project funds TOTAL FUND BALANCES		19,490	80,226	93,417		39,291		992
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 737,272	\$ 222,124	\$ 80,576	\$ 93,417	\$	39,945	€	992

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

			Special R	Special Revenue Funds			
	Library Grant	Violence Against Women	Byrne Grant	Spring Lake	Community Development Block Grant	Burrillville Tree Inventory	le ntory
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables				\$ 163,171	\$ 21,482 75,084		
Frepaid experiordres Due from: Other funds					36,821	↔	164
Other governments TOTAL ASSETS	⊕	\$0	\$0	\$ 163,171	\$ 170,433	\$	164
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: LIABILITIES:							
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and benefits				\$ 2,922			
Due to: Other funds	€ €			7,078	\$ 24,925		
Other governments Deferred revenues					98,216		
Other liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES	က	\$0	0\$	10,000	123,141	\$	0
FUND BALANCES:	₹ *				, e		
Reserved for: Perpetual care							
Encumbrances							
Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds	(3)			153,171	47,292		164
Capital project funds TOTAL FUND BALANCES	(3)	0	0	153,171	47,292		164
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	0	\$0	\$0	\$ 163,171	\$ 170,433	\$	164
						(CONTINUED)	ED)

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TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE, RHODE ISLAND

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

		A STANDARD TO THE STANDARD TO	Special Re	Special Revenue Funds		·	
	Unfunded Liability and Incentive Pay Fund	/ Recycling Program	Ocean State Power Funds	Narcotics Guidance Council	Police Grant Operation Riptide		Police Task Force
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables Prepaid expenditures	\$ 159,688		\$ 793,488 20,730			↔	2,021
Due from: Other funds Other governments		\$ 62,123		\$ 127,550	\$ 503		468
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 159,688	\$ 62,123	\$ 814,218	\$ 127,550	\$ 503	\$	2,489
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and benefits			\$ 101,377	\$ 5,316			
Due to: Other funds Other governments	\$ 34,044		30,000	75,193	\$ 503	↔	120
Deferred revenues Other liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES	34,044	9	131,377	80,509	503		120
FUND BALANCES: Reserved for: Perpetual care Endowments			380,000				
Encumbrances Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds	125,644	62,123	302,841	47,041			2,369
Capital project lunds TOTAL FUND BALANCES	125,644	62,123	682,841	47,041	0		2,369
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 159,688	\$ 62,123	\$ 814,218	\$ 127,550	\$ 503	\$	2,489

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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

		S	Special Revenue Funds	spu			
	Police Legislative Grant	Homeland Security	Health Care Contingency	Police Incentive Pay	ce Itive Iy	Cops That Care	ps Care
ASSETS:	And the second s						
Cash and cash equivalents			\$ 467,080				
Other receivables							
Prepaid expenditures							
Due from:			000	.€	00	€	001
Other funds			20,000	Ð	432	/)	459
Other governments	Ç.	Ç		e	130	¥	439
TOTAL ASSETS	0.9	0.4	000,110 \$	9	704	-	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:							
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts payable			//!				
Accrued payroll and benefits							
Due to:							
Other funds							
Other governments						6	430
Deferred revenues				ŧ	,)	0
Other liabilities				7	432		130
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$0	\$0	1//		432		459

FUND BALANCES:

Reserved for: Perpetual care

Endowments

Encumbrances

Unreserved, reported in:

Special revenue funds
Capital project funds
TOTAL FUND BALANCES

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES

0	439
	8
0	432
	↔
516,903	517,080
	\$
0	\$0
	03

516,903

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TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE, RHODE ISLAND

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	S	Special Revenue Funds	spun	Capital P	Capital Project Funds
				Municipal	Rail Trail
	Bicentennial Committee	Senior Center	Debt Reduction	Annex Renovation	Harrisville/ Pascoag
ASSETS:	Bank delignment of the control of th				
Cash and cash equivalents			\$ 2,606,030		\$ 200
Other receivables Drangid expanditures					
Due from:					
Other funds		\$ 7,742		\$ 186,364	149,500
Other governments	G	CV2 7 3	0.50 808 0.30	\$ 186.364	\$ 150,000
IOIAL ASSEIS	000	71.7	Ш		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:					
LIABILITIES:		040		42 12 079	
Accounts payable		746			
Accrued payroll and benefits					
Due to: Other finds			\$ 268,000		
Office and only					
Other governments Deferred revenues					\$ 150,000
Other lishilities					
TOTAL LIABILITIES	0\$	942	268,000	12,079	150,000
FUND BALANCES:					
Reserved for:					
Perpetual care					
Endowments				CCCC	
Encumbrances				7,000	
Unreserved, reported in:		o o	000 000 0		
Special revenue funds		0,800	7,330,030	172 285	
Capital project funds		000	7 228 030	174 285	0
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	0	0,800	7,000,000	007,411	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	0\$	\$ 7,742	\$ 2,606,030	\$ 186,364	\$ 150,000
					(CONTINUED)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

			Capital Pr	Capital Project Funds			
	Open Space/ Land Acquisition	Callahan Renovation Project	Major Capital	Route 102	Branch River/ Hauser Field	Lev	Levy Rink Renovations
ASSETS:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 168,157	\$ 512,596	\$ 846,153				
Other receivables							
Prepaid expenditures							
Due from: Other funds				\$ 160,603	\$ 104,098	↔	26,047
Other governments			i				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 168,157	\$ 512,596	\$ 846,153	\$ 160,603	\$ 104,098	↔	26,047
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:							
LIABILITIES:						e	76
Accounts payable				\$ 1,049		Ð	c/
Accrued payroll and benefits							
Due to:							
Other funds		\$ 232,018	\$ 156,565				
Other governments							
Deferred revenues							
Other liabilities							7.6
TOTAL LIABILITIES	0	232,018	156,565	1,049	O →		6/
FUND BALANCES:							
Reserved for:							
Perpetual care							
Endowments							
Encumbrances							
Unreserved, reported in:							
Special revenue funds		1	0 L	0 0	404 008		25 972
Capital project funds	168,157	280,578	886,689	159,554	104,090		25,012
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	168,157	280,578	689,588	159,554	104,098		716,67
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 168,157	\$ 512,596	\$ 846,153	\$ 160,603	\$ 104,098	\$	26,047
	I						
							(CONTINOED)

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE, RHODE ISLAND

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

			Capital Project Funds		
	Route 107	Pascoag Main St Revitalization	School Administration Building	High School Football Field	Computer Acquisition
ASSETS:					
Cash and cash equivalents			\$ 1,480		
Outer receivables Prepaid expenditures					
Due from:					
Other funds			7,676		
Other governments TOTAL ASSETS	\$	\$0	\$ 9,156	\$0	\$0
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable					
Accrued payroll and benefits					
Due to:					
Other funds	\$ 50,753				
Other governments					
Deferred revenues					
Other liabilities		0		ç	C &
TOTAL LIABILITIES	50,753	0.9	9	0.0	O
FUND BALANCES:					
Reserved for:					
Perpetual care					
Endowments					
Encumbrances					
Unreserved, reported in:					
Special revenue funds	(50.753)		9 156		
Capital project funds TOTAL FUND BALANCES	(50,753)	0	9,156	0	0
					Č
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	0	\$0	\$ 9,156	0.9	0.00

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

		Permar	Permanent Funds		Total
	Cemetery	Frank H. Potter Bridgeway Fund	Alice McGreevy Thompson Fund	Jesse M. Smith Memorial Library Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables Prepaid expenditures	\$ 74,191	\$ 15,759	\$ 1,178	\$ 16,330	\$ 6,375,999 99,312 20,072
Due from: Other funds Other governments	10,338				Į
TOTÄL ASSETS	\$ 84,529	\$ 15,759	\$ 1,178	\$ 16,330	\$ 8,087,358
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: LIABILITIES:					\$ 195,332
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and benefits Due to:					
Other governments				\$ 740	1,295,878
Deferred revenues		\$ 759	\$ 178	590	592,619 6,959
Outer liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$			1,330	2,200,403
FUND BALANCES:					
Reserved for: Perpetual care	84,529	10.000	1.000	15,000	84,529 406,000
Encomprances					2,000
Special revenue funds					3,835,791 1,558,635
Capital project funds TOTAL FUND BALANCES	84,529	10,000	1,000	15,000	5,886,955
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 84,529	\$ 15,759	\$ 1,178	\$ 16,330	\$ 8,087,358
					(CONCLUDED)

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TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE, RHODE ISLAND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

			Jeison R	Opocial Beyenine Finds		
	School Restricted Grants	Other School Activities	Community Recreation	Technology	Historical Records	Animal Shelter Donation Account
REVENUES: Intergovernmental Investment income Other TOTAL REVENUES	\$2,419,519 25,961 2,445,480	\$ 27,605	\$ 1,468 32,421 33,889	\$ 19,062 19,062	\$ 3,097	\$ 2,020
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety					2,330	1,492
Public libraries Recreation and social services Education	2,371,133	26,681	3,674			
Community development Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES	74,347	26,681	4,003	2,564	2,330	1,492
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	0	924	26,212	16,498	767	528
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	0	0	0	0	0	0
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	0	924	26,212	16,498	767	528
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	0	18,566	54,014	76,919	38,524	464
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR	\$	\$ 19,490	\$ 80,226	\$ 93,417	\$ 39,291	\$ 892

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

			Special Rev	Special Revenue Funds	Comminify	
	Library Grant	Violence Against Women	Byrne Grant	Spring Lake	Development Block Grant	Burrillville Tree Inventory
REVENUES: Intergovernmental Investment income	\$ 79,855	\$	\$ 29,513	\$ 3,959 139,563	\$ 85,339 2,900 25,868	
Other TOTAL REVENUES	79,855	693	29,513	143,522	114,107	0 \$
EXPENDITURES: Current:						
General government Public safety Public libraries	79,855	693		128 010		
Recreation and social services				010,021		
Education Community development			29,513		83,463 17,173	
Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES	79,855	693	29,513	128,010	100,636	0
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	0	0	0	15,512	13,471	0
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in				5,000		
Transfers out NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	0	0	0	0	0	0
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	0	0	0	15,512	13,471	0
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	(3)	0	0	137,659	33,821	164
FIND DALANCE (DEEJCIT) AT END OF VEAR	(3)	0 \$	0 \$	\$ 153,171	\$ 47,292	\$ 164
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIL) AT END OF THE						

(CONTINUED)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

			Special Rev	Special Revenue Funds		
	Unfunded Liability and Incentive Pay Fund	Recycling	Ocean State Power Funds	Narcotics Guidance Council	Police Grant - Operation Riptide	Police Task Force
REVENUES: Intergovernmental Investment income	\$ 2,152	\$ 13,293	\$ 23,663	\$ 29,216	\$ 7,763	\$ 66
TOTAL REVENUES	2,152	13,293	123,663	30,214	7,763	346
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety Public libraries Recreation and social services	65,035		73,396	42,556	7,763	,
Education Community development Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES	65,035	0	79,328	42,556	7,763	0
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(62,883)	13,293	44,335	(12,342)	0	346
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in	163,700			7,000		
Transfers out NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	163,700	0	0	7,000	0	0
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	100,817	13,293	44,335	(5,342)	0	346
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	24,827	48,830	638,506	52,383	0	2,023
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR	\$ 125,644	\$ 62,123	\$ 682,841	\$ 47,041	0	\$ 2,369

(CONTINUED)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		Spe	Special Revenue Funds	spu	
	Police Legislative Grant	Homeland Security	Health Care Contingency	Police Incentive Pay	Cops That Care
REVENUES: Intergovernmental Investment income	\$ 1,000	\$ 4,780	\$ 9,209 218,808	\$ 7,486	
TOTAL REVENUES	1,000	4,780	228,017	7,486	\$0
EXPENDITURES:					
General government Public safety	1,000		7,498	7,486	
Public libraries Recreation and social services					
Community development		4,780			
Capital Outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,000	4,780	7,498	7,486	0
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	0	0	220,519	0	0
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in			20,000		
Transfers out NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	0	0	50,000	0	0
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	0	0	270,519	0	0
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	0	0	246,384	0	0
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR	0	0	\$ 516,903	0 \$	\$0

(CONTINUED)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		£ .	-		40
	Spe	Special Revenue Funds	nds	Capital FIG	Capital F10Ject Fullus
	Ċ		7 4	Municipal	Rail Trail
	Bicentennial Committee	Senior Center	Dept Reduction	Renovation	Pascoag
REVENUES:					
Intergovernmental					
Investment income			\$ 111,367		
Other		71.1.	144 000		04
TOTAL REVENUES	9	1,11/	111,36/	⊅	04
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government	2,061				
Public safety					
Public libraries					
Recreation and social services		2,317			
Education					
Community development				1	
Capital outlay				38,715	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,061	2,317	0	38,715	0
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(2,061)	(1,200)	111,367	(38,715)	0
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		8 000	1,350,000	213,000	
Transfers out	(6,207)		(2,146,000)	•	
NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(6,207)	8,000	(796,000)	213,000	0
EXCESS OF BEVENIES AND OTHED FINANCING SOLIBCES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	(8,268)	6,800	(684,633)	174,285	0
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	8,268	0	3,022,663	0	O
FIIND RAI ANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR	0	\$ 6,800	\$ 2,338,030	\$ 174,285	\$0
ייין ייין אין					

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

			Capital P	Capital Project Funds		
	Open Space/ Land Acquisition	Callahan Renovation Project	Major Capital	Route 102	Branch River/ Hauser Field	Levy Rink Renovations
REVENUES: Intergovernmental Investment income	\$ 4,912	\$ 41,338	\$ 13,978		\$ 11,397	\$ 10,800
TOTAL REVENUES	4,912	41,838	13,978	0 \$	11,397	10,800
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety Public libraries Recreation and social services Education						
Community development Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES	0	62,263	0	5,069	52,400	2,820,681
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	4,912	(20,425)	13,978	(6)(2)	(41,003)	(2,809,881)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in	30,000		476,528 (179,565)			3,030,000
I ransiers out NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	30,000	0	296,963	0	0	3,030,000
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	34,912	(20,425)	310,941	(5,069)	(41,003)	220,119
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	133,245	301,003	378,647	164,623	145,101	(194,147)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR	\$ 168,157	\$ 280,578	\$ 689,588	\$ 159,554	\$ 104,098	\$ 25,972

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE, RHODE ISLAND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		Ö	Capital Project Funds	<u>s</u>	
	Route 107	Pascoag Main St Revitalization	School Administration Building	High School Football Field	Computer Acquisition
REVENUES: Intergovernmental					
Investment income Other TOTAL REVENUES	9	0 \$	0	0	0
EXPENDITURES:					
Current: General government					
Public satety Public libraries					
Recreation and social services					
Education Community development				25,673	2.582
Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES	0	0	0	25,673	2,582
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	0	0	0	(25,673)	(2,582)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in		301,310		(15,176)	(12)
I ransfers out NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	0	301,310	0	(15,176)	(12)
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	0	301,310	0	(40,849)	(2,594)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	(50,753)	(301,310)	9,156	40,849	2,594
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR	\$ (50,753)	8	\$ 9,156	0 \$	0 \$

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

REVENUES: Intergovermental Investment income Other TOTAL REVENUES EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety Public libraries Recreation and social services Education Community development Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES EXCESS OF REVENUES OURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out		Alice McGreevy Thompson Fund \$ 42	Jesse M. Smith Memorial Library Fund 591 591	8 2,689,854 218,348 611,100 3,519,302 18,434 85,787
be a 2,143	↔	€		2,6
nent social services social se			591 591	3,519,302 195,251 18,434 85,787
nent social services social services MDITURES ENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES FINANCING SOURCES (USES) VG SOURCES (USES):			591	195,251 18,434 85,787
3				134 001
				2,397,814 83,463 3.139,763
	1,182 560	42	591	6,054,513
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out	3,961 0	0	0	(2,535,211)
		C	0	5,634,538 (2,351,960) 3,282,578
NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	3,961	0	0	747,367
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	80,568 10,000	1,000	15,000	5,139,588
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR		\$ 1,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 5,886,955

(CONCLUDED)

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

School Cafeteria Fund

This fund accounts for the School Department's food service operation.

Levy Rink

This fund accounts for the operations of the Levy Ice Rink.

Extended Day Care

This fund accounts for the operation of a Town managed Day Care Facility.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	C	School Cafeteria Fund		Levy Rink		Extended Day Care		Totals
ASSETS:		Turiu		KIIIK		Day Care	Article Control of the	Totals
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	547,917	\$	36,461	\$	247,141	\$	831,519
Receivables, net		17,027	,	,	•	15,922	*	32,949
Due from:		,				, - ,		,
Other funds		1,718				10,179		11,897
Other governments		25,450				•		25,450
Inventory		11,037						11,037
Total current assets		603,149		36,461		273,242		912,852
Noncurrent assets:								
Net capital assets		487		151,167		65,723		217,377
Total noncurrent assets	•	487		151,167		65,723		217,377
		N255345 - 1	*********************			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
TOTAL ASSETS	V ersion and the second	603,636		187,628	······································	338,965		1,130,229
LIABILITIES:								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable		22,299		9,665		14,365		46,329
Accrued interest payable				2,300				2,300
Due to other funds		588,055		133,493		5,000		726,548
Deferred revenue		9,036				10,522		19,558
Accrued compensated absences	*************	7,900	***************************************	1,000				8,900
Total current liabilities		627,290	······································	146,458		29,887		803,635
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Accrued compensated absences		1,559		9,073				10,632
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	1,559	PANA di nga sa karabang ang di manga	9,073	-	0		10,632
	-		***************************************			The same of the sa		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		628,849		155,531		29,887		814,267
NET ASSETS:								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		487		151,167		65,723		217,377
Unrestricted		(25,700)		(119,070)		243,355		98,585
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	(25,213)	\$	32,097	\$	309,078	\$	315,962

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Ca	chool feteria ⁻ und	Levy Rink	Extended Day Care		Totals
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Charges for usage and service		578,461	\$ 274,656	\$ 453,228	\$ 1	,306,345
Total operating revenues		578,461	 274,656	 453,228	1	,306,345
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Operations	į	535,138	226,800	78,313		840,251
Personnel	3	398,166	127,735	338,059		863,960
Depreciation		2,134	12,676	9,651		24,461
Total operating expenses	(935,438	 367,211	 426,023		1,728,672
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(;	356,977)	 (92,555)	27,205		(422,327)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):						
Interest expense			(2,300)			(2,300)
Grants				4,100		4,100
Investment income		46	371	12,104		12,521
Intergovernmental	;	329,880				329,880
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)		329,926	(1,929)	16,204		344,201
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		(27,051)	(94,484)	43,409		(78,126)
TRANSFERS IN	***************************************	0.	 44,000	 0		44,000
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		(27,051)	(50,484)	43,409		(34,126)
TOTAL NET ASSETS - BEGINNING	*****	1,838	82,581	 265,669	*****	350,088
TOTAL NET ASSETS - ENDING	\$	(25,213)	\$ 32,097	\$ 309,078	\$	315,962

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	School Cafeteria Fund	Levy Rink	Extended Day Care	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Cash received from customers	\$ 583,813	\$ 274,656	\$ 447,829	\$ 1,306,298
Cash paid to suppliers	(511,171)	(219,202)	(73,529)	(803,902)
Cash paid to employees	(398,013)	(128,213)	(338,059)	(864,285)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	(325,371)	(72,759)	36,241	(361,889)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Nonoperating grants received	349,364		4,100	353,464
Transfer from other funds	,	44,000	1,700	44,000
Increase in due from other funds		11,000	(10,179)	(10,179)
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	201,001	26,995	(16,173)	211,823
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing	201,001	20,000	(10,170)	211,023
activities	550,365	70,995	(22,252)	599,108
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of capital assets			(15,907)	(15,907)
Interest expense		(3,183)		(3,183)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	0	(3,183)	(15,907)	(19,090)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest on investments	46	371	12,104	12,521
Net cash provided by investing activities	46	371	12,104	12,521
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	225,040	(4,576)	10,186	230,650
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	322,877	41,037	236,955	600,869
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 547,917	\$ 36,461	\$ 247,141	\$ 831,519
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (356,977)	\$ (92,555)	\$ 27,205	\$ (422,327)
Adjustments to reconcile:				
Depreciation	2,134	12,676	9,651	24,461
Decrease in allowance for doubtful accounts			(1,485)	(1,485)
Increase in accounts receivable	(3,684)		(2,422)	(6,106)
Decrease in inventory	2,449			2,449
Increase in accounts payable	21,518	7,598	4,784	33,900
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue	9,036		(1,492)	7,544
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences	153	(478)	·	(325)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (325,371)	\$ (72,759)	\$ 36,241	\$ (361,889)

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TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

AGENCY FUNDS

Pupil Activity Funds

This fund accounts for the student activity funds of the School Department.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

PUPIL ACTIVITY FUNDS	Beginning Balance	F	Receipts	Dist	oursements	Ending Balance
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 213,014 3,332	\$	383,582 110	\$	391,424 200	\$ 205,172 3,242
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 216,346	\$	383,692	\$	391,624	\$ 208,414
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Deposits held in custody for others	\$ 216,346	\$	383,692	\$	391,624	\$ 208,414

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TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY SCHEDULES

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS YÉAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual GAAP Basis	Adjustments to Budgetary Basis	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance
Property faxes:						
Current and prior years	\$ 20,098,597	\$ 20,098,597	\$ 20,386,274		\$ 20,386,274	\$ 287,677
Interest on delinquent taxes and other	160,000	160,000	167,184		167,184	7,184
Payment in lieu of taxes	4,576,714	4,576,714	4,577,103		4,577,103	389
Total property taxes	24,835,311	24,835,311	25,130,561	0 \$	25,130,561	295,250
Intergovernmental revenues:						
State of Rhode Island including:						
School aid	12 228 671	12.228.671		12,228,672	12,228,672	_
School construction	2,072,165	2,072,165	2,252,182	•	2,252,182	180,017
Motor vehicle phase out	2,785,388	2,785,388	2,785,135		2,785,135	(253)
General aid	706,306	706,306	597,138		597,138	(109,168)
Medicaid reimbursement	250,000	250,000		184,229	184,229	(65,771)
Group home	315,000	315,000		315,000	315,000	
Distressed community aid	305,033	305,033	339,625		339,625	34,592
Meals and beverage tax	161,699	161,699	167,170		167,170	5,471
Pilot	78,891	78,891	73,010		73,010	(5,881)
Telephone tax	156,192	156,192	138,694		138,694	(17,498)
Police and other	136,600	136,600	87,169		87,169	(49,431)
Total intergovernmental revenues	19,195,945	19,195,945	6,440,123	12,727,901	19,168,024	(27,921)
Denartmental revenues:						
licenses nermite and fees.						
Licenses and fees	511 050	511,050	372.997		372,997	(138,053)
Building official	57,200	57,200	41,256		41,256	(15,944)
Miscellaneous	36,000	36,000	33,645		33,645	(2,355)
Services/assessments	67 100	67,100	156,244		156,244	89,144
Total departmental revenues	671,350	671,350	604,142	0	604,142	(67,208)
Investment income	281,000	281,000	261,858	0	261,858	(19,142)
Total revenues	44 983 606	44 983 606	32,436,684	12.727.901	45,164,585	180,979
lotal revenues	000,000,1					And the state of t
						(CONTINUED)

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual GAAP Basis	Adjustments to Budgetary Basis	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance
General Government:						
Elected officials	20,000	20,000	16,980		16,980	3,020
Town clerk	223,526	225,526	214,540		214,540	10,986
Tax assessor	159,950	162,450	145,328		145,328	17,122
Town manager	180,782	184,282	178,809		178,809	5,473
Building official	117,844	119,544	116,856		116,856	2,688
Town treasurer	261,889	260,389	235,498		235,498	24,891
Tax collector	131,459	131,459	127,955		127,955	3,504
Information systems	178,950	182,650	177,249		177,249	5,401
Town planner	141,395	127,895	124,276		124,276	3,619
Boards, agencies, and committees	135,765	135,765	118,258		118,258	17,507
General fund contingency	75,000	30,425	29,784		29,784	641
Miscellaneous town expense	11,000	11,000	9,548		9,548	1,452
Buildings - administration	12,475	12,475	12,425		12,425	20
Total general government	1,650,035	1,603,860	1,507,506	0	1,507,506	96,354
Public Safety:						
Police department	2,184,923	2,269,423	2,266,172		2,266,172	3,251
Animal control	118,807	118,807	118,806		118,806	
Civil defense	009'6	6,600	6,213		6,213	3,387
Municipal court	22,870	22,870	20,142		20,142	2,728
Total public safety	2,336,200	2,420,700	2,411,333	0	2,411,333	9,367
Public Works:	1 220 377	1.292.377	1,287,046		1,287,046	5,331
Total public works	1,220,377	1,292,377	1,287,046	0	1,287,046	5,331

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

					1011	
	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final Budget	Actual GAAP Basis	Adjustments to Budgetary Basis	Budgetary Basis	Variance
Recreation and Social Services: Participation recreation	207,394	213,394	211,604		211,604	1,790
Operation of mini-bus	26,000	26,000	21,756		21,756	4,244
Total recreation and social services	233,394	239,394	233,360	0	233,360	6,034
Special Appropriations	70,700	74,375	74,370	0	74,370	5
Debt Service: General obligation bonds:						
Principal	3,695,000	3,695,000	3,695,000		3,695,000	3 23 3
Bond registration fees and other	3,000	3,000	1,625,1625		1,625,1	1,375
Total debt service	5,174,625	4,969,625	4,964,412	0	4,964,412	5,213
General Services	1,406,750	1,326,750	1,287,508	0	1,287,508	39,242
Capital Improvements Program: School department	305,000	620.739	485.209		485,209	185,530
Police department	40,400	68,928	45,402		45,402	23,526
Public works	1,425,986	2,860,373	1,788,591		1,788,591	1,071,782
Administration	57,800	289,723	87,851		87,851	201,872
Recreation	5,000	72,995	1,140		1,140	71,855
Total capital improvements program	1,834,186	3,962,758	2,408,193	0	2,408,193	1,554,565
Library						
Pascoag Library	53,500	53,500	53,500		53,500	
Jesse M. Smith Library	347,700	347,700	347,700		347,700	
Total library	401,200	401,200	401,200	0	401,200	0

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual GAAP Basi <u>s</u>	Adjustments to Budgetary Basis	Actual Budgetary <u>Basis</u>	Variance
Miscellaneous: Employee insurance and benefits Legal services	1,899,762 110,000	2,024,762 287,000	1,972,227 294,744		1,972,227 294,744 47,625	52,535 (7,744) 8,225
Other professional services Total miscellaneous	2,065,612	2,367,612	2,314,596	0	2,314,596	53,016
Total expenditures	16,393,079	18,658,651	16,889,524	0	16,889,524	1,769,127
Excess of revenues over expenditures	28,590,527	26,324,955	15,547,160	12,727,901	28,275,061	1,950,106
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out:	(000 986 86)	(08 858 800)	(15 880 798)	(12 727 901)	(28.608.699)	(20,000)
Capital project funds	(476,528)	(3,990,773)	(3,990,773)		(3,990,773) (2,108,229)	(2,108,229)
Proceeds from bond issuance Proceeds from sale of capital assets			2,108,229		2,108,229	2,108,229
Transfers in: Special revenue funds Capital project funds	273,000	2,151,000 23,000	2,157,207		2,157,207 38,188	6,207
Re-appropriation of prior year's designated fund balance		4,050,517	-	4,050,517	4,050,517	700 x 0x
Total other financing sources (uses)	(28,590,527)	(26,324,955)	(17,526,176)	(8,677,384)	(26,203,560)	121,395
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures - budgetary basis	0	0	\$ (1,979,016)	\$ 4,050,517	\$ 2,071,501	\$ 2,071,501

(CONCLUDED)

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

			water was a second of the seco
Federal Grantor	Federal	Pass-Through	
Pass-Through Grantor	CFDA	Grantor's	Federal
Program title	Number	Number	Expenditures
· ·	4		
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Governor's Office of Housing & Energy & Intergovernmental Relations			
Community Development Block Grants - Small Cities Program	14.219	07/03/22	\$ 50,414
Community Development Block Grants - Small Cities Program	14.219	06/03/21	12,652
Community Development Block Grants - Small Cities Program	14.219	04/03/19	17,173
Community Development Block Grants - Small Cities Program	14.219	02/03/17	5,100
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			85,339
U.S. Department of Justice			
RI Governor's Justice Commission	40 540		20 542
2006 Byrne/Justice Assistance Grant (JAG)	16.548		29,513
Total U.S. Department of Justice			29,513
U.S. Department of Transportation			
RI Governor's Office on Highway Safety			
Operation Riptide	20.XXX		7,763
Total U.S. Department of Transportation	20.7777		7,763
Total 0.5. Department of Transportation			1,700
Federal Emergency Management Agency			
RI Emergency Management Agency			
Homeland Security Grant	97.067	3-80-FY05	4,780
Total Federal Emergency Management Agency			4,780
U.S. Department of Education			
Rhode Island Department of Education			
Title I	84.010A	1420-51600	249,311
Title II	84.367A	1420-54000	143,874
IDEA, Part B	84.027A	1430-50500	589,754
Pre-School 99-457	84.173A	1430-50800	23,827
Drug Free	84.186A	1420-52900	8,680
Comprehensive School Reform Program	84.332A	1420-53900	23,166
Woonsocket School Department	040404	4.400 50000	15.050
Woonsocket Long-Term Plan	84.048A	1420-53200	15,959
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,054,571
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
U.S. Department of Agriculture Phodo Island Department of Education			
Rhode Island Department of Education Food Distribution	10.550		26,849
School Breakfast Program	10.553		41,507
National School Lunch Program	10.555		247,181
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.000		315,537
rotar o.s. Department of Agriculture			010,007

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Grantor Program title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Brownfields Assessment and Cleanup Cooperative Agreements	66.818		67,000
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,564,503

(CONCLUDED)

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2008

1. GENERAL

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal awards programs of the Town of Burrillville. All federal awards received from federal agencies are included on the Schedule. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Therefore, some of the amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

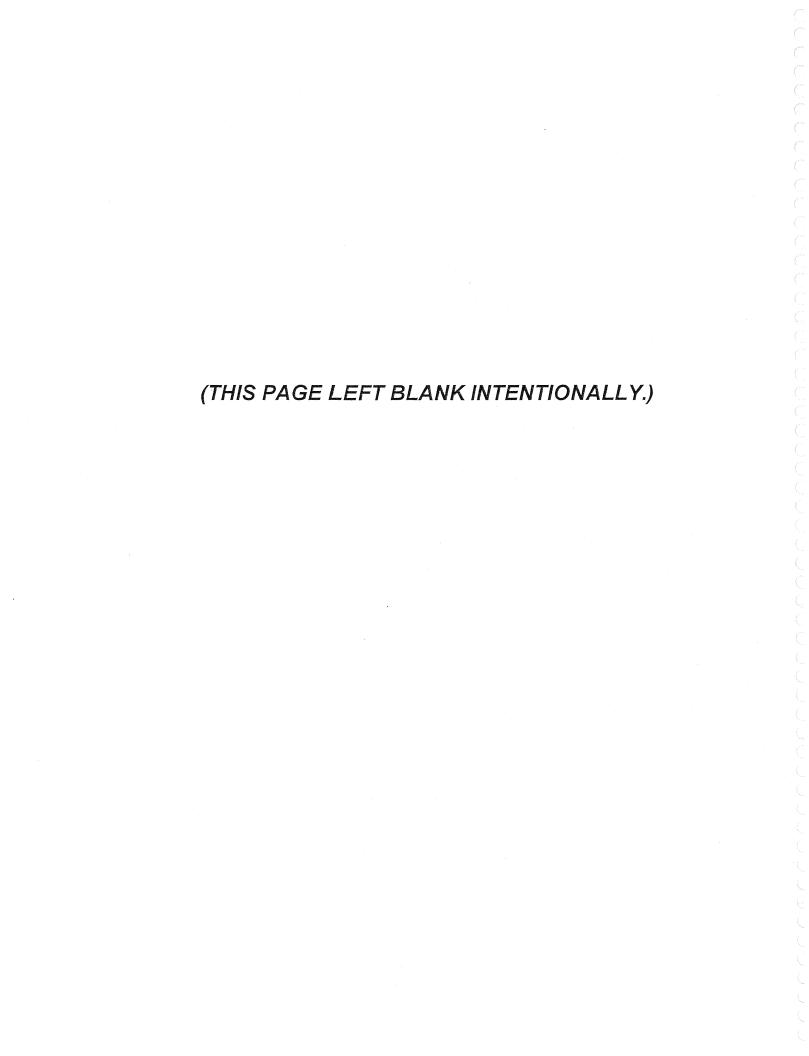
The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

3. DETERMINATION OF MAJOR PROGRAMS

The determination of major federal financial assistance programs was based upon the overall level of expenditures for all federal programs for the Town of Burrillville. As such, the threshold for determining Type A and Type B programs is defined as those with program expenditures greater than \$300,000 or 3 percent of total expenditures when the total expenditures are over \$10,000,000. There were two programs with expenditures exceeding \$300,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the following programs were considered major programs:

 Child Nutrition Cluster.....
 #10.550, #10.553 and #10.555

 Special Education Cluster.....
 #84.027 and #84.173



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Certified Public Accountants and Business Consultants

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Town Council, Burrillville, Rhode Island

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 22, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's internal control. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting (2008-1 and 2008-2).

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the significant deficiencies described above, we consider items 2008-1 and 2008-2 to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain other matters that we reported to management of the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island in a separate letter dated December 22, 2008.

The Town of Burrillville's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the Town of Burrillville's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Town Council, management, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

December 22, 2008

Cayer Caccia, LLP

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Certified Public Accountants and Business Consultants

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Honorable Town Council Burrillville, Rhode Island

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. The Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance with those requirements, which are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2008-3.

405 Promenade Street, Providence, RI 02908 (401) 421-7700 FAX (401) 421-5252 100 Plaza Center 68 Cumberland Street, Woonsocket, RI 02895 (401) 766-8100

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

The Town of Burrillville's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the Town of Burrillville's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Town Council, management, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Cayer Caccia, LLP

December 22, 2008

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE, RHODE ISLAND

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of the Town of Burrillville.
- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:

Two significant deficiencies disclosed during the audit of the financial statements are summarized below in findings 2008-1 and 2008-2. Both of the conditions are reported as material weaknesses.

- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Town of Burrillville, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the Town of Burrillville expresses an unqualified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. Audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133 are reported in this Schedule.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs include:

 Child Nutrition Cluster
 #10.550, #10.553 and #10.555

 Special Education Cluster
 #84.027 and #84.173

- 8. The threshold used for distinguishing Type A and B programs is described in Note 3 to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.
- 9. The Town did not qualify as a low risk auditee.

B. FINDINGS RELATED TO AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2008-1 Oversight of the Town's Financial Reporting Process

The Town Council and management are responsible for the effective oversight of the financial reporting process, including the preparation of Town financial statements and related footnote disclosures. During fiscal year 2008, the Town relied upon the external auditor to prepare its financial statements and related footnote disclosures to ensure that they were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Therefore, adequate controls were not in place as of June 30, 2008 to prevent and detect misstatements in the financial statement preparation and reporting process.

Recommendation – We recommend that the Town continue to strengthen its internal controls to decrease the risk of misstatements over the financial reporting process. Management can improve controls related to the financial reporting process by dedicating resources to improve the oversight of the financial reporting process.

Corrective Action Plan – We acknowledge that we relied on the external auditors to assist in the recording of certain complex transactions and the final preparation of the GAAP financial statements. Since this does not present an independence issue and is more cost effective, we will continue to rely on external auditors to prepare the financial statements.

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE, RHODE ISLAND

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

B. FINDINGS RELATED TO AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2008-2 Accurate Posting of Side Fund Financial Activity

Required monthly interfund reconciliations and general ledger maintenance procedures related to the Town's larger and more complex side funds (special revenue and capital project funds) are not being performed on a timely basis. As a result, we noted posting errors which required correcting entries to be made. In addition, we provided management with numerous adjusting entries which were required to record and reclassify financial activity in the MUNIS general ledger.

Recommendation – We recommend that the Finance Department establish and implement effective review and reconciliation procedures for the Town's significant side funds.

Corrective Action Plan – Posting of financial data and interfund reconciliations will be performed on a monthly basis.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - RELATING TO FEDERAL AWARDS

U.S. Department of Education

IDEA - Special Education Cluster - CFDA No. 84.027 and No. 84.173

2008 – 3 Condition and Criteria: Interim financial status reports are due 15 days after each calendar quarter end. We noted that two of the interim financial status reports were not timely filed.

Effect: The reports were not submitted within the time period required by the Rhode Island Department of Elementary and Secondary Education.

Cause: The late filing was an unintentional oversight.

Population and Items Tested: All nine Financial Status Reports and Cash Reimbursement Forms filed for these grants during fiscal year 2008.

Auditor's Recommendation: Procedures should be established which require the timely filing of these reports.

Grantee's Response: The School Department agrees with the finding. The finding relates only to the first quarter reports. The reason for the delay for the late filing of the reports was primarily due to the late notification of the grant award by the Rhode Island Department of Elementary and Secondary Education. Every effort will be made in the future to rectify this situation.

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE, RHODE ISLAND

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

D. SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Department of Agriculture

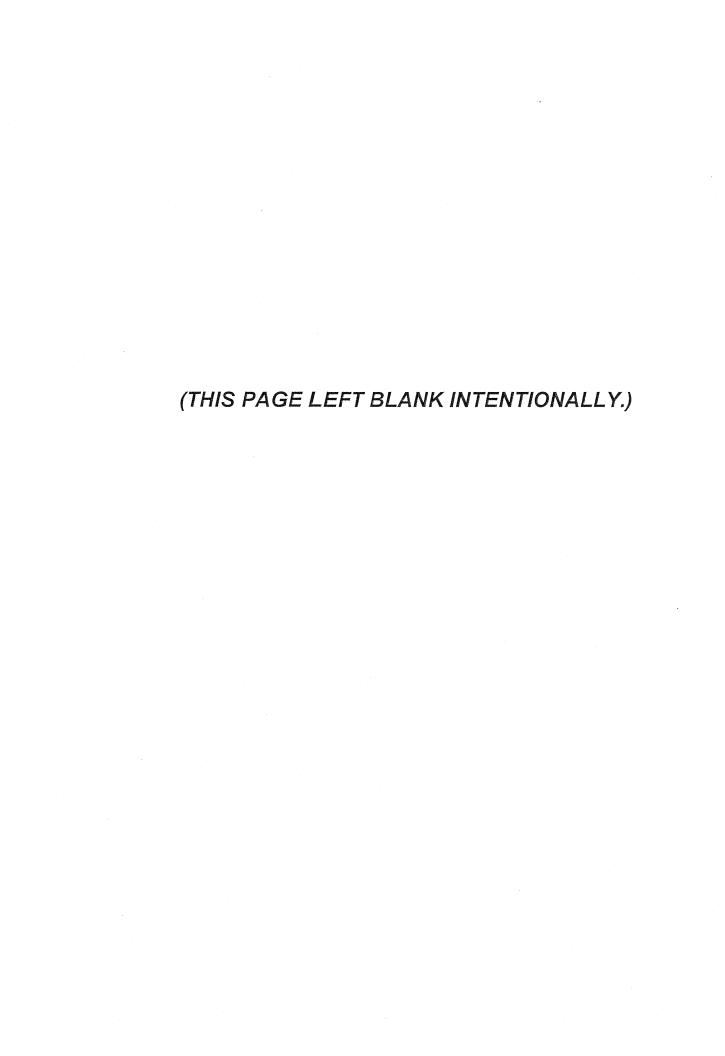
Finding 2007- 3 Child Nutrition Cluster

Condition: This finding was a significant deficiency stating that there was a lack of segregation of duties related to the School Lunch Program. In addition, we noted that the monthly bank reconciliations disclosed several deposits in transit that were significantly delayed in clearing the bank. We also noted that three deposits in transit totaling \$2,441 were subsequently written off in the general ledger.

Recommendation: It was recommended that the financial duties of the School Lunch Program, including the monthly bank reconciliation process, be assumed by the School Business Office.

Current Status: The recommendation was adopted during fiscal year 2008. No similar findings were noted in the fiscal year 2008 audit.

(CONCLUDED)



TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

STATISTICAL SECTION

TABLE 1

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

TABLE 1

NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS Unaudited (Accrual basis of accounting)

	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Governmental activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted (deficit) Total governmental activities	\$ 42,831,767	\$ 33,748,145	\$ 16,449,422	\$ 20,677,984	\$ 13,516,167	\$ 14,943,880
	110,529	106,568	7,419,103	1,965,612	1,876,349	1,715,594
	(2,385,712)	6,766,810	10,348,540	7,404,492	6,583,737	514,214
	\$ 40,556,584	\$ 40,621,523	\$ 34,217,065	\$ 30,048,088	\$ 21,976,253	\$ 17,173,688
Business-type activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities	\$ 14,900,077	\$ 22,032,969	\$ 19,869,433	\$ 17,545,499	\$ 17,834,884	\$ 18,122,264
	12,546,693	2,536,364	1,732,818	1,721,584	1,672,774	1,701,312
	\$ 27,446,770	\$ 24,569,333	\$ 21,602,251	\$ 19,267,083	\$ 19,507,658	\$ 19,823,576
Primary government: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total primary government	\$ 57,731,844	\$ 55,781,114	\$ 36,318,855	\$ 38,223,483	\$ 31,351,051	\$ 33,066,144
	110,529	106,568	7,419,103	1,965,612	1,876,349	1,715,594
	10,160,981	9,303,174	12,081,358	9,126,076	8,256,511	2,215,526
	\$ 68,003,354	\$ 65,190,856	\$ 55,819,316	\$ 49,315,171	\$ 41,483,911	\$ 36,997,264

NOTE: Prior to implementation of GASB 34 in 2003, this information was not compiled and is unavailable.

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS
Unaudited
(Accrual basis of accounting)

	1	1	. (L C	000	c c
	2008	7007	2006	2002	Z004	2003
EXPENSES:	EARTOSTE EINKESTERFERSTERFERSTERFER VOCTORIGENSTERFERSTERFERSTERFERSTERFERSTERFERSTERFERSTERFERSTERFERSTERFERS					
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 4,028,881	\$ 3,179,437	\$ 3,434,626	\$ 3,180,474	\$ 2,949,158	\$ 2,694,849
Public safety	3,305,109	2,450,317	2,285,274	1,916,299	2,115,792	1,914,977
Public works	6,521,874	1,857,393	1,363,199	1,335,720	1,072,093	1,356,644
Education	30,377,367	29,403,540	28,569,871	27,756,166	27,184,891	26,983,684
Recreation and social services	672,229	454,032	425,447	377,328	361,333	350,680
Public libraries	486,987	406,832	383,873	301,534	282,265	253,346
Community development	83,463	128,780	57,261	153,706	225,817	311,436
Other	1,553,844	3,223,662	2,951,902	2,567,546	1,626,650	1,486,366
Interest on long-term debt	1,297,028	1,172,555	929,208	974,424	1,159,186	1,421,244
Total governmental activities	48,326,782	42,276,548	40,400,661	38,563,197	36,977,185	36,773,226
Business-type activities.	1 697 219	1 682 383	1.868.573	1,930,468	1,899,715	1,780,954
School Cafeferia Fund	935,438	877,141	863,317	813,114	762,035	777,837
Hevy Rink	369,511	292,428	339,196	318,731	262,838	242,991
Extended Day Care	426,023	416,946	395,503	430,158	346,198	348,186
Total business-type activities	3,428,191	3,268,898	3,466,589	3,492,471	3,270,786	3,149,968
Total primary government expenses	51,754,973	45,545,446	43,867,250	42,055,668	40,247,971	39,923,194

NOTE: Prior to implementation of GASB 34 in 2003, this information was not compiled and is unavailable.

NOTE: Due to changes in the classification of certain expenditures, a direct comparison between different functions and/or different years may not be practical.

(CONTINUED)

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TABLE 2

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

TABLE 2

(Accrual basis of accounting) CHANGES IN NET ASSETS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS Unaudited

	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
PROGRAM REVENUES:						
Governmental activities:						
Charges for services:						
General government	516,877	805,370	748,762	710,807	644,457	749,490
Public safety	176,930	147,432	52,632	75,089	91,141	73,853
Education	384,706	267,781	280,777	343,343	303,703	377,709
Other activities	389,269	235,734	46,490	56,724	61,864	63,748
Operating grants and contributions	16,803,743	18,268,107	17,659,717	17,389,782	16,627,602	17,120,559
Capital grants and contributions	2,842,227	1,153,972	698,531	674,435	206,663	430,342
Total governmental activities program revenues	21,113,752	20,878,396	19,486,909	19,250,180	17,935,430	18,815,701
Business-type activities:						
Charges for services:						
Sewer	2,437,515	1,667,150	1,304,774	1,175,684	1,115,187	1,056,852
School Cafeteria Fund	578,461	621,452	613,046	593,855	582,873	549,649
Levy Rink	274,656	236,172	289,665	262,824	303,195	266,375
Extended Day Care	453,228	429,714	412,502	442,299	426,259	413,117
Operating grants and contributions	333,980	277,226	232,081	207,699	187,205	202,479
Capital grants and contributions			500,000			
Total business-type activities program revenues	4,077,840	3,231,714	3,352,068	2,682,361	2,614,719	2,488,472
		(1		
i otal primary government revenues	25,191,592	24,110,110	22,838,977	21,932,541	20,550,149	21,304,173
Net (expenses) revenues:						
Governmental activities	(27,213,030)	(21,398,152)	(20,913,752)	(19,313,017)	(19,041,755)	(17,957,525)
Business-type activities	649,649	(37,184)	(114,521)	(810,110)	(656,067)	(661,496)
Total primary government net expense	(26,563,381)	(21,435,336)	(21,028,273)	(20,123,127)	(19,697,822)	(18,619,021)

NOTE: Prior to implementation of GASB 34 in 2003, this information was not compiled and is unavailable.

NOTE: Due to changes in the classification of certain expenditures, a direct comparison between different functions and/or different years may not be practical.

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

(Accrual basis of accounting) CHANGES IN NET ASSETS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS Unaudited

	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET ASSETS: Governmental activities:					·	
Property taxes and other	27,883,350	26,766,380	26,123,185	24,613,157	23,405,807	22,161,021
State revenue sharing	936,763	966,898	762,535	606,149	610,930	641,803
Unrestricted investment earnings	480,206	886,814	395,289	216,444	158,655	166,203
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific						
programs			229,399	2,400,000		•
Transfers	(2,152,228)	(2,934,425)	(2,427,679)	(589,492)	(331,072)	
Total governmental activities	27,148,091	25,685,667	25,082,729	27,246,258	23,844,320	22,969,027
Business-type activities:						
Unrestricted investment earnings	75,560	69,841	22,010	22,529	6,077	15,111
Transfers	2,152,228	2,934,425	2,427,679	589,492	331,072	
Total business-type activities	2,227,788	3,004,266	2,449,689	612,021	340,149	15,111
Total primary government	29,375,879	28,689,933	27,532,418	27,858,279	24,184,469	22,984,138
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS:	(64 939)	4 287 515	4 168 977	7 933 241	4 802 565	5 011 502
Business-type activities	2.877.437	2,967,082	2,335,168	(198,089)	(315,918)	(646,385)
Total primary government	\$ 2,812,498	\$ 7,254,597	\$ 6,504,145	\$ 7,735,152	\$ 4,486,647	\$ 4,365,117

NOTE: Prior to implementation of GASB 34 in 2003, this information was not compiled and is unavailable.

(CONCLUDED) NOTE: Due to changes in the classification of certain expenditures, a direct comparison between different functions and/or different years may not be practical.

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TABLE 3

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

TABLE 3

Unaudited
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

21,376,802 19,541,153 552,960 158,655 65,189 1,121,918 225,817 2,107,292 918,503 273,603 282,265 (725,283)(15,715,365)(71,000)26,023,368 4,217,500 1,199,232 3,123,166 43,541,960 2,307,554 (706,283)42,816,677 421,072 15,384,293 19,000 2004 G G 719,948 (35,541)\$22,453,768 19,987,117 216,444 48,168 1,155,052 2,175,013 26,846,036 153,706 3,487,500 (17,762,817)1,064,257 277,772 301,534 2,567,546 ,016,212 3,062,269 43,938,222 44,580,497 2,986,377 342,275 17,173,325 606,734 553,951 2005 69 395,289 1,057,396 33,303 636,186 1,670,019 \$ 23,729,036 46,769,270 20,305,437 3,140,147 2,193,993 27,753,517 383,873 2,951,902 3,167,500 882,198 9,883,679 154,350 (17,529,122)322,624 57,261 116,224 4,141,208 46.167.843 15,101,443 601,427 7,610,350 8,211,777 G (2,079,525) (19,553,849) \$24,081,205 22,183,385 518,998 128,674 886,814 77,754 798,780 597,856 (8,957,602)81,578 2,305,526 1,105,007 28,392,459 406,832 128,780 2,206,948 2,893,512 15,457,888 57,555,458 3,013,611 347,061 1,220,080 7,937,425 2,090,000 16,619,424 (3,862,549)5,095,053 2007 21,924,878 447,898 480,206 156,244 1,169,525 2,990,265 1,287,046 83,463 49,309,312 2,429,767 3,695,000 (4,035,976)\$ 25,130,561 29,273,937 367,361 486,987 2,388,966 1,269,412 (24,375,760)(3,661,975)9,073,084 53,345,288 2,108,229 268,000 150,000 22,223,532 374,001 2008 8 Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures Net other financing sources (uses) Repayment of debt to escrow agent Proceeds from sale of capital asset Other financing sources (uses): Recreation and social services Proceeds from bond issuance Employee benefits and other Net change in fund balances Intergovernmental revenue Refunding bond proceeds Community development Interest and other costs Licenses and permits Bond issuance costs General government Bond issuance costs Investment income Total expenditures Proceeds from loan Total revenues Other revenues Property taxes Bond premium Departmental Expenditures: Public works Public safety Debt service: Capital outlay Transfers out Transfers in Revenues: Education Principal Libraries

This schedule includes expenditures of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Project Funds and Permanent Funds. Ξ

111

13.4%

11.0%

86.6

10.0%

11.2%

Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1) Unaudited (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
Revenues: Property taxes Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 20,241,627 19,444,792	\$ 19,948,671 18,455,087	\$ 19,841,705 14,118,299	\$ 21,004,492 15,079,726	\$ 18,874,064 13,159,114
Licenses and permits Interest on investments	744,280 166,203	277,938	572,593	839,941	476,888
Departmental Other revenues	54,218 1,177,129	462,811 1,090,333	394,311 1,331,941	427,532 1,071,978	431,948 888,430
Total revenues	41,828,249	40,234,840	36,258,849	38,423,669	33,830,444
Expenditures:	,				0 0
General government Public safetv	2,632,620	1,112,139	982,301	1,087,407	926,700 1 444 996
Public works	953,132	846,938	713,360	884,048	720,726
General services		1,000,036	815,220	953,555	796,432
Education	25,640,448	22,577,704	20,884,010	21,969,140	20,314,770
Recreation and social services	262,950	167,649	151,244	164,521	139,803
Libraries	253,346	226,712	216,000	233,500	194,750
Community development	311,436				
Employee benefits and other	1,486,366	4,321,280	3,533,312	4,287,794	2,853,498
Debt setvice:	5 092 500	3 617 500	2 957 500	2.562.500	2 512 500
Interest and other costs	1,477,153	1,996,105	1,691,426	1.425.912	1.549,762
Capital outlay	3,975,874	2,307,399	6,751,927	8,657,264	2,460,385
Total expenditures	43,953,276	39,969,776	40,252,396	43,856,982	33,914,322
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	(2,125,027)	265,064	(3,993,547)	(5,433,313)	(83,878)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Proceeds from bond issuance	9,363,816		5,500,000	8,000,000	
Proceeds from leasing Proceeds from loan	138,430				
Transfers in	15,282,526	12,408,992	11,357,400	11,421,196	10,708,876
Repayment of debt to escrow agent Transfers out	(9,243,350) (15,282,526)	(12,496,661)	(11,357,400)	(11,421,196)	(10,708,876)
Bond issuance costs	(118,470)	(000 E0)	000	000 000 8	
Net other financing sources (uses)	940,446	(809,78)	ດທຸດທຸດຕະເ	0,000,000	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,184,581)	\$ 177,395	\$ 1,506,453	\$ 2,566,687	\$ (83,878)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	16.4%	14.9%	13.9%	11.3%	12.9%

⁽¹⁾ This schedule includes expenditures of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Project Funds and Permanent Funds.

(CONCLUDED)

TABLE 4

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS Unaudited (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
General Fund: Reserved Unreserved Total general fund	\$ 747,546 6,649,026 7,396,572	\$ 521,381 8,854,207 9,375,588	\$ 1,824,547 7,221,720 9,046,267	\$ 475,191 7,015,338 7,490,529	\$ 628,296 6,390,551 7,018,847	\$ 552,579 7,724,092 8,276,671
All Other Governmental Funds: Reserved Unreserved	746,019	6,157,429	5,594,556	1,490,421	1,248,053	1,163,015
Special revenue funds Capital project funds Total all other governmental funds	4,109,362 (556,090) 4,299,291	4,181,880 (4,357,059)	3,669,236	2,263,999	1,674,108 873,154	1,392,028 688,731
Total governmental funds	\$ 11,695,863	\$ 15,357,838	\$ 19,741,907	\$ 11,530,130	\$10,814,162	\$,243,774

NOTE: Prior to implementation of GASB 34 in 2003, this information was not compiled and is unavailable.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE Unaudited

Percent of Uncollected Current Tax	2.91%	2.56%	2.90%	2.64%	2.09%	2.37%	1.65%	1.87%	2.05%	2.07%
Uncollected Current Tax	\$435,102	\$389,805	\$458,087	\$422,929	\$334,439	\$410,135	\$299,506	\$358,005	\$400,262	\$420,962
Ratio of Delinquent Taxes to Net Tax Levy	8.50%	7.83%	8.82%	6.98%	6.22%	6.04%	3.93%	4.00%	4.16%	4.25%
Net Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (2)	\$1,269,512	\$1,192,104	\$1,394,556	\$1,119,774	\$993,538	\$1,042,929	\$714,123	\$766,598	\$810,810	\$866,946
Ratio of Total Tax Collections to Net Tax Levy	99.70%	100.02%	99.47%	99.72%	100.67%	99.21%	100.448	99.77%	99.36%	100.06%
Total Tax Collections	\$14,893,221	\$15,230,850	\$15,727,724	\$15,989,251	\$16,072,548	\$17,141,511	\$18,254,090	\$19,117,961	\$19,357,547	\$20,391,200
Delinquent Tax Collections	\$445,534	\$426,671	\$419,105	\$451,776	\$439,886	\$273,509	\$431,522	\$334,585	\$308,050	\$383,533
Ratio of Current Tax Collections	96.72%	97.22%	96.81%	96.91%	97.91%	97.63%	98.06%	98.02%	97.78%	98.18%
Current Tax Collections	\$14,447,687	\$14,804,179	\$15,308,619	\$15,537,475	\$15,632,662	\$16,868,002	\$17,822,568	\$18,783,376	\$19,049,497	\$20,007,667
Net Tax Levy (1)	\$14,937,822	\$15,227,517	\$15,812,278	\$16,033,549	\$15,965,837	\$17,278,137	\$18,174,466	\$19,162,222	\$19,481,713	\$20,379,384
Fiscal	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008

⁽¹⁾ Reflects original assessment and additional assessments. (2) Reflects net receivable after abatements have been posted.

TABLE 6

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS Unaudited

TABLE 6

Fiscal Year	Real Property Assessed	Personal Property Assessed	Exemptions	State Phase-Out		Net Total Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Ratio of Total Assessed Value To Estimated Actual Value *
1999	\$578,952,800	190'998'66\$	\$99,366,067 \$ 15,773,907	n/a	S	662,544,960	\$ 728,071,385	91.00%
2000	\$583,875,600	\$113,774,157	\$ 11,256,286	\$ 19,164,787	sy.	667,228,684	\$ 741,365,204	800.06
2001	\$594,176,200	\$124,038,986	\$ 14,140,506	\$ 30,137,421	€.	673,937,259	\$ 757,232,875	80.08
2002	\$719,496,258	\$131,741,276 \$ 18,7	\$ 18,717,873	\$ 39,598,499	S.	792,921,162	\$ 932,848,426	85.00%
2003	\$727,758,258	\$139,627,411 \$ 22,547,307	\$ 22,547,307	\$ 48,946,594	Ś	795,891,768	\$ 936,343,256	85.00%
2004	\$738,927,158	\$158,470,371 \$ 21,9	\$ 21,954,273	\$ 53,521,762	S.	821,921,494	\$ 905,798,428	90.74%
2005	\$1,270,477,970	\$147,173,885	\$ 39,585,134	\$ 39,835,195	Ś	1,338,231,526	\$1,574,760,562	84.98%
2006	\$1,283,375,970	\$149,113,503	\$ 33,693,557	\$ 46,173,063	€S-	1,352,622,853	\$1,696,291,514	79.74%
2007	\$1,303,043,031	\$172,754,887 \$ 45,5	\$ 45,547,225	\$ 60,124,204	Ś	1,370,126,489	\$1,586,896,559	86.34%
2008	\$1,565,386,100	\$172,124,708 \$ 53,5	\$ 53,542,047	\$ 61,065,716	ŝ	1,622,903,045	\$1,738,328,026	93.36%
NOTE:	Full Property Revaluation as of December 31, 2003, effective for the Town's fiscal year ending June 30, 2005. Statistical Revaluation as of December 31, 2000, effective for the Town's fiscal year ending June 30, 2002.	ion as of December 31	31, 2003, effective , 2000, effective	ve for the Town's f.	iscal	year ending June 30,	. 2005. 2002.	

Statistical Revaluation as of December 31, 2000, effective for the Town's fiscal year ending June 30, 2002. Statistical Revaluation as of December 31, 2006, effective for the Town's fiscal year ending June 30, 2008.

Source: Burrillville Tax Assessor's Office

^{*} Ratio of Assessment estimated by Town Officials.

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS Unaudited

Percent

			Percent		
Fiscal		Town	Change From	Alloca	tion
Year		Tax Rate	Prior Year	Municipal *	School
1999	Motor Vehicle	\$40.00	0.00%	\$9.86	\$30.14
1333	RE/Tangible	\$20.80	1.46%	\$5.13	\$15.67
	ia, iangibic	Ų20.00	1.400	γ3.13	Ų13.07
2000	Motor Vehicle	\$40.00	0.00%	\$9.32	\$30.68
	RE/Tangible	\$21.20	1.92%	\$4.94	\$16.26
2001	Motor Vehicle	\$40.00	0.00%	\$8.08	\$31.92
	RE/Tangible	\$22.00	3.77%	\$4.44	\$17.56
2002	Motor Vehicle	\$40.00	0.00%	\$8.39	\$31.61
	RE/Tangible	\$18.90	-14.09%	\$3.96	\$14.94
2003	Motor Vehicle	\$40.00	0.00%	\$7.89	\$32.11
	RE/Tangible	\$18.90	0.00%	\$3.73	\$15.17
2004	Motor Vehicle	\$40.00	0.00%	\$9.44	\$30.56
	RE/Tangible	\$19.80	4.76%	\$4.67	\$15.13
2005	Motor Vehicle	\$40.00	0.00%	\$8.30	\$31.70
	RE/Tangible	\$12.55	-36.62%	\$2.60	\$9.95
2006	Motor Vehicle	\$40.00	0.00%	\$8.50	\$31.50
	RE/Tangible	\$13.05	3.98%	\$2.77	\$10.28
2007	Motor Vehicle	\$40.00	0.00%	\$7.19	\$32.81
	RE/Tangible	\$13.15	0.76%	\$2.36	\$10.79
2008	Motor Vehicle	\$40.00	0.00%	\$9.00	\$31.00
	RE/Tangible	\$11.60	-11.79%	\$2.61	\$8.99

NOTE: Full Property Revaluation as of December 31, 2003, effective for the Town's fiscal year ending June 30, 2005.

Statistical Revaluation as of December 31, 2000, effective for the Town's fiscal year ending June 30, 2002.

Statistical Revaluation as of December 31, 2006, effective for the Town's fiscal year ending June 30, 2008.

Source:

Burrillville Tax Assessor's Office

^{*} Includes the following non-operating items:

School CIP, School Debt, and Sewer Debt Service.

^{**} Split Tax Rate Implemented in 1995

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TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE PROPERTY TAX RATES AND OUTSTANDING DEBT OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN YEARS Unaudited

		T										
istrict	31	Debt Outstanding	166,312	281,393	270,935	232,623	205,438	225,179	218,225	196,548	1,308,183	1,024,069
re D		Out	\$	Ś	s.	w-	₩.	o.	Ś	₩	\$	S.
Pascoag Fire District	October	Tax Rate	1.50	1.50	1.85	1.85	1.85	2.00	1.45	1.45	1.53	1.48
Pa		Tax	\$	sy.	Ś	٠	٠	Ś	Ś	ŝ	₩.	so-
lle Fire		Debt Outstanding	84,759	71,418	140,714	66,136	760,743	755,031	742,681	729,304	715,302	706,535
-Maplevil District	y 31	Out	w	S	€.	sy.	₩	Ś	S	w	w.	S
Oakland-Mapleville District	July	Tax Rate	1.40	1.90	1.74	1.87	1.87	1.87	1.16	1.16	1.38	1.30
		Ta	ጭ	w-	₩.	sv-	sy.	¢\$-	€0-	€0-	φ	¢o-
District	30	Debt Outstanding	ı	ſ	102,492	68,328	34,164	ı	I	I	t	l
Fire	mber	Out	₩.	ጭ	w	€O-	€0-	₩	€\$-	sy-	so-	\$
onville	September	Tax Rate	1.25	1.25	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	0.68	0.68	0.99	1.20
Nasc		Ta	ŵ	w	৵	٠¢-	٠.	€.	₩.	€.	w-	κν
Harrisville Fire District Nasonville Fire District	31	Debt Outstanding	188,865	197,190	167,903	310,537	277,335	223,105	259,997	136,065	325,276	908,339
Fire	August 3	Out	• •	₩.	w	w	so-	w	₩	so-	sy.	φ
risville	Aug	Tax Rate	2.00	2.00	1.97	2.04	2.13	2.13	1.72	1.72	1.76	1.79
Har:		Ta.	w.	٠ V-	φ-	₩.	٥٠	ςς.	₩.	ď	ŵ	κν
Glendale Fire District	October 31	Debt Outstanding	!	1	1	!	l	l	l	1	1	ı
Glend	Octo	Tax Rate	(a)	(a)								
Town Fiscal Year	FYE		1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008

NOTE: Debt balance is the amount outstanding at the respective District's fiscal year ending that falls within the applicable Town's fiscal year.

Full Property Revaluation as of December 31, 2003, effective for the Town's fiscal year ending June 30, 2005. Statistical Revaluation as of December 31, 2000, effective for the Town's fiscal year ending June 30, 2002. Statistical Revaluation as of December 31, 2006, effective for the Town's fiscal year ending June 30, 2008.

(a) Glendale Fire District was dissolved and absorbed by the Harrisville and Oakland-Mapleville Fire Districts - 1998

Source: Respective Fire Districts

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago Unaudited

					Percentage			4	Property		Percentage				000000000000000000000000000000000000000
	Type of		Assessed	2008	Assessed			of Tax	. 7	Assessed	Assessed	1999			of Tax
Taxpayer	Business		Valuation	Rank	Valuation	T	Tax Levy	Levy	>	Valuation	Valuation			Tax Levy	Levy
	Fiscal Ye	ear En	Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 20	2008					- HOMESTICA	Fiscal	Year Ending June 30		1999		
Algonquin Gas	Utility	↔	14,722,850	-	0.85%	↔	170,785	0.84%	↔	13,265,800	1.96%	~	↔	275,929	1.85%
Narragansett Electric	Utility	↔	14,247,124	2	0.82%	↔	165,258	0.81%	↔	8,638,913	1.27%	7	↔	179,689	1.20%
Danielle International	Producer/Meat	↔	11,817,776	ო	0.68%	↔	61,321	0.30%	↔	2,020,300	0.30%	6	₩	42,022	0.28%
rennessee Gas Pipeline Co.	Utility	↔	9,421,030	4	0.54%	₩	109,284	0.54%	↔	941,370	0.14%	15	↔	19,587	0.13%
Cox Cable RI, Inc.	Cable Company	↔	5,983,100	2	0.34%	₩	69,404	0.34%	↔	1,197,800	0.18%	4	↔	24,914	0.17%
Wright's Farm Inc.	Restaurant	↔	5,632,090	0	0.32%	₩	63,302	0.31%	↔	1,810,600	0.27%	=	↔	37,660	0.25%
Harken, Inc.	Nursing Home	↔	4,997,774	7	0.29%	↔	57,853	0.28%	↔	3,093,700	0.46%	2	↔	64,349	0.43%
Surrillville Health Center	Nursing Home	↔	4,899,050	∞	0.28%	↔	56,742	0.28%	(∕)	3,648,900	0.54%	က	↔	74,802	0.50%
Maplehill Mobile Home Park	Mobile Home Park	↔	4,858,000	თ	0.28%	↔	56,353	0.28%	↔	3,178,500	0.47%	4	↔	67,384	0.45%
Bradford Court Association	Elderly Housing	↔	4,460,280	10	0.26%	↔	51,739	0.25%	₩	2,373,900	0.35%	9	↔	49,377	0.33%
Bliss Golf Investors	Golf Course	↔	3,210,200	7	0.18%	↔	36,948	0.18%	**************************************						1
Burrillville Nursing Home (Jolly Rest Home)	Nursing Home	↔	3,275,676	12	0.19%	₩	37,998	0.19%	↔	2,325,300	0.34%	_	↔	49,296	0.33%
Lockheed Window	Manufacturing	↔	2,729,202	13	0.16%	↔	21,210	0.10%	↔	915,400	0.13%	16	↔	24,752	0.17%
Laurelle Realty Trust	Golf Course	↔	2,374,300	4	0.14%	€	27,542	0.14%	↔	1,995,200	0.29%	10	↔	41,500	0.28%
- Electric	Utility		-		\$ ***		ļ		↔	2,071,423	0.31%	ω	↔	43,086	0.29%
- Water	Utility		-						↔	1,618,071	0.24%	12	↔	33,656	0.23%
Harrisville Fire District - Water	Utility		1						€9	1,414,513	0.21%	13	6	29,422	0.20%
		₩	92,628,452.00		5.33%	8	985,739		69	50,509,690	7.45%		→	1,057,426	
			2008							1999				Control of the second of the s	
		Tota	Total Assessed Values (Gro Total Tax Levied =	l Value	s (Gross) =	\$1,	\$1,737,510,808 \$20,379,384		Tota	Total Assessed Values (Gross) Total Tax Levied =	Values (Gros	:e(SS	& &	678,318,867 14,937,822	
				-											

Source: Burrillville Tax Assessor's Office

WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY
SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BILLINGS AND COLLECTIONS
FISCAL YEAR ACTIVITY SINCE INCEPTION
Unaudited TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

	Wastewater Treatment Contracts	Wastewater Treatment Facility (Non-assessment)	rrisville I		Pascoad	Harrisville	Pascoad	Pascoaq	Harrisville	Pascoad/Harrisville	Pascoad (Industrial Drive)	/Harrisville	WWT Plant Improvements (Non-assessment)	e/Glendale (Harrisville	Harrisville Village	Oakland/Mapleville	Adler-Clear River Park		Mapleville	On Maplehill Mobile	Harrisville	Oakland	Glendale	Glendale	Mohegan	Mohegan/Spring Lake Road/Joslin Road			SUBDIVISIONS	Colonial Road/Paula Drive	Hemlock Farm Estates	Sanwood Estates	Lynmar Estates	Whitney Estates	Fox Meadow Estates	Rolling Meadows Estate	Mill Pond	Smith Estates	Granite River
	Contract Number]	7	m	4	5	9	7	00	0	10	11	12	13	14	14A	15	15A	16A	16B	16B - Add	17	18	19A-1	19A-2	19BT	19BC				80	81	82	83.	84	85	98	87	11A	118
RESIDENTIAL	USER CHARGE		1	\$65.00	65.00	65.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	150.00	150.00	150.00	162.00	174.00	174.00	186.00	198.00	204.00	222.00		222.00	228.00	228.00	240.00	249.00	7	285.00	03.	321.00	351.00		1	-	-	The state of the s				
Special	Assessments Collected			\$66,336	135,306	122,945	97,229	154,895	169,710	110,500	135,224	95,363	208,253	75,818	67,344	120,091	157,801	76,454	87,204	87,017	76,090	75,409	55,561	33,638	38,663	37,341	16,011	13,110	45,515	74,125	5,432	8,955	-		~	8,040				
Special	Assessment Billings		32,86	281,154	28,10	72,28	61,43	193,230	1	138,840	75,000	295,597	-	- 1	10,	\circ	54,532	i	20,970	7,810	1 1	13,950		1	17,232	10,304	-	5,	45,	H	49,81	3,72	59,88	2,82	3,42	27,120				
4	Number(s)		2, 3		7,	9, 10, 80	4	11	1	14, 81	82	13, 15		1 1		16A, 16B	and the same		84	85		84 (Phase II)		1 1 1	98	-	16B Add On	[! [!	<u></u>	14A	19A-1	19A-2	19BT	19BC	 1	118				opario D
 0 0 0	Year		1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008									

Source: Wastewater Treatment Facility

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN YEARS

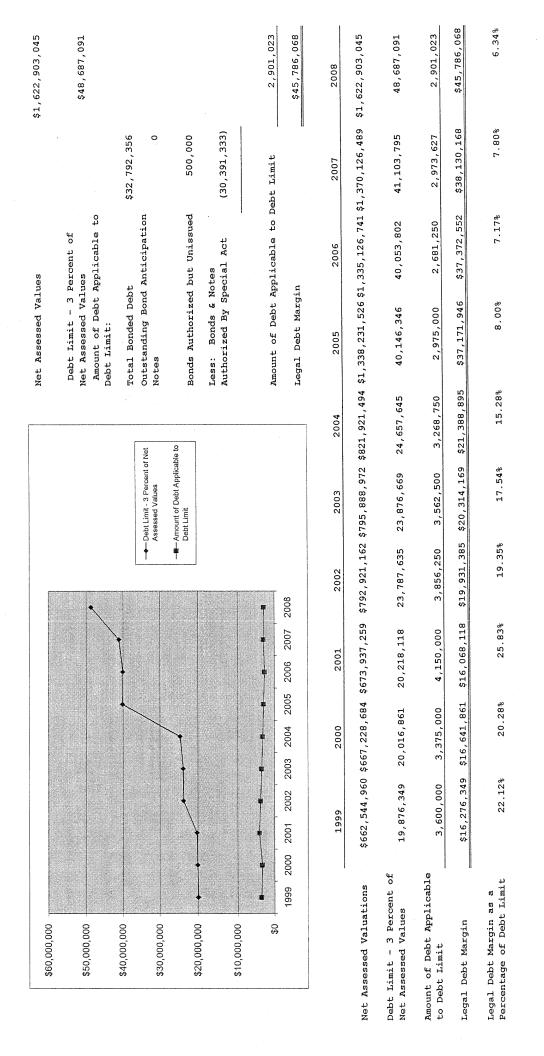


TABLE 11

TABLE 11

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE
RATIO OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT
TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Unaudited

* *	Percentage	Personal Income	0.014%	0.016%	0.014%	0.012%	0.016%	0.015%	0.017%	0.023%	Not Available	Not Available	
	Net Bonded	Capita	\$173.05	\$166.48	\$206.54	\$247.52	\$197.24	\$210.59	\$195.30	\$148.51	\$165.42	\$171.71	
	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to	Assessed Value	0.42%	0.39%	0.48%	0.49%	0.39%	0.40%	0.23%	0.17%	0.19%	0.17%	
	Net Bonded	Debt	\$2,751,433	\$2,629,617	\$3,262,263	\$3,909,531	\$3,115,478	\$3,326,262	\$3,084,689	\$2,345,756	\$2,612,882	\$2,712,230	
	Less State Aid	on Debt	\$1,317,312	\$1,358,795	\$1,386,663	\$1,704,074	\$1,690,109	\$1,410,470	\$1,419,023	\$1,703,942	\$1,500,710	\$2,252,182	
	Annual Gross	Bonded Debt	\$4,068,745	\$3,988,412	\$4,648,926	\$5,613,605	\$4,805,587	\$4,736,732	\$4,503,712	\$4,049,698	\$4,113,592	\$4,964,412	
	Net Assessed	Valuation	662,544,960	667,228,684	673,937,259	792,921,162	795,900,768	821,921,494	1,338,231,525	1,352,622,852	1,370,126,489	1,622,903,045	
			\$\$	₩	€.	€0}-	€O}-	¢\$	ςς	ς γ -	so-	₩.	
	Estimated	Population	15,900	* 15,795	15,795	15,795	15,795	15,795	15,795	15,795	15,795	15,795	
	Fiscal	Year	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	

Full Property Revaluation as of December 31, 2003, effective for the Town's fiscal year ending June 30, 2005. Statistical Revaluation as of December 31, 2000, effective for the Town's fiscal year ending June 30, 2002. Note:

^{* 2000} Population Per Census 15,795 (1990 Census 16,230)

^{**} See Table 16 for Personal Income and Population Data Used to Calculate the Ratio

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENSES FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENSES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS Unaudited

					Ratio of
				Total	Debt Service to
			Total	General	General
Fiscal			Debt	Governmental	Governmental
Year	Principal	Interest	Service	Expenses	Expenses
1999	\$2,512,500	\$1,549,762	\$4,062,262	\$30,742,820	13.21%
2000	\$2,562,500	\$1,425,912	\$3,988,412	\$30,811,104	12.94%
2001	\$2,957,500	\$1,691,426	\$4,648,926	\$33,498,536	13.88%
2002	\$3,617,500	\$1,996,105	\$5,613,605	\$35,724,466	15.71%
2003	\$3,357,500	\$1,448,087	\$4,805,587	\$35,642,847	13.48%
2004	\$3,537,500	\$1,199,232	\$4,736,732	\$38,285,204	12.37%
2005	\$3,487,500	\$1,016,212	\$4,503,712	\$38,488,221	11.70%
2006	\$3,167,500	\$882,198	\$4,049,698	\$40,400,661	10.02%
2007	\$2,893,512	\$1,297,834	\$4,191,346	\$42,276,548	9.91%
2008	\$3,695,000	\$1,269,412	\$4,964,412	\$48,326,782	10.27%

COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS June 30, 2008 Unaudited

	Jurisdiction	Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Government	Amount Applicable to Government
I.	Direct Bonded Debt:			
	Town of Burrillville *	\$32,792,356	100.00%	\$32,792,356
II.	Overlapping Debt **:			
	Harrisville Fire District Nasonville Fire District Oakland-Mapleville Fire District Pascoag Fire District	\$908,339 \$0 \$706,535 \$1,024,069	100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00%	\$908,339 \$0 \$706,535 \$1,024,069
	Total	\$2,638,943	100.00%	\$2,638,943

Total Direct and Overlapping Debt

\$35,431,299

Overlapping Debt defined -

Property within the Town which must bear the debts of all local governments located within the geographic boundaries of the Town.

^{*} Includes all long-term general obligation debt.

Does not include any outstanding bond anticipation notes, if applicable.

^{**} Source: Fire Districts

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE
REVENUE BOND COVERAGE
WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY
LAST TEN YEARS

Not Applicable.

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TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE STATUS OF BOND AUTHORIZATIONS June 30, 2008 Unaudited

				Original Total		- P	Bond Anticipation	uo	., .,	7
Chapter	Year	Purpose		Authority		Bonds	Outstanding	ıg	De	Debt
m	1964	School Construction/Equipment (PGS, Levy,								
σα	1973	& Jr/Sr High School)	ςŷ	2,500,000	ጭ	2,500,000	w	1	S	i
)	1	School Construction/Equipment (Callanan & Jr/Sr High School)	·U	7000	æ	1	ŧ			
25	1974	Plan/Construct/Maintain Sewage	} -	0000	>	1,500,000	ሱ	I	ጉ	I
,		Disposal System	€Ç÷	7,000,000	«∧	7,000,000	₩.	1	· co	į
106	1979		ςş	150,000	Ś	150,000	· 65-	ı	· 103	i
48	1982	Sewage Disposal System -				•	-		+	
,	,	Construction Improvements	€S	3,500,000	Ś	3,500,000	€S-	ι	\$	1
164	1985	Sewage Disposal System -							•	
;		Construction Improvements	so-	2,800,000	so.	5,584,600	€03-	1	ęs.	*
23	1986	School Construction/Equipment -								
		New Middle School & Levy Addition	so-	14,000,000	Ś	14,000,000	w	1	ę,	ı
616	1987	Open Space - Recreation	so-	750,000	· W	500,000	· 00	1	۰۰۰	250.000
127	1988	Sewage Disposal System -					-		+	000
		Construction Improvements	₩	350,000	s.	350,000	Ş	ı	ęs.	Î
8 & 19	1989	Sewage Disposal System -				•	•			
;		Construction Improvements	₩	6,500,000	¢\$	6,475,000	ψ.	1	€03-	*
20	1989	School - Roof Repairs	so-	500,000	έΩ÷	500,000	ψ.	ı	€0-	1
21	1989	Open Space - Recreation	€0-	250,000	€	ı	φ.	ı	· ·	250,000
22	1989	School Construction/Equipment -								•
		New Middle School	₩	400,000	€03-	400,000	¢\$	ı	ş	i
45-12-2	1995	School Construction/Equipment -					-			
		New Elementary School Renovation	€0-	4,500,000	sy.	4,500,000	ď	1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	į
9	1998	School Construction/Equipment -					-			
		High School Construction/Renovation	·s	12,500,000	so.	12,500,000	ęs,	1	Ş	i
45-12-2	1999	School Construction/Equipment -					-			
		High School Construction/Renovation	€O÷	1,000,000	s	1,000,000	S	1	ę,	ı
37	2002	Sewage Disposal System -					-		+	
		Construction Improvements	ęs,	6,000,000	w	6,000.000	·o	1	ç	ı
104	2002	Library-	-		-		•		-	
36 82919		Construction/Equip/Furnishings	₩	5,000,000	so.	5,000,000	ςγ.	1	€5-	ı
268	2004	Callahan School								
83136		Elementary Construction/Renovation	ጭ	7,500,000	ጭ	7,500,000	⟨v}	1	₩	ı
45-12-2	2006	Sewage Disposal System -								
		Construction Improvements	w	3,500,000	so	2,404,356	٠ V	1	\$	1
		TATOT	ŧr.	83 200 000	ť	81 363 056	v)	ų.	000
			-	^^^!	٠	01/1001/100	7-			200,000

With the exception of the 1995 and 1999 bond authorizations, all Town debt has been incurred through special statutory authority which consists of approval by the Legislature and voter referendum. NOTE:

The Town Council voted to cancel \$240,400 in remaining bond authorizations on June 10, 1998 (Item 98-156).

EDUCATION, AND UNEMPLOYMENT RATES DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE POPULATION, INCOME,

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Unaudited

			Per					· ·	T. Company		(4)
F1:8081	Estimated		Capita Personal	Median	Median	Education Level High School Bachel	. Level Bachelor's	School (3)	Unemplo	Unemployment Kate (4) Uni	(4) United
Year	Population		Income (2)	Income	Age	Graduate	Degree	Enrollment	Town	State	States
1999	15,900	٠ S	24,650	ı	l	1	I	2,911	4.20%	4.10%	4.20%
2000 (1)) 15,796	₩.	26,720	\$52,587	37.5	85.18%	16.20%	2,800	4.10%	4.10%	4.00%
2001	16,002	₩.	28,610	ı	1	. 1	1	2,710	4.80%	4.70%	4.70%
2002	16,241	ጭ	29,510	ı	1	·	1	2,674	5.60%	5.10%	5.80%
2003	16,441	w	30,600	I	- 'I	I	ı	2,605	5.10%	5.40%	6.00%
2004	16,493	w	31,800	ı	ľ	1	i	2,577	4.80%	5.20%	5.50%
2005	16,563	ŵ	33,050	l	1	1	ı	2,542	4.80%	5.00%	5.10%
2006	16,545	ŵ	34,240	ı	ı	ı	i	2,559	4.81%	5.14%	4.83%
2007	16,710		Not available	I	1	1	1	2,554	4.60%	4.99%	4.53%
2008	16,710		Not available	1	1			2,518	5.50%	5.77%	4.95%

Sources:

1980 Census Data (Population 13,164); 1990 Census Data (Population 16,2)
(1) 2000 Census Data & Census Bureau Estimates
(2) US Bureau of Economic Analysis, Regional Economic Information System. The Town's population is 2.54% of Providence County
(3) Burnilville School Department
(4) RI Department of Economic Development
RI Department of Labor & Training

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS

REGISTERED VOTERS, BIRTHS, DEATHS, NEW HOUSING UNITS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Unaudi ted

Vital Statistics **

	Median	Selling Price***	(Single Family)		\$135,500	\$147,000	\$155,000	\$185,000	\$234,271	\$246,591	\$258,000	\$289,500	\$268,750	\$266,000
		Sell	(Sin	1	ν γ -	€75	❖	€¢.	€\$-	€\$-	❖	-€\$-	€O-	₩.
	New	Housing	Units **		0/	36	49	56	35	56	54	42	47	23
		Natural	Increase		۱ س	69-	22 8	- 33	135	Ø	-75	68-	-92	- 64
*			Deaths	1 7	9 T	201	162	173	159	104	200	196	217	216
Vital Statistics **			Births	1 7	13/	132	104	140	124	113	125	107	125	119
Vital S		Estimated	Population	н С	006,61	15,796	16,002	16,241	16,441	16,493	16,563	16,545	16,710	16,710
	% of	Total	Pop	п О	° 0 1	61%	%09	59%	55 90 %	%09	ω ∞ %	61%	70%	71%
		Registered	Voters *	9 1	000	689'6	9,645	9,605	9,728	718'6	9,556	10,158	11,696	11,790
		Fiscal	Year	1999)))	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008

Source(s):

* Town Clerk's Office

** RI Department of Economic Development/Building Official's Office

*** RI Department of Economic Development/Statewide MLS Service, Inc.

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS JUNE 30, 2008

Unaudited

County	Providence
Established	
Established	1730
Incorporated	1806
Incorporated	1806
Charter Adopted	1989
Type of Government	Council/Manager
	30 and
Area of Town:	
Total Square Miles	57.3
Land - Square Miles	55.8
Water - Square Miles	1.5
Culture and Recreation:	
Campgrounds	3
Community Centers	1
Community Theater	1
Municipal Owned - Parks	6
- Beach	1
- Conservation Areas	1
- Conservation Acreage	230 Acres
Public Libraries	2
State Owned - Parks	5
- Boat Ramps	4
- Conservation Acreage	5,729 Acres
Recreation Complexes	4
Rink	1 .
Tennis Courts	6
	•
Education - Number of Public Schools:	
- Elementary	3
- Middle	1
- Secondary	1
Number of Private Schools	2
	•
Public Safety:	
Number of Police Stations	1
Independent Fire Districts	4
Number of Fire Stations	6
Number of Rescues/Ambulances	5

Probate Court

Zoning Board

Redevelopment Agency

School Committee

Sewer Commission

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS

JUNE 30, 2008 Unaudited

Road System:	
Total Miles	161.5
State Miles	46.0
Town Miles	115.5
Bridges - Town	8
Sewerage System:	
Miles of Sewer Lines	51
Number of:	
- Treatment Plants	1
- Pump Stations	11
- Residential Users	3273
- Metered Users	46
Maximum Average Daily Capacity	
of Treatment Plant	1.5 million gallons
Industrial Park:	
Burrillville Industrial Park	53 Acres
Route 102 Commerce Park	254 Acres
Clear River Drive Industrial Park	24 Acres
Winner I Wasser D. C.	
Fiscal Year Begins	July 1
Taxes Payable	
Taxes talante	July 15
Taxes Due &	
Penalties Commence	n
10.01010100 Commence	August 1
Interest Penalty	12%
	12.6
Quarterly Payments (Due Dates) -	
First quarter	August 1
Second quarter	November 1
Third quarter	February 1
Fourth quarter	May 1
	x
Regular Monthly Meetings -	
Council	2nd & 4th Wednesday
Juvenile Hearing Board	2nd & 4th Thursday
Municipal Court	1st & 3rd Tuesday
Planning Board	1st Monday

Last Wednesday

4th Tuesday

2nd Tuesday

2nd Tuesday

2nd Tuesday

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE
PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO
June 30, 2008
Unaudited

	Rank		Н	7	7	Ŋ	4	9	11	10	NR	m	œ	O	12
1999	Number	T T	380	310	06	118	150	100	89	78	NR	159	84	08	99
	Rank		Н	7	m	4	5	9	7	ω	O	10	NR	NR	NR
2008	Number Employed	50 F0-June	333	314	280	155	109	100	82	78	56	40	NR	NR	NR
	Twoe of Business		State Facility	Public School System	Producer/Meats	Nursing Home	Nursing Home	Nursing Home	Manufacturer	Municipal Government	Manufacturer	Restaurant	Metal Refiner	Utility	Manufacturer
	O MEN.) 1137-1	Zambarano Hospital	Burrillville School Department *	Danielle Prosciutto	Overlook Nursing Home	Bayberry Commons Nursing Home	Pine Grove Health Center	Lockheed Aluminum	Town of Burrillville *	Bruin Plastics	Wright's Farm	Boliden Metech, Inc.	Ocean State Power	Turex Plastic

Note: Full Time Equivalents (Part-time non-union/seasonal employees are not included).

NR = Not Ranked

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TABLE 19

TABLE 19

FULL TIME EQUIVALENT MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

Function General				Full-tir	ne Equiv	Full-time Equivalent Employees	ployees			
Government	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
										Sales de la company de la comp
Manager	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Town Clerk	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Board of Canvassers	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Treasurer	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Tax Collector	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Information Systems	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Tax Assessor	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.0
Building Official	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Police	29.5	29.5	31.5	31.5	31.5	31.5	31.5	31.5	32.5	32.5
Civil Defense	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.0
Animal Control	1.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.0
Municipal Court	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0. T
Public Works	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	16.0
Transportation	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Recreation	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.5
Total =	71.5	72.5	74.5	75.5	77.5	79.5	80.5	79.5	80.5	78.0

Full-time Equivalent Municipal Government Employees by Function

TABLE 20 TABLE 20

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS - POPULATION AND MEDIAN INCOME

TWENTIETH CENTURY

Unaudited

			M	Median Inco	me	
Fiscal	Population	8	 Town	8	State	8
Year		Change		Change		Change
1900	6,317	-	-	-	-	-
1910	7,878	24.71%	-	-	_	-
1920	8,606	9.24%	-	_	- ·	·
1930	7,677	-10.79%	-	-	-	
1940	8,185	6.62%		-	-	
1950	8,774	7.20%	-	-	-	. -
1960	9,116	3.90%	\$5,189		\$5,589	
1970	10,087	10.65%	8,949	72.46%	9,736	74.20%
1980	13,164	30.50%	18,569	107.50%	19,448	99.75%
1990	16,230	23.29%	37,156	100.10%	32,181	65.47%
2000	15,796	-2.67%	52,587	41.53%	39,172	21.72%

Source: Bureau of Census

TABLE 21

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE
ALLOCATION OF TAX DOLLAR
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
Unaudited

Total Tax	\$40.00	\$40.00 \$21.20	\$40.00	\$40.00	\$40.00 \$18.90	\$40.00 \$19.80	\$40.00	\$40.00	\$40.00 \$13.15	\$40.00 \$11.60
Capital Improvements	\$0.00	\$0.00	00.0\$	\$0.00	00.0\$	00.0\$	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Sewer Debt	\$5.82	\$5.77	\$5.25 \$2.89	\$5.06 \$2.39	\$4.06 \$1.92	\$4.10	\$3.29	\$2.70	\$2.10 \$0.69	\$2.40
Municipal Debt	\$0.15	\$0.14	\$0.11	\$0.10	\$0.10	\$0.28	\$0.00	\$0.00	00.0\$	\$0.86
Municipal Operations	\$3.89	\$3.41 \$1.81	\$2.72	\$3.23 \$1.52	\$3.05 \$1.44	\$5.06	\$5.01 \$1.57	\$5.80	\$5.09	\$6.19
School Debt	\$2.02	\$2.08	\$4.15 \$2.28	\$3.82	\$4.74 \$2.24	\$2.99 \$1.48	\$4.08 \$1.28	\$3.23 \$1.05	\$3.99 \$1.31	\$1.36 \$0.65
School Operations	\$28.12 \$14.62	\$28.60 \$15.16	\$27.77	\$27.79 \$13.13	\$28.05 \$13.25	\$27.57 \$13.64	\$27.62 \$8.67	\$28.27 \$9.22	\$28.82 \$9.48	\$29.19
	MV RE/TANG	MV RE/TANG	MV RE/TANG	MV RE/TANG	MV RE/TANG	MV RE/TANG	MV RE/TANG	MV RE/TANG	MV RE/TANG	MV RE/TANG
Fiscal Year	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008

Split Tax Rate Implemented - Motor Vehicle and Real Estate/Tangible Property *

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE ALLOCATION OF TAX BASE Unaudited

		Town		State
		Average		Average
Class				
of Property	1980	1990	2008	2006
esidential	61.54%	68.45%	84.47%	80.75%
ommercial	9.94%	8.59%	3.94%	10.16%
ndustrial	0.98%	1.41%	1.51%	2.11%
tility/RR	6.29%	3.99%	0.68%	1.11%
otor Vehicle	19.19%	16.55%	6.86%	5.29%
ther	2.06%	1.01%	2.54%	0.58%
		* .		
Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Source: RI Department of Administration

^{*} Assessment year ending December 31, 2002

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TABLE 23A

MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM ANALYSIS OF FUNDING PROGRESS TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE Unaudited

TABLE 23A

				ű
		•	Employee	Contribution
			Employer	Contribution Contribution
Assets In Excess	Of Pension Benefit	Obligation As A	Percentage Of	Covered Payroll
		Annual	Covered	Payrol1
Assets In	Excess Of	Pension	Benefit	Obligation
			Percentage	Funded
		Pension	Benefit	Obligation
		Net Assets	Available for	Benefits
			Fiscal	Year

Municipal Employees:

1998	የ ጉ	14,675,420	ጭ	9,611,822	152.68%	\$5,063,598	\$3,463,738	146.19%	2.67%	7.00%
1999	Ś	16,335,578	w.	10,675,302	153.02%	\$5,660,276	\$3,614,331	156.61%	3.08%	7.00%
2000	w	17,990,278	sy-	11,912,294	151.02%	\$6,077,984	\$3,954,131	153.71%	800.0	7.00%
2001	ŵ	18,281,604	₩.	12,709,242	143.84%	\$5,572,362	\$4,380,274	127.218	800.0	7.00%
2002	w	18,500,044	ς	13,867,796	133.40%	\$4,632,248	\$4,735,621	97.82%	800.0	7.00%
2003	ĸ۶	18,122,783	Ø.	14,744,138	122.92%	\$3,378,645	\$4,490,812	75.23%	800.0	7.00%
2004	٠	17,957,974	φ	15,993,695	112.28%	\$1,964,279	\$5,016,314	39.16%	800.0	7.00%
2005	w	18,052,879	w	17,083,972	105.67%	\$968,907	\$5,052,283	19.18%	0.65%	7.00%
2006	ጭ	19,042,883	¢\$	18,626,628	102.23%	\$416,255	\$5,311,467	7.84%	3.47%	7.00%
2007	φ	21,163,146	£Q-	19,913,112	106.28%	\$1,250,034	\$5,327,953	23.46%	4.748	7.00%

Latest Pension Information Available. COLA Plan C was adopted by the Town Council on December 6, 1989 (Council Book #14, Page 422).

Statement #5 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, "Disclosure of Pension Information by Public Employee Retirement Systems and State and Local Government Employers", became effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 1986, the standardized measure of the pension obligation is unavailable prior to 1987. The required ten year trend information has been presented for the years available.

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE
MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM
ANALYSIS OF FUNDING PROGRESS
Unaudited

1											
Employee Contribution		800.6	9.00%	800.6	800.6	800.6	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	800.6	10.20%
Employer Contribution		8.36%	12.90%	9.56%	16.14%	14.60%	17.73%	18.89%	19.77%	22.50%	23.32%
Assets In Excess Of Pension Benefit Obligation As A Percentage Of Covered Payroll		-17.14%	-27.33%	-20.95%	-44.60%	-62.20%	-102.23%	-103.24%	-170.14%	-80.78%	-13.79%
Annual Covered Pa <u>y</u> roll		\$747,752	\$860,971	\$863,556	\$1,011,229	\$1,097,479	\$1,043,138	\$1,099,742	\$1,281,736	\$1,129,668	\$1,195,875
Assets In Excess Of Pension Benefit Obligation		(\$128,159)	(\$235,332)	(\$180,956)	(\$450,983)	(\$682,659)	(\$1,066,348)	(\$1,135,346)	(\$2,180,769)	(\$912,498)	(\$164,930)
Percentage Funded		96.43%	94.05%	95.78%	90.45%	86.69%	80.83%	80.47%	69.368	85.68%	97.48%
Pension Benefit Obligation		\$3,587,059	\$3,956,155	\$4,287,480	\$4,723,292	\$5,130,373	\$5,563,173	\$5,813,042	\$7,116,270	\$6,374,155	\$6,544,766
Net Assets Available for Benefits	ficers:	\$3,458,900	\$3,720,823	\$4,106,524	\$4,272,309	\$4,447,714	\$4,496,825	\$4,677,696	\$4,935,501	\$5,461,657	\$6,379,836
Fiscal	Police Officers:	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007

Latest Pension Information Available

The Police Officers transferred into the RI State Employee Retirement System in FYE 1989. Prior to this period their retirement plan was administered by a private company.

Twenty-Five (25) Year Plan adopted in 1989; Twenty (20) Year Plan adopted in 1992.

COLA Plan C was adopted by the Town Council on August 25, 1993 (#93-210).

Statement #5 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, "Disclosure of Pension Information by Public Employee Retirement Systems and State and Local Government Employers", became effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 1986, the standardized measure of the pension obligation is unavailable prior to 1987. The required ten year trend information has been presented for the years available.

TABLE 24

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TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE
WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY
DISPOSAL ACTIVITY
Unaudited

			 		 			 	********	***********	 			
	1,000)	Total	662.1	705.1	750.5	832.8	768.6	805.8	7.98.7	792.6		788.9	801.4	
Sludge Disposal	Dry Lb. (per 1,000)	Daily Avg	1.814	1.985	2.056	2.282	2.106	2.202	2.188	2.172		2.161	2.190	
Sludge	MG	Total	1.754	2.417	2.162	2.247	2.255	2.230	2.280	2.260	,	2.304	2.359	
	Gallons	Daily Avg	4,806	6,603	 5,923	6,157	6,177	6,093	6,250	6,204	!	6,313	6,445	
	.g.)	Total	290.9	293.4	295.2	258.6	293.3	294.6	281.3	318.3	1	7.36.7	292.1	
	Plant Flow (m.g.)	Мах Day	1.345	1.316	2.58	1.5155	1.5183	1.768	1.6497	1.8034		1.9514	1.8468	
	PI	Daily Avg	0.797	0.802	0.812	0.7085	0.8035	0.805	0.771	0.872	(0.813	0.7982	
		Metered	27	27	27	28	28	28	28	29		40	46	
;	Users	Residential	2,765	2,765	2,765	2,814	2,832	2,891	2,946	2,963	,	2,0,6	3,273	
i	Fiscal	Year	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	 2004	2005	2006	000	7007	2008	

4.5

1.5

Plant Capacity

PLANT EFFLUENT REMOVALS & WEATHER ACTIVITY

-		T									
	Low (mth)	.24 (Jun)	.58 (Dec)	1.12 (Jan)	.39 (Oct)	2.00 (Jul)	.71 (Jun)	.55 (Jun)	.38 (Mar)	.70 (Feb)	.87 (Aug)
Precipitation	High (mth)	5.43 (Jan)	9.41 (Sept)	9.36 (Sept)	5.87 (May)	5.54 (Jun)	7.63 (Apr)	5.49 (Apr)	13.39 (Oct)	8.82 (Apr)	6.91 (Feb)
	Average	2.75	3.22	3.68	2.51	3.84	3.48	3.68	4.64	3.82	3.18
	Low (mth)	24 (Jan)	21 (Jan)	23 (Jan)	32.4 (Feb)	20.3 (Feb)	17.0 (Jan)	22.8 (Jan)	27.8 (Dec)	20.9 (Feb)	26.6 (Jan)
Mean Temperature	High (mth)	75 (July)	79 (July)	75 (June)	78.8 (Aug)	77.2 (Aug)	78.9 (July)	76.1 (Aug)	79.3 (Aug)	78.0 (July)	71.3 (June)
	Average	51	52	50	53	49	52	51	53	50	49
	Total Phosporus	88.81%	85.40%	85.90%	87.83%	86.76%	87.18%	89.30%	86.70%	87.70%	86.80%
Total	Suspended Solids *	97.70%	96.70%	96.40%	96.90%	96.51%	96.04%	96.90%	96.40%	97.50%	97.50%
Biochemical	Oxygen Demand *	98.30%	95.50%	97.40%	97.67%	97.85%	97.82%	97.50%	97.50%	98.20%	808.30%
ŗ	riscal Year	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008

^{*} EPA/DEM RIPDES Permit Required Percent Removal - 85% Source: Burrillville Wastewater Treatment Facility

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE
PERSONNEL CONTRACTS
JUNE 30, 2008
Unaudited

Police Department

International Brotherhood of Police Officers

IBPO, Lodge #369

1 Year Contract expires June 30, 2009

Public Works & Municipal

RI Council 94 AFSCME, AFL-CIO, Local 186 3 Year Contract expires June 30th, 2009

Sewer Department

Building Maintenance Service &

Industrial Workers - Local Union 1322
5 Year Contract expires June 30, 2012

School Department:

Teachers

National Education Association
Rhode Island Education Association
Burrillville Teachers Association
1 Year Contract expires August 31, 2007
Under Negotiation

Non-Certified

RI Council 94 AFSCME, AFL-CIO, Local 2231 1 Year Contract expires June 30, 2009