COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

PREPARED BY: FINANCE DEPARTMENT

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

MUNICIPAL OFFICERS June 30, 2019

TOWN COUNCIL

John F. Pacheco III, President
Stephen N. Rawson, Vice President
Dennis M. Anderson
Jeremy Bailey
Donald A. Fox
Amanda K. Gingell
Raymond J. Trinque

TOWN OFFICIALS

Town Manager Michael C. Wood

Assessor Jennifer Mooney

Building Official Joseph F. Raymond

Acting Clerk Vicki Martin

Emergency Management Director Glen D. Biddiscombe

Finance Director/Tax Collector Michael Larocque

Municipal Court Judge Brenda Ferry

Planning/Economic Development Coordinator Ray Goff

Police Chief Col. Stephen J. Lynch

Probate Court Judge Timothy F. Kane

Public Works-Director/Engineer Jeffrey M. McCormick, PE

Recreation Director/Special Events Coordinator Andrea C. Hall

School Superintendent Dr. Michael Sollitto

Solicitor William Dimitri

Treasurer Rosanna Doughty

Wastewater Treatment Facility-Superintendent Michael Emond

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Gerard R. Cayer CPA, MST

Mark V. Caccia CPA, MST

Donna T. Caccia CPA, MST, CFP™

To the Honorable Town Council Burrillville, Rhode Island

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, historical pension and other post-employment benefit information, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 23 and 103 through 114 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, detailed budgetary schedules, Tax Collector's Annual Report, and Annual Supplemental Transparency Report, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, detailed budgetary schedules, Tax Collector's Annual Report, and Annual Supplemental Transparency Report are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, detailed budgetary schedules, Tax Collector's Annual Report, and Annual Supplemental Transparency Report are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 28, 2020, on our consideration of the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cayer Carcia, LLP

Warwick, Rhode Island January 28, 2020

Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island Management's Discussion and Analysis JUNE 30, 2019

The Town of Burrillville (the Town) provides this Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), in a format prescribed by the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement 34 (GASB 34). This narrative overview and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the Town's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the Town's financial position, (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan, and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns for fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. The Town annually presents its financial statements in compliance with the reporting model required by GASB 34.

Effective July 1, 2014, the Town of Burrillville implemented GASB Statement No. 68, which established new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments which provide their employees with pension benefits, including additional note disclosures and required supplementary information.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on current year activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The total assets of the Town of Burrillville exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 by \$76.27 million (net position).
- As of June 30, 2019, the Town's governmental activities reported total net position of \$51.02 million.
- The Town of Burrillville's total net position decreased by \$0.02 million, or 0.02%, for the year ended June 30, 2019. The net position of governmental activities increased by \$0.17 million, a 0.34% increase from fiscal 2018. The net position of business-type activities decreased by \$0.19 million, or 0.75% from 2018.
- The Town's general fund reported a fund balance of \$13.98 million at the end of fiscal year ending 2019. This compares to a fund balance of \$13.92 million at the end of fiscal 2018. The unassigned fund balance for the year was \$8.24 million (\$8.72 million in 2018). This is a \$0.48 million decrease over the prior year's unassigned fund balance.
- The Town ended the fiscal year with a budgetary operating excess of revenues over expenditures of \$3,478,194 in 2019. Included in this amount is \$2,794,497 of unexpended capital improvement funds which have been carried over to fiscal year ending June 2020.

Financial Highlights (Continued)

- The School Department ended the fiscal year with a budgetary deficiency of revenues under expenditures of \$63,782 (\$161,762 in 2018). The School fund balance is \$573,708 (\$757,386 in 2018).
- The Town's total noncurrent liabilities (\$51,597,049) decreased by \$1,789,173 [government activities decreased by \$1,290,071 and business-type activities decreased by \$499,102 or 3.35% in 2019 which was primarily due to an increase in the net pension liability of \$836,555, offset by scheduled debt payments of \$1,880,229 and a decrease in the OPEB liability of \$1,102,078.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Burrillville's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements include three components: 1) Government-wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. This report also contains additional required supplementary information (budgetary schedules) and other supplementary information (combining financial statements) in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. These components are described below:

Basic Financial Statements

The Government-wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the Town from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Burrillville's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements include all assets of the Town (including infrastructure) as well as all liabilities (including long term debt). Additionally, certain eliminations have been made in regards to inter-fund activity, payables and receivables.

The Fund Financial Statements include statements for three categories of activities – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The governmental activities are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. The proprietary funds are prepared using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The fiduciary activities are agency funds, which only report a balance sheet and do not have a measurement focus. Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the Town of Burrillville's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Burrillville is improving or deteriorating.

Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The Statement of Net Position presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, some revenues and expenses that are reported in this statement are for items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods. This statement combines and consolidates governmental funds' current financial resources (short term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations. Other non-financial factors should also be taken into consideration, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's infrastructure (i.e. roads, drainage improvements, storm and sewer lines, etc.), to assess the overall health or financial condition of the Town.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but not used vacation leave).

Both the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* are prepared utilizing the accrual basis of accounting as opposed to the modified accrual basis used in prior reporting models.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the Town is divided into three types of activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the Town's basic services are reported here, including the police, planning and development, transportation, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and State Aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-type Activities The Town charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The Town's sewer system, school cafeteria, rink and day care facilities are reported here.
- Component Units The Town considered several important, separate legal entities in its report including the Town's four fire districts (Harrisville, Nasonville, Oakland-Mapleville and Pascoag), the Harrisville Water District and the Pascoag Utility District. These entities are legally separate but did not meet the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 34. The Town also reviewed the Burrillville Redevelopment Agency and the Jesse M. Smith Memorial Library and determined that these agencies met the criteria to be disclosed as discretely presented component units.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the Town establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other money. Both Town funds – governmental and proprietary – utilize different accounting approaches.

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

• <u>Governmental Funds</u> — The majority of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method identified as the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted into cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. By comparing information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide statements, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. The relationships or differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are detailed in a reconciliation following the fund financial statements.

The Town of Burrillville maintains numerous individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund and the School Department, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the individual governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated nonmajor fund presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The Town implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54) in fiscal year 2011. GASB 54 establishes criteria for classifying fund balances into specifically defined classifications and clarifies the definitions for governmental funds. GASB 54 defines the following five categories of fund balance:

Nonspendable – items that cannot be spent because they are not in a spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – items that are restricted by external parties or imposed by grants, laws or legislation.

Committed – items that have been committed by formal action by the entity's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned – items that have been allocated by committee action where the government's intent is to use the funds for a specific purpose.

Unassigned – items that have no restrictions placed on them.

The Town maintains certain funds that have been reclassified to the Town General Fund under GASB 54. The ending fund balance of these funds was \$2,534,492 at June 30, 2019.

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The focus of the Town of Burrillville's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Town's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The Fund Balance section of the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds is presented in the format required by GASB Statement 54.

• <u>Proprietary Funds</u> – The Town charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units within the Town. These services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Fund Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position. In fact, the Town's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are identical to the business-type activities that are reported in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

The Town of Burrillville maintains four individual enterprise funds. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer, school cafeteria, Levy Rink and extended day care facilities. The funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements - only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sewer, school cafeteria, Levy Rink, and day care activities.

The Town as Trustee - Reporting the Town's Fiduciary Responsibilities

• <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - The Town is the trustee, or fiduciary, for a number of different activities including student activity and scholarship programs. All of the Town's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. The activities of these funds are excluded from the Town's government-wide financial statements because the Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Town is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Town's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to the employees and budgetary comparative information for the Town general fund and the School Department general fund.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The Town's Overall Operations

The Town of Burrillville has prepared the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 financials in a format prescribed by the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement 34 (GASB 34).

June 30, 2019

The Town's combined net position was \$76.27 million in 2019. Analyzing the net position and net expenses of governmental and business-type activities separately, the governmental activities are \$51.02 million and the business-type activities net position is \$25.25 million in 2019. This analysis focuses on the net position (Table 1), changes in net position - activities (Table 2), and changes in general revenues and significant expenses of the Town's governmental and business-type activities.

By far the largest portion of the Town's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

June 30, 2018

The Town's combined net position was \$76.29 million in 2018. Analyzing the net position and net expenses of governmental and business-type activities separately, the governmental activities are \$50.84 million and the business-type activities net position was \$25.44 million in 2018. This analysis focuses on the net position (Table 1), changes in net position - activities (Table 2), and changes in general revenues and significant expenses of the Town's governmental and business-type activities.

By far the largest portion of the Town's net position (103%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Table 1

Town of Burrillville

Statement of Net Position - Primary Government
June 30

| | Governmenta | al Activities | Business-typ | oe Activities | <u>To</u> | <u>tal</u> |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | <u>2019</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2019</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2019</u> | 2018 |
| Current and other assets | \$ 30,792,355 | \$ 35,429,328 | \$ 5,516,088 | \$ 5,634,911 | \$ 36,308,443 | \$ 41,064,239 |
| Capital assets | 67,650,210 | 64,798,903 | 27,595,778 | 28,113,124 | 95,245,988 | 92,912,027 |
| Total assets | 98,442,565 | 100,228,231 | 33,111,866 | 33,748,035 | 131,554,431 | 133,976,266 |
| Deferred outflows of resources | 12,833,993 | 13,654,065 | 0 | 0 | 12,833,993 | 13,654,065 |
| Current liabilities | 7,548,202 | 8,373,321 | 1,080,840 | 1,033,807 | 8,629,042 | 9,407,128 |
| Noncurrent liabilities | 44,823,992 | 46,114,063 | 6,773,057 | 7,272,159 | 51,597,049 | 53,386,222 |
| Total liabilities | 52,372,194 | 54,487,384 | 7,853,897 | 8,305,966 | 60,226,091 | 62,793,350 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | 7,885,552 | 8,550,348 | 6,773 | 0 | 7,892,325 | 8,550,348 |
| Net position: | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 61,728,850 | 57,906,084 | 20,413,207 | 20,428,142 | 82,142,057 | 78,334,226 |
| Restricted | 1,533,145 | 1,327,646 | | | 1,533,145 | 1,327,646 |
| Unrestricted | (12,243,183) | (8,389,166) | 4,837,989 | 5,013,927 | (7,405,194) | (3,375,239) |
| Total net position | \$ 51,018,812 | \$ 50,844,564 | \$25,251,196 | \$ 25,442,069 | \$ 76,270,008 | \$ 76,286,633 |

The total net position in governmental activities increased by \$0.17 million. Governmental activities current and other assets decreased by \$4.64 million. Governmental activities deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$0.82 million. Governmental activities current liabilities decreased by \$0.80 million. Governmental activities noncurrent liabilities decreased by \$1.29 million. Governmental activities deferred inflows of resources decreased by \$0.66 million.

The net position in Business-type activities decreased by \$0.19 million.

Table 2

Town of Burrillville Statement of Activities - Primary Government Year Ended June 30

| | Governme <u>Activiti</u> | | Business <u>Activi</u> | | <u>Tota</u> | <u>ıl</u> |
|--|-----------------------------|---|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | <u>2019</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2019</u> | 2018 | <u>2019</u> | 2018 |
| Revenues: Program Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Charges for services Operating grants and | \$ 1,495,273 | \$ 1,545,162 | \$4,141,280 | \$4,101,826 | \$ 5,636,533 | \$ 5,646,988 |
| contributions Capital grants and | 18,056,127 | 15,948,271 | 411,186 | 412,732 | 18,467,313 | 16,361,003 |
| contributions | 974,708 | 1,369,138 | | | 974,708 | 1,369,138 |
| General revenues: | 33,854,883 | 22 042 496 | | | 22 054 002 | 22 042 496 |
| Property Taxes Unrestricted Investment Contributions not | 407,952 | 32,943,486 198,461 | 28,447 | 9,628 | 33,854,883 436,399 | 32,943,486 208,089 |
| restricted to specific programs | 582,000 | | | | 582,000 | |
| Gain on sale of capital asset | 10,000 | | | | 10,000 | |
| Total Revenues | 55,380,943 | 52,004,518 | 4,580,913 | 4,524,186 | 59,961,856 | 56,528,704 |
| Expenses: | | | | | | |
| General government | 5,692,901 | 5,502,267 | | | 5,692,901 | 5,502,267 |
| Public safety | 4,713,918 | 4,372,706 | | | 4,713,918 | 4,372,706 |
| Public works | 4,414,773 | 3,758,038 | | | 4,414,773 | 3,758,038 |
| Education | 37,274,247 | 35,440,001 | | | 37,274,247 | 35,440,001 |
| Parks and recreation | 932,918 | 880,406 | | | 932,918 | 880,406 |
| Libraries | 1,081,371 | 1,023,507 | | | 1,081,371 | 1,023,507 |
| Community developments Burrillville Redevelopments | nt 779,604 | 5,635 | | | 779,604 | 5,635 |
| Agency | 60,000 | | | | 60,000 | |
| Interest on long-term de | - | 262,637 | | | 235,747 | 262,637 |
| Sewer Authority | , | , | 2,861,091 | 2,284,694 | 2,861,091 | 2,284,694 |
| School Cafeteria | | | 849,764 | 874,840 | 849,764 | 874,840 |
| Levy Rink | | | 459,771 | 463,481 | 459,771 | 463,481 |
| Extended Day Care | | *************************************** | 622,376 | 583,724 | 622,376 | 583,724 |
| Total expenses | _55,185,479 | 51,245,197 | 4,793,002 | 4,206,739 | 59,978,481 | 55,451,936 |
| Revenues over (under) | | | | | | |
| expenses | 195,464 | 759,321 | (212,089) | 317,447 | (16,625) | 1,076,768 |
| Transfers in (out) | (21,216) | (44,000) | 21,216 | 44,000 | 0 | 0 |
| Increase (decrease) in net | | | | | | |
| position | 174,248 | 715,321 | (190,873) | 361,447 | (16,625) | 1,076,768 |
| Net Position, July 1 | 50,844,564 | 50,129,243 | 25,442,069 | 25,080,622 | 76,286,633 | 75,209,865 |
| Net Position, June 30 | \$ 51,018,812 | \$50,844,564 | \$25,251,196 | \$25,442,069 | \$76,270,008 | \$76,286,633 |

Governmental activity revenues increased by \$3.38 million primarily due to an increase in operating grants and contributions of \$2.11 million, a decrease in capital grants and contributions of \$0.40 million, and an increase in property taxes of \$0.91 million.

Governmental activity expenses increased by \$3.94 million which reflect increased costs associated with education of (\$1.80 million), community development of (\$0.78 million) and public works of (\$0.66 million).

The net position associated with business-type activities decreased by \$0.19 million due primarily to a decrease in the Sewer Authority of \$0.26 million.

Review of Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary fund through which the majority of the Town's revenues and expenditures flow. The Town finished the year within the limits established by the adopted budget. The Town carefully monitors its expenditures and eliminates all but the most necessary. Every effort is made to avoid unnecessary spending so that savings can be returned to the General Fund.

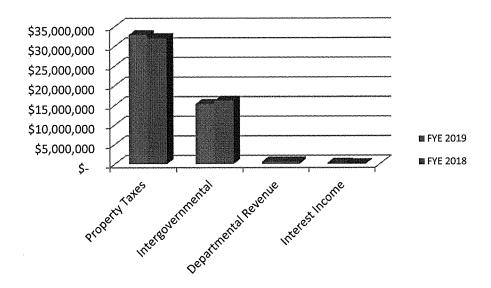
During FYE 2019, there were eight (8) supplemental budget appropriations adopted by the Town Council, which totaled \$3,726,084 including one transfer of \$2,318,713 related to capital improvements carried forward from the prior year.

A comparative breakdown of revenues and expenditures associated with the General Fund on a budgetary basis for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019 and 2018 is listed below. This information is provided for general purposes only.

The Town's general revenues increased in FYE 2019 when compared to the prior year by 0.11% or \$51,695.

| Revenues | FYE 2019 | FYE 2018 | % Change | \$ Change |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|------------|
| Property Taxes Intergovernmental | \$32,882,951 | \$32,103,363 | 2.43% | \$ 779,588 |
| Revenue | 15,317,425 | 16,179,604 | (5.33%) | (862,179) |
| Departmental Revenue | 577,727 | 615,456 | (6.13%) | (37,729) |
| Interest Income | 318,374 | 146,359 | (117.53%) | (172,015) |
| Total Revenues | \$49,096,477 | \$49,044,782 | 0.11% | \$ 51,695 |

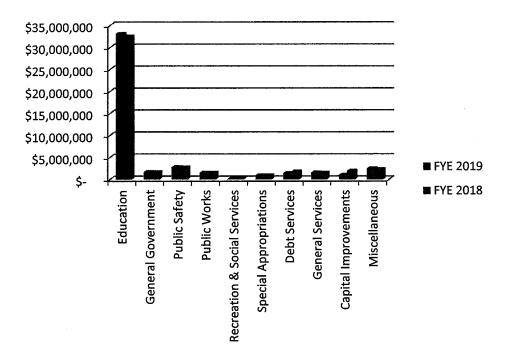
General Fund (Continued)



The Town's general expenditures increased in FYE 2019 when compared to the prior year by (0.79%) or \$358,617.

| | FYE 2019 | FYE 2018 | % Chg | \$ Chg |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------|
| Expenditures | | | | |
| Education | \$33,132,051 | \$32,500,000 | 1.94% | \$632,051 |
| General Government | 1,694,774 | 1,638,667 | 3.42% | 56,107 |
| Public Safety | 2,797,484 | 2,729,380 | 2.50% | 68,104 |
| Public Works | 1,558,333 | 1,528,922 | 1.92% | 29,411 |
| Recreation & Social Services | 171,357 | 158,209 | 8.31% | 13,148 |
| Special Appropriations | 933,550 | 905,521 | 3.10% | 28,029 |
| Debt Service | 1,443,296 | 1,808,753 | (20.20)% | (365,457) |
| General Services | 1,564,979 | 1,498,769 | 4.42% | 66,210 |
| Capital Improvements | 1,037,707 | 1,953,773 | (46.89%) | (916,066) |
| Burrillville Redevelopment Agency | 60,000 | | 100.00% | 60,000 |
| Miscellaneous | 2,432,350 | 2,294,555 | 6.01% | 137,795 |
| Other Financing (Sources) Uses | | | | |
| Transfer from Fund Balance | (3,581,904) | (3,855,167) | 7.09% | 273,263 |
| Transfers In-Special Revenue | (186,636) | (187,443) | 0.43% | 807 |
| Transfers In-Enterprise | (12,784) | | 100.00% | (12,784) |
| Transfers Out-Capital Projects | 1,319,000 | 1,264,982 | 4.27% | 54,018 |
| Transfers Out-Special Revenue | 1,254,726 | 960,848 | 30.58% | 293,878 |
| Proceeds from refunding bonds | | (2,780,000) | (100.00)% | 2,780,000 |
| Payment to refunded bond escrow agent | | 2,749,071 | 100.00% | (2,749,071) |
| Town – held tax liens | | 90,826 | 100.00% | (90,826) |
| Total Expenditures (Net of | | | | |
| Transfers) | <u>\$ 45,618,283</u> | <u>\$ 45,259,666</u> | <u>0.79%</u> | <u>\$ 358,617</u> |
| Excess of Revenues over | | | | |
| Expenditures- Budgetary Basis | <u>\$ 3,478,194</u> | <u>\$ 3,785,116</u> | <u>8.11%</u> | <u>\$ 306,922</u> |

General Fund (Continued)



June 30, 2019

Overall non-tax revenues were \$727,893 less than the prior year due mainly to a decrease in intergovernmental [School Construction and School Aid] revenue. Actual revenues were \$611,483 more than budgeted. The primary reasons for the favorable revenue variance within the fiscal year were:

- First, the Town exceeded its budget expectations in relation to the collection of property taxes. This was primarily due to an increase in tax collections over budgeted projections that totaled \$138,538 which includes tax revenue of \$126,087. The Town collected approximately 98.5% of the fiscal year 2019 tax levy.
- Second, the Town's intergovernmental revenue was more than the budget by \$209,520. This amount includes additional amounts received from Medicaid reimbursements (\$145,603), school construction aid (\$25,031), and police and other (\$23,620).
- Third, the Town's departmental revenue was more than budget by \$40,051 which is primarily due to an increase in licenses and fees (\$46,705).
- Finally, interest income was over budget in the amount of \$223,374.

The Town has continued its aggressive tax collection position, which was implemented many years ago. A 98.78% collection rate was budgeted for FYE 2019 and 98.5% was actually collected.

A comparison of actual expenditures incurred during FYE 2019 reveals that the Town expenses were \$3,494,796 less than the amount appropriated. This was achieved by limiting expenditures to essential services only. A significant portion of this amount [\$2,794,497] is for capital improvement activities related to general administration, police, school, and public works projects which has been re-appropriated for FYE June 30, 2020. In addition, the Town had a favorable debt service variance of \$489,292.

General Fund (Continued)

The most significant governmental expense for the municipality during 2019 was in providing for public safety, which incurred expenses of \$2.80 million. The major components of public safety are police and animal control. Other significant governmental expenses for the municipality include public works at \$1.56 million; general government at \$1.69 million, which includes all administrative offices; general services (\$1.56 million) such as refuse collection/recycling; debt at \$1.44 million, and insurance/benefits at \$2.30 million.

June 30, 2018

Overall non-tax revenues were \$534,346 more than the prior year due mainly to an increase in intergovernmental [motor vehicle phase out]. Actual revenues were \$922,832 more than budgeted. The primary reasons for the favorable revenue variance within the fiscal year were:

- First, the Town exceeded its budget expectations in relation to the collection of property taxes. This was primarily due to an increase in tax collections over budgeted projections that totaled \$326,198 which includes tax revenue of \$328,768. The Town collected approximately 98.2% of the fiscal year 2019 tax levy.
- Second, the Town's intergovernmental revenue was more than the budget by \$396,594. This amount includes additional amounts received from Medicaid reimbursements (\$177,139), motor vehicle phase out (\$92,360), and school construction (\$144,133).
- Third, the Town's departmental revenue was more than budget by \$77,781 which is primarily due to an increase in licenses and fees of \$59,810 and an increase in building official fees of \$27,655.
- Finally, interest income was over budget in the amount of \$122,259.

The Town has continued its aggressive tax collection position, which was implemented many years ago. A 98.8% collection rate was budgeted for FYE 2018 and 98.2% was actually collected. The collection rate used for budgeting purposes was based upon historical collection data.

A comparison of actual expenditures incurred during FYE 2018 reveals that the Town expenses were \$3,205,880 less than the amount appropriated. This was achieved by limiting expenditures to essential services only. A significant portion of this amount [\$2,318,714] is for capital improvement activities related to general administration, police, school, and public works projects which has been re-appropriated for FYE June 30, 2019. In addition, debt service expenditures were less than budget by \$508,176.

The most significant governmental expense for the municipality during 2018 was in providing for public safety, which incurred expenses of \$2.73 million. The major components of public safety are police and animal control. Other significant governmental expenses for the municipality include public works at \$1.53 million; general government at \$1.64 million, which includes all administrative offices; general services (\$1.50 million) such as refuse collection/recycling; debt at \$1.81 million, and insurance/benefits at \$2.15 million.

Fund Balance

June 30, 2019

The net effect of operations as described above on the budgetary basis reveals that the Town completed fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 with a net excess of revenues over expenditures in the amount of \$3,478,194. Note that this amount included as revenue the budgeted amount of \$3,581,904 from the Unassigned Fund Balance. When this is factored out, there is a net decrease to fund balance associated with the deficiency of revenues under expenditures of \$103,710.

The Town's fund balance increased from \$13,922,761 to \$13,982,874. GASB Statement No. 54 funds accounted for \$163,823 of this increase. The Town's fund balance is broken down into the following components which are detailed in footnote 9(a) and is comprised of cash or other assets that will eventually be converted into cash such as receivables:

- 1. Nonspendable. An amount (\$291,834) attributed to tax sale property that was not bid on at public auction. The Town has subsequently acquired tax deeds over the years to protect its interest in those properties that have outstanding taxes/sewer assessments due.
- 2. Committed. An amount (\$5,316,922) which includes a number of funds that had previously been identified as special revenue funds in prior audits including Debt Reduction, Other Post Employment Benefits, Unfunded Liability/Incentive Pay, Recycling Program, Pension Reserve Fund, and Healthcare Contingency. It also includes \$2,794,497 which was re-appropriated in FYE 2019 for capital projects.
- 3. Assigned. An amount (\$133,123) related to funding reserved for the School Department.
- 4. Unassigned. Finally after all of the above items are considered, the remaining value of \$8,240,995 is referred to as the Town's Unassigned Fund Balance, which decreased by \$478,121 over last year's Unassigned Fund Balance of \$8,719,116. This decrease is due to the net effect of budget activity combined with a number of planned fund balance draw downs during FYE 2019 related to capital improvement carryover and fund balance in excess of the fund balance policy. This leaves an Unassigned Fund Balance on June 30, 2019 of \$8,240,995 which is approximately 16.32% of the total budget currently appropriated for FYE June 30, 2020 (\$50,496,620).

June 30, 2018

The net effect of operations as described above on the budgetary basis reveals that the Town completed fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 with a net excess of revenues over expenditures in the amount of \$3,785,116. Note that this amount included as revenue the budgeted amount of \$3,855,167 from the Unassigned Fund Balance. When this is factored out, there is actually a net decrease to fund balance associated with the deficiency of revenues under expenditures of \$70,051.

The Town's fund balance decreased from \$15,194,219 to \$13,922,761. GASB Statement No. 54 funds accounted for \$1,201,407 of this decrease. The Town's fund balance is broken down into the following components and is comprised of cash or other assets that will eventually be converted into cash such as receivables:

Fund Balance (Continued)

- 1. Nonspendable. An amount \$298,829 attributed to tax sale property that was not bid on at public auction. The Town has subsequently acquired tax deeds over the years to protect its interest in those properties that have outstanding taxes/sewer assessments due.
- 2. Committed. An amount \$4,771,693 which includes a number of funds that had previously been identified as special revenue funds in prior audits including Other School Activities, Debt Reduction, Other Post Employment Benefits, Unfunded Liability/Incentive Pay, Recycling Program, Pension Reserve Fund, and Healthcare Contingency. It also includes \$2,318,714 which was re-appropriated in FYE 2017 for capital projects.
- 3. Assigned. An amount \$133,123 related to funding reserved for the School Department.
- 4. Unassigned. Finally after all of the above items are considered, the remaining value of \$8,719,116 is referred to as the Town's Unassigned Fund Balance, which increased by \$1,691,169 over last year's Unassigned Fund Balance of \$7,027,947. This increase is due to the net effect of budget activity combined with a number of planned fund balance draw downs during FYE 2019 related to capital improvement carryover and fund balance in excess of the fund balance policy. This leaves an Unassigned Fund Balance on June 30, 2018 of \$8,719,116 which is approximately 17.59% of the total budget currently appropriated for FYE June 30, 2019 (\$49,568,319).

School Department

June 30, 2019

The School Department had revenues for the year ended June 30, 2019 of \$14.42 million. This was derived from \$12.87 million of intergovernmental revenues and \$1.55 million of state pension contribution revenues. In addition to general operating revenues, the School Department also received \$20.26 million of other financing sources in the form of transfers in from the General Fund.

Expenditures for the School Department totaled \$34.86 million. This entire amount represents expenditures related to education.

The excess of expenditures over revenues was \$0.18 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

June 30, 2018

The School Department had revenues for the year ended June 30, 2018 of \$15.11 million. This was derived from \$13.63 million of intergovernmental revenues and \$1.47 million of state pension contribution revenues. In addition to general operating revenues, the School Department also received \$18.87 million of other financing sources in the form of transfers in from the General Fund.

Expenditures for the School Department totaled \$33.99 million. This entire amount represents expenditures related to education.

The excess of expenditures over revenues was \$0.21 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Business-type Activities

Proprietary Activities

June 30, 2019

Revenues of the Town's business-type activities were \$4.60 million for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. Expenses for the Town's business-type activities were \$4.79 million for the year, resulting in an decrease in net position of \$0.19 million. The decrease in net position was mainly from the decrease in the net position of the Sewer Authority of \$0.26 million

June 30, 2018

Revenues and transfers in for the Town's business-type activities were \$4.57 million for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. Expenses for the Town's business-type activities were \$4.21 million for the year, resulting in an increase in net position of \$0.36 million. The increase in net position was mainly from the increase in the net position of the Sewer Authority of \$0.33 million.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Project Funds

The Town had several active capital projects during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Some projects that continue to carry balances at year end include the Commerce Park Water Loop, Public Works Complex, Animal Control Facility Renovation, School Roof Improvements and Wilson Spillway.

Additionally, the Town maintains revolving funds for the purpose of addressing Open Space Land Acquisition and Major Capital projects.

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2019, the Town had \$95.20 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including police and public works equipment, buildings, park facilities, roads, bridges, and sewer lines. (See Table 3.) This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$2.29 million over the prior fiscal year's net capital assets (\$92.91 million).

The presentation below lists the major categories of capital assets for governmental and business type activities. Infrastructure assets, which are assets that can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than most capital assets and are typically stationary in nature such as streets, sidewalks, curbing and bridges, are subject to different rules under the GASB 34 standards.

Capital Assets (Continued)

The Town of Burrillville reports its capital assets in accordance with GASB 34. The retroactive reporting of pre-GASB-34 infrastructure, roads, bridges, etc. was completed in FYE 2008 as required.

Table 3

Capital Assets - Primary Government
June 30

| | Governn Activit | | Business-ty Activitie | · * | Total | ı |
|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | HOLIVI | .103 | 7 ICH VILIC | <u></u> | 1000 | <u>.</u> |
| | <u>2019</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2019</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2019</u> | <u>2018</u> |
| Land | \$ 3,212,397 | \$ 3,212,397 | \$ 382,443 | \$ 382,443 | \$ 3,549,840 | \$ 3,594,840 |
| Construction in progress | 3,623,243 | 2,432,102 | | | 3,623,243 | 2,432,102 |
| Leasehold improvements | | | 34,398 | 34,398 | 34,398 | 34,398 |
| Collection systems | | | 42,695,348 | 42,394,387 | 42,695,348 | 42,394,387 |
| Buildings and | | | | | | |
| improvements | 80,298,369 | 77,016,009 | 8,384,314 | 8,338,522 | 88,682,683 | 85,354,531 |
| Equipment | 3,100,447 | 3,042,998 | 475,175 | 465,151 | 3,575,622 | 3,508,149 |
| Vehicles | 5,662,977 | 5,370,532 | 135,261 | 135,261 | 5,798,238 | 5,505,793 |
| Furniture | | | 892,353 | 889,662 | 892,353 | 889,662 |
| Infrastructure | 25,203,859 | 23,679,064 | | | 25,203,859 | 23,679,064 |
| Total Assets | 121,101,292 | 114,753,102 | 52,999,292 | 52,639,824 | 174,055,584 | 167,392,926 |
| Less accumulated | | | | | | |
| depreciation | (53,451,082) | (49,954,199) | (25,403,514) | (24,526,700) | (78,854,596) | (74,480,899) |
| Totals | <u>\$ 67,650,210</u> | <u>\$ 64,798,903</u> | <u>\$27,595,778</u> | <u>\$ 28,113,124</u> | <u>\$ 95,200,988</u> | <u>\$ 92,912,027</u> |

- Completion of road/sidewalk improvements (George Eddy Drive). Work on Wilson Spillway and the Dog Park.
- Completion of the renovations to the Animal Control Facility.
- Acquisition of various equipment including 2 electric vehicle charging stations, 3 police vehicles, and 1 dump truck.
- The School Department also had funding allocated towards various building improvements primarily related to school roofs, HVAC system upgrades, flooring, asbestos removal, new boiler, and a generator.
- The increase in construction in progress is primarily related to the construction of a new public works complex.

The 2020 Capital Budget has been adopted and while individual projects are subject to change the budget calls for spending on capital projects, principally in these major categories: administration, schools, library, Police Department, and street improvements along with possible funding for the Chapel Street sewer project.

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 7.

Debt Administration

June 30, 2019

The total outstanding long-term bonded debt on June 30, 2019 was \$16,195,124, which represents a decrease of \$1,928,391 from June 30, 2018 (\$18,123,515). This decrease was primarily due to the net effect of annual debt payments (\$1,928,391) on outstanding issues.

June 30, 2018

The total outstanding long-term bonded debt on June 30, 2018 was \$18,123,515, which represents an decrease of \$1,278,260 from June 30, 2017 (\$19,401,775). This decrease was primarily due to the net effect of additional bond proceeds of \$3,480,000, offset by annual debt payments (\$1,986,000) and bond refundings (\$2,700,000) on outstanding issues.

Table 4

Long Term Debt June 30

| | Government 2019 | ral Activities 2018 | Business-Type 2019 | 2018 |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| General Obligation Bonds | \$9,089,124 | \$10,538,515 | \$7,106,000 | \$7,585,000 |
| Capital Lease | | | 76,571 | 99,982 |
| Compensated Absences | 1,018,414 | 1,032,431 | 80,805 | 71,099 |
| Net OPEB Obligation | | | 23,248 | 25,589 |
| Landfill Post-Closure Costs | 791,100 | 831,900 | | |
| Totals | \$10,898,638 | \$12,402,846 | \$7,286,624 | \$7,781,670 |

Debt Administration(Continued)

Below is a comparison of various long-term bonded debt ratios for June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018. Note that Loans Payable, Bond Anticipation Notes (BANS), and Bond Premiums are not incorporated in these calculations.

Various Debt Ratios

| | 6/30/2019 | 6/30/2018 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Total Outstanding Long-Term Bonded Debt | \$15,862,000 | \$17,742,229 |
| Debt per Capita - 2010 Census (15,955) State Average \$1,781 City/town average \$1,673 | \$ 994 | \$ 1,112 |
| Net Assessed Values | \$1,677,480,239 | \$1,683,588,822 |
| Debt to Net Assessed Values Tax Rate per \$ 1,000: | 0.95% | 1.13% |
| Real Estate | \$ 18.20 | \$ 17.56 |
| Motor Vehicle | \$ 40.00 | \$ 40.00 |
| Credit Ratings - | | |
| Fitch's Investor's Service | N/A | AA |
| Moody's Rating Agency | N/A | Aa2 |

The Town received a rating upgrade by both Fitch's Investor's Service (from A to A+) and Moody's Rating Agency (from A2 to A1) in 2000. Subsequently the Town's A1 credit rating with Moody's Rating Agency was reaffirmed and upgraded by Fitch's Investor's Service to AA- in 2006. Fitch Investor's Service again reaffirmed the AA- rating in 2008. Moody's and Fitch recalibrated the Town's ratings in April 2010 to Aa2 and AA respectively. Fitch reaffirmed its rating when a surveillance review was conducted in 2010, 2012, and, September 2014. In October 2016, Fitch upgraded the Town's General Obligation Bond Rating to AAA while maintaining the Issuers Default Rating (IDR) at AA. At June 30, 2019 the Town had outstanding bonded debt through the Rhode Island Infrastructure Bank's state revolving loan fund. This debt is not considered public debt, therefore, the Town was no longer rated as of June 30, 2019.

Historically the Town has utilized a significant amount of its Unassigned Fund Balance as an interim source of revenue for capital projects and other one time expenditures. For many years this has allowed the Town to avoid borrowing in anticipation of taxes. As of FYE 1994, the Town returned to its reserve policy objective relative to maintaining an unassigned fund balance that was the greater of either (1) 12% fund balance or (2) one year's annual debt payment. With the results of this year's operations, the Town at 16.31% is above its minimal goal of maintaining a sufficient unassigned fund balance. Maintenance of this minimum balance will continue to be a priority as part of the overall process involved with improving financial operations.

Debt Administration (Continued)

Bond rating companies look at four main factors when determining the credit worthiness of a municipal offering. The four factors are 1) debt, 2) economics, 3) fiscal, and 4) administrative. The Town has little control over its demographics and no control over the region's economy. The Town cannot control the fact that its median income is low or that it relies primarily on a residential tax base.

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note 8.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Town's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2020 budget, tax rates, and fees that will be charged for the business-type activities.

One of these factors is the economy. Some basic economic information regarding the Town of Burrillville is as follows:

- The unemployment rate for the Town of Burrillville is 2.7 percent. This compares to the State's average unemployment rate of 3.6 percent and the national average of 3.7 percent.
- According to the Tax Assessor, the average 2019 single family home in Burrillville is valued for assessment purposes at \$272,626, the average commercial property is valued at \$642,326, and the average industrial property is valued at \$984,694.
- The bond market remains favorable with its continued low interest rates and demand for municipal tax exempt debt which will provide a strong market for potential Town debt issues.
- The State's reductions of various State aid to the communities continue to impact the Town's budget.
- Certain employment costs including health insurance continue to rise requiring constant reevaluation of those programs.
- The Town of Burrillville is meeting its 10% federal and state affordable housing goal. (Greenridge Affordable Housing Development has opened offering affordable rents for those earning up to 80% of area median income).

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates (Continued)

A number of factors were considered when the Town's budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 was being prepared including the following:

- The overall adopted budget was \$50,496,620, which was an increase of \$928,301 over the revised 2019 budget [\$49,568,319].
 - o Capital improvements decreased by \$82,651 [3.18%].
 - o The School operating budget increased from \$33,132,051 to \$34,000,956 or 2.62%. The net dollar increase is \$868,905.
 - o The municipal debt budget decreased \$675,121 [47.28%].
- The General Fund's largest single revenue source is property taxes State revenue is second. The Town's tax rate was decreased from \$18.20 per \$1,000 valuation to \$16.00 per \$1,000 valuation for fiscal year ending 2020. The average single family home value increased from \$230,610 to \$272,676 (\$42,066 increase). This resulted in the average single family homeowner's tax liability increasing by \$165 when comparing the 2020 tax bill to the prior year.
- The 2020 Budget provides for continuation of the Town's capital improvement program, which annually includes significant infrastructure upgrades. This year's CIP Budget does not include any reliance on the current year tax levy due to the reliance on the revenues generated from the OSP/TransCanada tax agreement.
- The General Fund's portion of property tax revenue for FY 2020 is estimated to be \$30.21 million. The decrease in tax levy (approximately \$0.46 million) relates primarily to a loss of revenue from the Motor Vehicle phase out.
- The Town continues to pursue economic development opportunities to assist in spreading the tax burden among commercial and residential property owners.

Requests for Information

Contacting the Town's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, at the Town of Burrillville, 105 Harrisville Main Street, Harrisville, RI 02830.

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

| | | Primary Governmen | t | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|----|-------------------|
| | Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities | Total | Co | omponent Units |
| ASSETS: | | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 20,427,727 | \$ 4,678,529 | \$ 25,106,256 | \$ | 327,888 |
| Investments | 4,067,554 | | 4,067,554 | | |
| Receivables: | | | | | |
| Taxes, net | 869,582 | | 869,582 | | |
| Sewer assessments and user fees, net | | 616,493 | 616,493 | | |
| Loans | | | | | 1,550 |
| Other | 250,665 | 14,802 | 265,467 | | |
| Town-held tax liens | 291,834 | | 291,834 | | |
| Due from: | | | | | |
| Primary government | | | | | 158,303 |
| Other governments | 1,885,402 | 16,432 | 1,901,834 | | |
| Component unit | 10,937 | | 10,937 | | |
| Internal balances | 3,191 | (3,191) | | | |
| Prepaid expenses | 20,301 | 4,816 | 25,117 | | 137,221 |
| Inventory | | 16,035 | 16,035 | | |
| Total current assets | 27,827,193 | 5,343,916 | 33,171,109 | | 624,962 |
| Noncurrent assets: | | | | | |
| Loans receivable, net | | | | | 6,429 |
| Net pension asset | 2,965,162 | | 2,965,162 | | |
| Capital assets: | | | | | |
| Non-depreciable | 6,835,640 | 382,443 | 7,218,083 | | 217,075 |
| Depreciable, net | 60,814,570 | 27,213,335 | 88,027,905 | | 544,078 |
| Sewer assessment fees | | 172,172 | 172,172 | | |
| Total noncurrent assets | 70,615,372 | 27,767,950 | 98,383,322 | | 767,582 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 98,442,565 | 33,111,866 | 131,554,431 | | 1,392,544 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: | | | | | |
| Deferred outflows related to pensions | 12,757,229 | | 12,757,229 | | |
| Deferred expense on refunding bonds | 76,764 | 0 | 76,764 | | |
| TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF | | - | | | |
| RESOURCES | 12,833,993 | 0 | 12,833,993 | | 0 |

(CONTINUED)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

| | | Primary Governmen | <u>t</u> | | |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|----|-------------------|
| | Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities | Total | C | omponent Units |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | 2,066,355 | 447,643 | 2,513,998 | | 41,350 |
| Accrued payroll | 2,825,002 | 29,335 | 2,854,337 | | 12,896 |
| Accrued interest | 56,604 | 53,135 | 109,739 | | |
| Retainage payable | 212,475 | | 212,475 | | |
| Due to: | | | | | |
| Primary government | | | | | 10,937 |
| Other governments | 22,777 | 6,400 | 29,177 | | |
| Component unit | 158,303 | | 158,303 | | |
| Current portion of long-term debt | 1,331,000 | 513,567 | 1,844,567 | | 12,406 |
| Unearned revenue | 778,099 | 18,056 | 796,155 | | |
| Other liabilities | 97,587 | 12,704 | 110,291 | | |
| Total current liabilities | 7,548,202 | 1,080,840 | 8,629,042 | | 77,589 |
| | | | | | |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | 0.507.000 | 0.740.000 | 40.047.447 | | 00.400 |
| Long-term debt, net | 9,567,638 | 6,749,809 | 16,317,447 | | 62,430 |
| Net other post-employment benefit liability | 3,055,736 | 23,248 | 3,078,984 | | |
| Net pension liability | 32,200,618 | 0.770.057 | 32,200,618 | | 00.400 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 44,823,992 | 6,773,057 | 51,597,049 | | 62,430 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 52,372,194 | 7,853,897 | 60,226,091 | | 140,019 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: | | | | | |
| Deferred inflows related to pensions | 6,995,284 | | 6,995,284 | | |
| Deferred inflows related to other post- | 0,000,201 | | 0,000,201 | | |
| employment benefits | 890,268 | 6,773 | 897,041 | | |
| TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF | | | | | |
| RESOURCES | 7,885,552 | 6,773 | 7,892,325 | | 0 |
| | | | | | |
| NET POSITION: | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 61,728,850 | 20,413,207 | 82,142,057 | | 761,153 |
| Restricted - nonexpendable | 420,791 | | 420,791 | | |
| Restricted for: | | | | | |
| General government | 98,319 | | 98,319 | | |
| Public safety | 98,818 | | 98,818 | | |
| Recreation and social services | 371,322 | | 371,322 | | |
| Education | 483,389 | | 483,389 | | |
| Community development | 60,506 | | 60,506 | | |
| Unrestricted | (12,243,183) | 4,837,989 | (7,405,194) | | 491,372 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | \$ 51,018,812 | \$ 25,251,196 | \$ 76,270,008 | \$ | 1,252,525 |

(CONCLUDED)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | | | Program Revenues | | Net (| Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position | and | |
|---|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|---|--------------------|--------------|
| | | | Operating | Capital | | | | |
| | | Charges for | Grants and | Grants and | Governmental | Business-type | | Component |
| Functions/Programs: | Expenses | Services | Contributions | Contributions | Activities | Activities | Total | Units |
| Primary Government: Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Conord government | \$ 5 602 001 | 4 588 950 | 4 1118 550 | | (3 985 392) | | \$ (3,985,392) | |
| General government | | ģα | | 7 042 | | | | |
| Dublic saiety | 4,7,7,0 | 17,030 | 25.0 | Ť | (4.230.219) | | (4 230 219) | |
| Public works | 4,4-14,773 | 17,030 | 0.4.000 | 107,100 | (4,200,219) | | (4,200,419) | |
| Education | 31,214,241 | 510,116 | 15,833,505 | 6//,1/4 | (407,457,554) | | (40, 104,07) | |
| Recreation and social services | 932,918 | 251,516 | 105,464 | 74,865 | (501,073) | | (501,073) | |
| Libraries | 1,081,371 | | 173,440 | 253,920 | (654,011) | | (654,011) | |
| Community development | 779,604 | 43,861 | 727,668 | | (8,075) | | (8,075) | |
| Burrillville Redevelopment Agency | 000'09 | | | | (000'09) | | (60,000) | |
| Interest on long-term debt | 235,747 | | | | (235,747) | | (235,747) | |
| Total governmental activities | 55,185,479 | 1,495,273 | 18,056,127 | 974,708 | (34,659,371) | | (34,659,371) | |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Sewer Authority | 2,861,091 | 2,589,631 | | | | \$ (271,460) | (2/1,460) | |
| School Cafeteria | 849,764 | 442,167 | 411,186 | | | 3,589 | 3,589 | |
| Levy Rink | 459,771 | 475,103 | | | | 15,332 | 15,332 | |
| Extended Day Care | 622,376 | 634,379 | | | | 12,003 | 12,003 | |
| Total business-type activities | 4,793,002 | 4,141,280 | 411,186 | 0 | 0 | (240,536) | (240,536) | |
| Total primary government | \$ 59,978,481 | \$ 5,636,553 | \$ 18,467,313 | \$ 974,708 | (34,659,371) | (240,536) | (34,899,907) | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Component Units: Burrillville Redevelopment Agency | \$ 52,928 | \$ 51,016 | 9054 | \$ 60,000 | | | | \$ 58,088 |
| Jesse M. Simili Membiral Library Total component units | \$ 988,431 | \$ 64,583 | \$ 951,410 | \$ 60,000 | | | | 87,562 |
| | General revenues: | d | | | | | | |
| | Property taxes | ì | | | 33,854,883 | | 33,854,883 | 1 |
| | Unrestricted investment ear | | nings to enecific programs | | 407,952 582,000 | 28,447 | 436,399 582 000 | 3,320 |
| | Gain on sale of capital asset | capital asset | 2000 | | 10,000 | | 10,000 | |
| | Transfers | | | | (21,216) | 21,216 | | |
| | Total general revenues a | revenues and transfers | ısfers | | 34,833,619 | 49,663 | 34,883,282 | 3,320 |
| | Change in net position | oosition | | | 174,248 | (190,873) | (16,625) | 90,882 |
| | Net Position - L | Net Position - beginning of year | | | 50,844,564 | 25,442,069 | 76,286,633 | 1,161,643 |
| | Net Position - end of year | and of year | | | \$ 51,018,812 | \$ 25,251,196 | \$ 76,270,008 | \$ 1,252,525 |
| | | | | | | | | |

SEE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

| | General | School Department | Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|--|---------------|----------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| ASSETS; | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 16,739,438 | \$ 598,480 | \$ 3,089,809 | \$ 20,427,727 |
| Investments | 4,067,554 | | | 4,067,554 |
| Receivables: | | | | |
| Taxes, net | 869,582 | | | 869,582 |
| Other | 18,289 | 23,862 | 208,514 | 250,665 |
| Town-held tax liens | 291,834 | | | 291,834 |
| Due from: | | | | |
| Other funds | 344,689 | 3,349,395 | 4,210,390 | 7,904,474 |
| Component unit | | 10,937 | | 10,937 |
| Other governments | 341,478 | 32,877 | 1,511,047 | 1,885,402 |
| Prepaid expenditures | | 20,301 | | 20,301 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 22,672,864 | \$ 4,035,852 | \$ 9,019,760 | \$ 35,728,476 |
| | | | Average designation of the second sec | |
| LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES: | | | | |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 235,617 | \$ 927,447 | \$ 903,291 | \$ 2,066,355 |
| Accrued payroll and benefits | 161,850 | 2,518,237 | 144,915 | 2,825,002 |
| Retainage payable | | | 212,475 | 212,475 |
| Due to: | | | 1 | 6 |
| Other funds | 7,229,905 | 4,294 | 667,084 | 7,901,283 |
| Component units | 158,303 | | , | 158,303 |
| Other governments | 17,876 | | 4,901 | 22,777 |
| Unearned revenues | | 12,166 | 765,933 | 778,099 |
| Other liabilities | 90,134 | | 7,453 | 97,587 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 7,893,685 | 3,462,144 | 2,706,052 | 14,061,881 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: | | | | |
| Thavailable revenue - property faxes | 796,305 | 0 | 0 | 796,305 |
| TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 796,305 | 0 | 0 | 796,305 |
| | | | | |

(CONTINUED)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

| | General Fund | School Department | Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|--|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | | | |
| LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND | | | | |
| BALANCES (Continued): | | | | |
| Nonspendable | 291,834 | 20,301 | 108,656 | 420,791 |
| Restricted | | | 1,112,354 | 1,112,354 |
| Committed | 5,316,922 | 68,516 | 5,122,381 | 10,507,819 |
| Assigned | 133,123 | 484,891 | | 618,014 |
| (Juassigned | 8,240,995 | | (29,683) | 8,211,312 |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | 13,982,874 | 573,708 | 6,313,708 | 20,870,290 |
| | | | | |
| IOIAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES | \$ 22,672,864 | \$ 4,035,852 | \$ 9,019,760 | \$ 35,728,476 |

(CONTINUED)

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

| Total Fund Balances (B-1) | | \$ 20,870,290 |
|--|--|---------------|
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not fine reported in the governmental fund statements. | ancial resources and therefore are not | |
| Governmental capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation | 121,101,292 (53,451,082) | 67,650,210 |
| Net pension asset is not reported in the governmental ful | nd statements. | 2,965,16 |
| Deferred outflows related to pension plans are reported in the governmental fund statements. | n the Statement of Net Position but not | 12,757,229 |
| Net other post-employment benefit (OPEB) liability is not statements. This amount represents accumulated plan cOPEB costs. | · - | (3,055,73 |
| Some liabilities, including bonds payable and related defedue and payable in the current period and therefore are statements. | | |
| Governmental bonds payable Premium Current year amortization Deferred expense on refunding bonds Current year amortization Compensated absences Landfill closure and post-closure care costs | (8,756,000) (381,286) 48,162 87,696 (10,932) (1,018,414) (791,100) | |
| | | (10,821,87 |
| Net pension liability is not reported in the governmental f | und statements. | (32,200,61 |
| Pension related deferrals are not reported in the governr | mental fund statements. | (6,995,28 |
| Certain deferred inflows of resources in governmental fu accrual on the government-wide statements. | nd statements are susceptible to full | 796,30 |
| Other post-employment benefit related deferrals are not | reported in the governmental funds. | (890,26 |
| Accrued interest payable is recorded in governmental ac governmental fund statements. | ctivities, but is not recorded in the | (56,60 |
| Total Net Position (A-1) | | \$ 51,018,8 |
| | | (CONCLUDE |
| OFF NOTEO TO THE DAOLO | | COMOLODE |

Total

Other

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE, RHODE ISLAND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| - | - | | |
|---------------|--|--------------|--|
| General | School | Governmental | Governmental |
| Fund | Department | Funds | Funds |
| | | | |
| \$ 32,882,951 | | | \$ 32,882,951 |
| 2,485,579 | \$ 12,872,936 | | 18,181,990 |
| 528,334 | | | 528,334 |
| 369,220 | | 38,732 | 407,952 |
| 49,393 | | | 49,393 |
| 83,040 | | 939,445 | 1,022,485 |
| | 1,546,369 | | 1,546,369 |
| 36,398,517 | 14,419,305 | 3,801,652 | 54,619,474 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| 3,366,520 | | 1,031,586 | 4,398,106 |
| 2,878,684 | | 154,039 | 3,032,723 |
| 1,578,172 | | | 1,578,172 |
| 220,856 | 33,064,299 | 1,536,453 | 34,821,608 |
| 176,691 | | 356,937 | 533,628 |
| 886,300 | | 173,440 | 1,059,740 |
| | | 779,604 | 779,604 |
| 000'09 | | | 60,000 |
| 2,495,838 | | | 2,495,838 |
| | 1,546,369 | | 1,546,369 |
| | | | |
| 1,401,229 | | | 1,401,229 |
| 267,296 | | 6,715 | 274,011 |
| | 1 | 1 | |
| 1,037,707 | 217,430 | 5,635,294 | 6,890,431 |
| 14,369,293 | 34,828,098 | 9,674,068 | 58,871,459 |
| | | | |
| 22,029,224 | (20,408,793) | (5,872,416) | (4,251,985) |
| | \$ 32,882,951 2,485,579 528,334 369,220 49,393 83,040 3,366,520 2,878,684 1,578,172 220,856 176,691 886,300 60,000 2,495,838 1,401,229 267,296 1,037,707 14,369,293 | | School Go Department \$ 12,872,936 \$ 1,546,369 1,546,369 1,546,369 1,546,369 217,430 34,828,098 |

SEE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES

FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR

FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR

| Total Governmental Funds | 24,538,682 (24,559,898) | (21,216) | (4,273,201) | 25,143,491 | \$ 20,870,290 |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|-------------|------------|---------------|
| Other Governmental Funds | 3,273,226 (1,550,446) | 1,722,780 | (4,149,636) | 10,463,344 | \$ 6,313,708 |
| School Department | 20,259,115 (34,000) | 20,225,115 | (183,678) | 757,386 | \$ 573,708 |
| General Fund | 1,006,341 (22,975,452) | (21,969,111) | 60,113 | 13,922,761 | \$ 13,982,874 |

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (B-2) TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (A-2) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (B-2): | \$ (4,273,201) |
|---|-------------------|
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period. | 2,851,307 |
| The governmental funds report OPEB contributions as expenditures when paid. However, in the Statement of Activities, differences between OPEB plan contributions and OPEB costs for the year are reported as an OPEB liability. | (890,268) |
| Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included in the Statement of Activities. | 3,091,119 |
| The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences. | 1,401,229 |
| Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds. This amount is shown net of the allowance for uncollectible motor vehicle and tangible taxes. | (154,890) |
| Some expenses in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. | 92,047 |
| Adjustment to accrued interest payable related to general obligation bonds which is required to be recorded for government-wide financial statement presentation. | 1,034 |
| Pension expense reported in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditures in governmental funds. | (3,043,866) |
| Other post-employment benefit expense reported in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. | 1,099,737 |
| Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (A-2) | \$ 174,248 |

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

| | | School | | |
|--|--------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | Sewer | Cafeteria | Non-major | , , |
| 100550 | Authority | Fund | Enterprise Funds | Totals |
| ASSETS: | | | | |
| Current assets: | A 0.057.040 | a 004 004 | 6 047 000 | 6 4070 500 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 3,857,248 | \$ 204,281 | \$ 617,000 | \$ 4,678,529 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 040 400 | 4,204 | 10,598 | 14,802 |
| Sewer assessments and user fees, net | 616,493 | | | 616,493 |
| Due from: | 40.570 | | | 40.570 |
| Other funds | 18,579 | 10 100 | | 18,579 |
| Other governments | 0.004 | 16,432 | 4.450 | 16,432 |
| Prepaid expenses | 3,364 | 4.4.4770 | 1,452 | 4,816 |
| Inventory | 4,565 | 11,470 | | 16,035 |
| Total current assets | 4,500,249 | 236,387 | 629,050 | 5,365,686 |
| Noncurrent assets: | | | | |
| Sewer assessment fees | 172,172 | | | 172,172 |
| Net capital assets | 27,246,457 | | 349,321 | 27,595,778 |
| Total noncurrent assets | 27,418,629 | 0 | 349,321 | 27,767,950 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 31,918,878 | 236,387 | 978,371 | 33,133,636 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts payable | 306,090 | 121,695 | 19,858 | 447,643 |
| Accrued payroll | 12,832 | | 16,503 | 29,335 |
| Accrued interest | 53,135 | | | 53,135 |
| Due to: | | | | |
| Other funds | | 23 | 21,747 | 21,770 |
| Other governments | 6,400 | | | 6,400 |
| Other liabilities | 12,704 | | | 12,704 |
| Unearned revenue | | 15,945 | 2,111 | 18,056 |
| Capital lease payable | | | 24,437 | 24,437 |
| Accrued compensated absences | 6,000 | 1,000 | 1,130 | 8,130 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | 481,000 | • | • | 481,000 |
| Total current liabilities | 878,161 | 138,663 | 85,786 | 1,102,610 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | | |
| Capital lease payable, net | | | 52,134 | 52,134 |
| Accrued compensated absences | 53,784 | 8,736 | 10,155 | 72,675 |
| Long-term debt, net | 6,625,000 | 5,. 55 | , | 6,625,000 |
| Net other post employment benefit obligation | 23,248 | | | 23,248 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 6,702,032 | 8,736 | 62,289 | 6,773,057 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 7.580 193 | 147 399 | 148.075 | 7,875,667 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 7,580,193 | 147,399 | 148,075 | 7,875, |

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

| | Sewer Authority | School afeteria Fund | on-major rprise Funds | Totals |
|---|-------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows related to other post- employment benefits | 6,773 | | | 6,773 |
| TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 6,773 | 0 | 0 | 6,773 |
| NET POSITION: | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted | 20,140,457 4,191,455 | 88,988 | 272,750 557,546 | 20,413,207 4,837,989 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | \$24,331,912 | \$ 88,988 | \$ 830,296 | \$ 25,251,196 |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | | Sewer Authority | (| School Cafeteria Fund | | n-major orise Funds | | Totals |
|--------------------------------------|-------|--------------------|----|-----------------------------|----------|------------------------|----|------------|
| OPERATING REVENUES: | _ | | • | 440.407 | • • | 100 100 | • | 4 405 0 47 |
| Charges for usage and service | \$ | 2,553,698 | \$ | 442,167 | \$ 1 | ,109,482 | \$ | 4,105,347 |
| Miscellaneous | | 35,933 | | 440.467 | 4 | 100 100 | | 35,933 |
| Total operating revenues | • | 2,589,631 | | 442,167 | <u> </u> | ,109,482 | | 4,141,280 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES: | | | | | | | | |
| Operations | | 994,387 | | 758,588 | | 355,819 | | 2,108,794 |
| Personnel | | 889,373 | | 88,720 | | 668,525 | | 1,646,618 |
| Depreciation | | 820,937 | | 2,456 | | 53,421 | | 876,814 |
| Total operating expenses | | 2,704,697 | | 849,764 | 1 | ,077,765 | | 4,632,226 |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | | (115,066) | | (407,597) | | 31,717 | | (490,946) |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): | | | | | | | | |
| Investment income | | 24,416 | | 775 | | 3,256 | | 28,447 |
| Intergovernmental | | | | 411,186 | | | | 411,186 |
| Interest expense | | (156,394) | | | | (4,382) | | (160,776) |
| Total nonoperating revenue (expense) | | (131,978) | | 411,961 | | (1,126) | | 278,857 |
| INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS | | (247,044) | | 4,364 | | 30,591 | | (212,089) |
| TRANSFERS IN (OUT) | | (12,784) | | 0 | | 34,000 | | 21,216 |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | | (259,828) | | 4,364 | | 64,591 | | (190,873) |
| TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING | 2 | 24,591,740 | | 84,624 | | 765,705 | | 25,442,069 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING | _\$ 2 | 24,331,912 | \$ | 88,988 | \$ | 830,296 | \$ | 25,251,196 |

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | | Sewer Authority | (| School Cafeteria Fund | Non-major erprise Funds | Totals |
|---|----|--------------------|----|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | | |
| Cash received from customers | \$ | 2,557,447 | \$ | 442,844 | \$ 1,104,505 | \$ 4,104,796 |
| Cash received from providing services | | 35,933 | | | | 35,933 |
| Cash paid to suppliers | | (985,337) | | (777,692) | (351,101) | (2,114,130) |
| Cash paid to employees | | (876,267) | | (89,978) | (664,437) | (1,630,682) |
| Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities | , | 731,776 | | (424,826) | 88,967 | 395,917 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | | |
| Nonoperating grants received | | | | 416,236 | | 416,236 |
| Transfer from (to) other funds | | (12,784) | | | 34,000 | 21,216 |
| Increase in due from other funds | | (18,579) | | | | (18,579) |
| Decrease in due to other funds | | (15,717) | | (316) | (43,635) | (59,668) |
| Increase in due to other governments | | 2,000 | | ` , | , , , | 2,000 |
| Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities | | (45,080) | | 415,920 | (9,635) | 361,205 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | | |
| Acquisition of capital assets | | (258,956) | | | (48,483) | (307,439) |
| Principal payment on long-term debt | | (479,000) | | | | (479,000) |
| Principal payment on capital lease | | | | | (23,411) | (23,411) |
| Interest expense | | (158,608) | | | (4,382) | (162,990) |
| Net cash used for capital and related financing activities | | (896,564) | | 0 | (76,276) | (972,840) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | | |
| Interest on investments | | 24,416 | | 775 | 3,256 | 28,447 |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | | 24,416 | | 775 | 3,256 | 28,447 |
| NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | | (185,452) | | (8,131) | 6,312 | (187,271) |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR | | 4,042,700 | | 212,412 | 610,688 | 4,865,800 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR | \$ | 3,857,248 | \$ | 204,281 | \$ 617,000 | \$ 4,678,529 |

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | | Sewer Authority | School Cafeteria Fund | on-major prise Funds | M | Totals |
|--|-----|--------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|----|-----------|
| Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: | | | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | (115,066) | \$ (407,597) | \$ 31,717 | \$ | (490,946) |
| Adjustments to reconcile: | | | | | | |
| Depreciation | | 820,937 | 2,456 | 53,421 | | 876,814 |
| (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable | | 3,749 | 732 | (2,842) | | 1,639 |
| Increase in prepaid expenses | | (1,185) | | (417) | | (1,602) |
| Decrease in inventory | | | 4,712 | | | 4,712 |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable | | 10,155 | (23,816) | 5,135 | | (8,526) |
| Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll | | (176) | | 1,974 | | 1,798 |
| Increase in other liabilities | | 80 | | | | 80 |
| Decrease in unearned revenue | | | (55) | (2,135) | | (2,190) |
| Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences | | 8,850 | (1,258) | 2,114 | | 9,706 |
| Decrease in net other post employment benefit obligation | | (2,341) | | | | (2,341) |
| Increase in deferred inflows | | 6,773 | | | | 6,773 |
| Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities | \$ | 731,776 | \$ (424,826) | \$ 88,967 | \$ | 395,917 |
| Supplemental cash flow disclosure: | | | | | | |
| Capital assets purchased through accounts payable | \$_ | 228,026 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ | 228,026 |

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

| | Agency <u>Funds</u> |
|--|-------------------------|
| | Pupil Activity Funds |
| ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents | <u>\$ 185,475</u> |
| LIABILITIES: Deposits held in custody for others | \$ 185,47 <u>5</u> |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental entities. In certain circumstances, summaries of the Town's significant accounting policies have been presented throughout the notes to the basic financial statements in conjunction with other disclosures to which they relate.

The Town complies with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. Proprietary funds also apply the same principles. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note.

Reporting Entity

The Town of Burrillville was incorporated in 1806. The Town is governed under the 1989 Burrillville Home Rule Charter. The Town operates under a Town Council/Town Manager form of government with a seven-member Town Council headed by a Council President.

The Town Manager is appointed by the Council and serves as the chief executive officer over all municipal services.

A seven-member School committee, all elected at large, is vested with legislative authority over the public school system. The Superintendent of Schools, appointed by the School Committee, is the chief executive officer for the school system. The school system provides elementary and primary education to Town residents.

The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units. In evaluating the inclusion of other separate and distinct legal entities as component units within its financial reporting structure, the Town applied the criteria prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). A component unit is a legally separate organization for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable or for which the nature and significance of its relationship with the primary government is such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Through the application of GASB criteria, the Burrillville Redevelopment Agency and the Jesse M. Smith Memorial Library have been presented as component units of the Town, hereafter referred to as "component units", in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Reporting Entity (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units Disclosure - The following component units are reported in the financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the Town but are included because the Town is financially accountable for and is able to impose its will on the organizations. Unless otherwise indicated, the notes to the basic financial statements pertain only to the primary government because certain disclosures of the component units are not significant relative to the primary government. A description of the component units and their relationship with the Town are as follows:

Burrillville Redevelopment Agency (BRA) - The Burrillville Redevelopment Agency was created and organized as a legally separate public body under Rhode Island general law. The Agency was created to encourage, direct, and regulate new development and redevelopment within Town Districts and to acquire and redevelop those areas, which the Agency determined cannot be redeveloped otherwise in order to carryout RIGL 1956 Chapter 45-31 to 45-33. The Agency is governed by seven members (five voting and two alternates) who are appointed by the Town Council. Officers are elected from among these members. Furthermore, the Town exerts significant control over its functions since the Agency is empowered to act in areas only after appropriate designation by the Town Council. Separate financial statements for the Agency are not issued.

Jesse M. Smith Memorial Library - Established under the Levy Trust in 1933, the Jesse M. Smith Memorial Library (the "Library") provides free educational and reference resources to residents of the Town as well as other patrons. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees, which must be composed of five members that are appointed by the Town Council. Operations of the Library are primarily financed through an appropriation from the Town's General Fund and the Town Council must approve any issuance of debt. The Library's capital assets belong to the Town. Separate financial statements for the Library are not issued.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

The Town implemented the following pronouncements for the year ended June 30, 2019.

- → GASB Statement No. 83 Certain Asset Retirement Obligations.
- → GASB Statement No. 88 Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements.

The adoption of these Statements did not have an impact on the Town's financial position or results of operations.

The Town will adopt the following new accounting pronouncements in future years:

- → GASB Statement No. 84 Fiduciary Activities, effective for the Town's fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.
- → GASB Statement No. 87 Leases, effective for the Town's fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.
- → GASB Statement No. 89 Accounting for Interest Costs Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, effective for the Town's fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Recently Issued Accounting Standards (Continued)

- → GASB Statement No. 90 Majority Equity Interests an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, effective for the Town's fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.
- → GASB Statement No. 91 Conduit Debt Obligations, effective for the Town's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Management is in the process of determining the impact of these pronouncements on the Town's financial statements.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, receivables and payables.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b) Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual, governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Town and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or administratively restricted to expenditures for certain purposes.

Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are used to account for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items.

Permanent Funds

Permanent Funds are used to account for assets held by the Town pursuant to a trust agreement. The principal portion of this fund must remain intact, but the earnings may be used to achieve the objectives of the fund.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. Operating revenues of the Proprietary Funds consist of customer/taxpayer charges for uses and services and certain other miscellaneous revenues. All other revenues of the Proprietary Funds are considered nonoperating sources of revenue.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds (Not included in government-wide statements)

Agency Funds

Agency Funds account for assets held by the Town in a purely custodial capacity. The reporting entity includes one agency fund. Since agency funds are custodial in nature (i.e. assets equal liabilities), they do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The agency fund is as follows:

- Pupil Activity Funds

Major and Non-Major Funds

The funds are further classified as major or non-major as follows:

Fund

Brief Description

Major:

General:

See above for description

Special Revenue:

Burrillville School Department – This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the Burrillville Public Schools. Its primary revenue sources are the appropriation from the Town of Burrillville, operating aid from the State of Rhode Island, and Medicaid reimbursements.

Proprietary:

Sewer Authority - This fund is used to account for the activities of the

Sewer Commission.

School Cafeteria Fund - This fund accounts for the School

Department's food service operation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Major and Non-Major Funds

Non-Major:

Special Revenue:

School Restricted Grants, Community Recreation, Town Clerk -Technology, Historical Records, Solemn Federal Task Force, Animal Shelter Donation Account, Library Grant, Community Emergency Response Training, Byrne Grant, Clear River Energy Fund, Spring Lake, Community Development Block Grant, Blackstone Valley Prevention Coalition, Partnership for Success, Cops That Care, Ocean State Power Funds, Narcotics Guidance Council, Police Legislative Grant, Police Grant - Operation Riptide, Voter Access, Bullet Proof Vest, RI Senior Grant, Electric Vehicle Grant, Wallace Lees Scholarship, Snack Pack Program, Police Grants, and Police Task Force.

Capital Projects:

Dog Park, Commerce Park Water Loop, Public Works Complex Fund, Animal Control Facility Renovation, Wilson Spillway, School Roof Improvements, Oakland/Mapleville Bike Path, North Road Bridge Project, Open Space/Land Acquisition, School Department Capital Projects, and Major Capital.

Permanent:

Cemetery Fund, Frank H. Potter Bridgeway Fund, Alice McGreevy Thompson Fund, and Jesse M. Smith Memorial Library Fund.

Proprietary:

Levy Rink and Extended Day Care.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item (b) below, and utilize the accrual basis of accounting.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- (a) All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period. The Town considers property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Substantially all other revenue of the governmental funds is recognized utilizing the modified accrual method of accounting, and as such, it is recognized as earned.
- (b) The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of net income, financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.
- (c) Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

All proprietary funds and agency funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges to customers or applicants for licenses, fees, goods, services or privileges provided, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the proprietary fund's principal operation. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges for services provided in accordance with the fund's purpose. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the costs of providing the services, including administration and depreciation on capital assets. All other revenue and expense items not meeting these criteria are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Accounts Receivable

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based on historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. The allowance for uncollectible accounts totaled \$466,200 for property taxes. Business-type activities report usage and service fees as its major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as property taxes and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible receivables are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost. The Town's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, money market accounts, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Substantially, all of the Town's cash and cash equivalents are held in public deposit institutions which are available on a daily basis.

Investments are stated at fair value. Investment income is recorded in the fund which it was earned.

Materials and Supplies

Inventories are maintained on a periodic system and are stated at cost (first-in, first-out method of inventory valuation). The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid Items

Prepaid items, where applicable, are accounted for under the allocation method whereby a prepaid asset is established at the date of payment and subsequently amortized over the accounting periods expected to benefit from the initial payment. Prepaids recorded in governmental funds do not reflect current appropriated resources, resulting in nonspendable fund balance.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment

The accounting treatment over property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, long-lived assets are accounted for as capital assets. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The capitalization threshold is any individual item with a total cost of greater than \$10,000.

Prior to July 1, 2002, infrastructure assets were not capitalized. During fiscal year 2007, the Town conducted a detailed study of all infrastructure assets in order to have a complete inventory of its infrastructure assets and be in compliance with GASB Statement No. 34. As of June 30, 2007, the government-wide financial statements include all infrastructure assets in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

Government-Wide Statements (Continued)

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded, as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

| <u>Classes</u> | <u>Useful Life</u> |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Buildings and improvements | 5 - 50 years 5 - 39 years |
| Collection system | 25 - 60 years |
| EquipmentVehicles | 3 - 25 years 3 - 20 years |
| Leasehold improvements | 5 - 15 years |
| Infrastructure and land improvements | 5 - 40 years |

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of proprietary funds is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Bond Issuance Costs

Bond issuance costs are recorded as operating expenses when incurred. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 65 resulted in the write-off of bond issuance costs as of July 1, 2013.

Amount Deferred on Refunding

During periods of declining interest rates, the Town has refunded certain bond obligations reducing aggregate debt service. The difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the refunded bonds is recorded as an amount deferred on refunding. The deferred amount on refunding is amortized over the remaining life of the refunded bonds, or the life of the new bonds, whichever is shorter. The amortization amount is a component of interest on bonds, and the unamortized balances are recorded as deferred outflows or inflows on the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) of Rhode Island and additions to/deductions from MERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension/OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension/OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports deferred inflow of resources related to pension/OPEB in the government-wide financial statements. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension/OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension/OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees). For governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

Accrued Compensated Absences

Under the terms of various contracts and policies, Town employees are granted vacation and sick leave based on length of service. The amount recorded is the unused days earned at the current rate of pay. The Town's policy is to recognize the cost of vacation and sick leave in governmental funds when paid and on the accrual basis in proprietary funds. The amount of earned but unpaid vacation and sick leave relating to governmental fund employees is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide financial statements.

At June 30, 2019, the Town's obligation to its non-proprietary fund employees for accumulated vacation and sick leave benefits consisted of the following:

| | <u>Vacation</u> | Sick Leave | <u>Total</u> |
|----------------------------|-----------------|------------|--------------|
| Police Department | \$121,947 | | \$ 121,947 |
| Administrative Departments | 41,434 | | 41,434 |
| Public Works Department | 53,017 | | 53,017 |
| Recreation Department | 3,646 | | 3,646 |
| School Department | 27,614 | \$770,756 | 798,370 |
| Total | \$247,658 | \$770,756 | \$1,018,414 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet.

Advances to Other Funds

Noncurrent portions of long-term interfund loan receivables are reported as advances and are offset equally by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation.

Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale by the Burrillville Redevelopment Agency (a discretely presented component unit) is stated at acquisition cost plus improvements, but not in excess of net realizable value. As land is sold, all costs associated with that land are expensed.

Long-Term Debt

In the governmental-wide financial statements, long-term debt obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

Governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, in the period issued. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources and discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Interest is reported as an expenditure in the period in which the related payment is made. The total bond premiums at June 30, 2019 were \$501,691, while the accumulated amortization was \$168,567.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed in certain governmental funds. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities under generally accepted accounting principles. There were no outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- (a) Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- (b) Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- (c) Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balances of the governmental funds are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on the use of those resources. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints formally imposed by a simple majority vote of the Town Council through a Town Council resolution. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Town Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those accounts.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Town and School Department for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the Town and School General Funds, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by majority vote of the Town Council and School Committee.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Equity Classifications (Continued)

Fund Statements (Continued)

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The Town's charter requires a minimum unassigned fund balance of 5% of the subsequent year's budget. Management, along with Town Council support, has recommend a 12% minimum fund balance since 1988.

Net Position Flow Assumption

The Town occasionally funds outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. To determine the amounts to be reported as restricted and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted as they are needed.

Fund Balance Flow Assumption

The Town may fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted (total committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances) resources. To calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$2,851,307 difference are as follows:

| Capital outlay | \$6,348,190 |
|--|--------------|
| Depreciation expense | (3,496,883) |
| Net adjustment to increase net change in fund balances- | |
| total governmental funds to arrive at change in net position | |
| of governmental activities | \$ 2,851,307 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance and the Government-wide Statement of Activities (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The details of this \$1,401,229 difference are as follows:

| Principal repayments – general obligation debt | <u>\$ 1,401,229</u> |
|--|---------------------|
| Net adjustment to increase net change in fund balances- | |
| total governmental funds to arrive at change in net position | |
| of governmental activities | <u>\$ 1,401,229</u> |

Another element of that reconciliation states that, "Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds." The details of this \$154,890 difference are as follows:

| Deferred revenue – beginning | \$ (951,195) |
|---|----------------------|
| Deferred revenue – ending | <u>796,305</u> |
| Net adjustment to decrease net change in fund balances- | |
| total governmental funds to arrive at change in net | |
| position of governmental activities | <u>\$ (154,890</u>) |

Another element of that reconciliation states that "some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$92,047 difference are as follows:

| Decrease in liability for compensated absences | \$ | 14,017 |
|--|-----------|----------|
| Decrease in liability for landfill closure | | 40,800 |
| Amortization of current year deferred expense on refunding | | (10,932) |
| Amortization of current year bond premium | | 48,162 |
| Net adjustment to increase net change in fund balances - | | |
| total governmental funds to arrive at change in net position | | |
| of governmental activities | <u>\$</u> | 92,047 |

Another element of that reconciliation states that "adjustment to accrued interest payable related to general obligation bonds which is required to be recorded for government-wide financial statement presentation". The details of this \$1,034 difference are as follows:

| Accrued interest – beginning | \$ 57,638 |
|---|------------------|
| Accrued interest – ending | <u>(56,604</u>) |
| Net adjustment to increase net change in fund balances- | |
| total governmental funds to arrive at change in net position of | |
| governmental activities | <u>\$ 1,034</u> |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

2. BUDGETARY PROCESS

(a) Adoption

The annual budgetary process begins in January each year when the various Town departments and agencies submit their budget requests to the Budget Board. The Budget Board then reviews the requests, holds hearings as necessary, and submits their recommendations to the Manager no later than the first Monday in April.

The Town Manager is responsible for submitting a proposed departmental budget to the Town Council no later than the first Monday in May. At least two (2) public hearings are to be held and concluded by the first Monday in June. The Town Council may revise and adopt its budget no later than June 15th.

There is a provision for item veto by the Manager as well as voter initiative. The level of budgetary control for the General Fund (i.e. the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations) is fixed by Council resolution. The resolution authorizes the spending within the total sum appropriated for municipal purposes. At any time during the fiscal year, the Town Council may by resolution transfer part or all of the unencumbered appropriation balance from one department to another department. While this restriction prohibits spending in excess of the authorized budget, the policy enables the Town Council to use unexpended funds within the overall appropriations budget to offset overexpenditures that may arise within a specific budgeted account.

Management may transfer part or all of any unencumbered appropriation balance within its respective department. Budgeted departments are defined by the Town Council through the budget resolution.

Based on State statute, the School Committee is also authorized to spend funds up to the total amount appropriated. The budget of the School Department is prepared annually and submitted by the School Committee to the Budget Board. The amount of the annual transfer from the Town's General Fund to the School Special Revenue Fund is ultimately determined through the adoption of the General Fund budget each year.

Budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. There were eight supplemental budgetary revisions made during the year totaling \$3,726,084. The increase was due primarily to capital improvement budget appropriations of \$2,318,713.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

2. BUDGETARY PROCESS (Continued)

(b) Reconciliation - Budgetary to GAAP

The Town Charter requires annual budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue - General School Activities. The practices used in the preparation of the 2019 budget differ in certain respects from the presentation of the actual results of operations prepared in accordance with GAAP. The actual results of operations, for purposes of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, Other Financing Sources (Uses) - Budget and Actual on a Budgetary Basis - General Fund, and Special Revenue Fund - General School Activities, have been adjusted to a basis consistent with the Town's budget for 2019.

The adjustments necessary to reconcile actual revenues and expenditures reported on a budgetary basis to actual revenues and expenditures reported in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles are as follows:

| | Revenues and Transfers | Expenditures and Transfers |
|--|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| General Fund: Statement of Revenues and Expenditures (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) (E-8) | \$ 52,877,801 | \$ 49,399,607 |
| Less: Transfer from Fund Balance to revenue for current year | (3,581,904) | |
| Less: School Department revenues included in General Fund Budget | (12,872,936) | |
| Less: School Department expenditures included in General Fund | | (12,872,936) |
| Activity of funds classified with the General Fund for the purposes of GASB Statement No. 54 | 981,897 | 818,074 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (B-2) | \$ 37,404,858 | \$ <u>37,344,745</u> |

A reconciliation of the School Department's General Fund revenues, expenditures and other financing sources (uses) as reported on schedules B-2 and E-9 is presented below:

| Otatamant of Danisana Francisco and Other Financina | Revenues and Transfers | Expenditures and Transfers |
|--|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Budget and Actual (E-9) | \$33,180,169 | \$33,243,951 |
| Add: Prior year encumbrances | | 71,778 |
| Less: Transfer from Fund Balance to revenue for current year | (48,118) | |
| Adjustment for pension contribution made by State of Rhode Island on behalf of employees | 1,546,369 | 1,546,369 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (B-2) | \$34,678,420 | \$34,862,098 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2019

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

(a) Deposits

Custodial credit risk, deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned or the Town will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The Town's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk.

The Town's deposits are subject to certain State restrictions. Under Rhode Island general laws, depository institutions must insure deposits of the Town or pledge eligible collateral equal to 100% of deposits maturing in greater than 60 days. Any institution not meeting certain federally prescribed minimum capital standards must insure deposits or provide collateral regardless of maturities.

The Town maintains deposits at local financial institutions. At year end, the carrying amount of such deposits was \$21,442,735 while the bank balance was \$22,030,396, of which \$7,352,042 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$14,678,354 was uninsured and collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the Town's name.

In addition, at June 30, 2019, the Town had deposits of \$1,051,602 and \$3,114,116 held through Federally Insured Cash Account (FICA) and Insured Cash Sweep Service (ICS), respectively. The FICA and ICS places Town funds at other FDIC insured banks in amounts that do not exceed the FDIC insured maximum. Through the FICA and ICS programs the Town can exclude specific banks to insure the FDIC insured limit is never exceeded at the destination banks.

The following is a reconciliation of the Town's cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2019:

| | <u>Primary Government</u> | Component Units |
|---|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Total deposits Add: petty cash and cash on hand | \$ 21,114,847 11,166 | \$ 327,888 0 |
| Add: Federally Insured Cash Account Add: Insured Cash Sweep | 1,051,602 3,114,116 | 0 0 |
| Less: fiduciary funds cash (not included in the government-wide financial statements) | (185,475) | 0 |
| Total cash and cash equivalents reported in the financial statements (A-1) | <u>\$ 25,106,256</u> | <u>\$ 327,888</u> |

(b) Investments

The Town has implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools," which requires that investments be reported at fair value. Fair values are established by quoted market values. Unrealized gains and losses from changes in fair value are recognized as investment income.

Interest rate risk - The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Town minimizes its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in short-term, highly liquid investments.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

(b) Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk, Investments – The Town does not have a formal custodial credit risk policy. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of financial institution failure, the Town's investments may not be returned or the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2019, the Town did not have any material uncollateralized investments.

Concentration of Credit Risk - At June 30, 2019, the Town had substantially all of its investments concentrated in federally insured certificates of deposit. At June 30, 2019, the Town did not have any investments in common stock or other equity investments.

The Town's investments are stated at fair value. As outlined in the Town's investment policy, funds of the Town may be invested in the following instruments:

- 1. Obligations of the Federal Government, its agencies, and instrumentalities;
- 2. Top rated obligations of the State of Rhode Island, its agencies, and instrumentalities;
- 3. Top rated obligations of other states, their agencies, and instrumentalities;
- 4. Top rated (AAA, AA, A) Municipal Government Securities;
- 5. Certificates of Deposit and other evidence of deposit at banks, saving banks, national banks or trust companies, loan and investment companies, and credit unions;
- 6. Prime Bankers' Acceptances;
- 7. Prime Commercial paper (A1/P1):
- 8. Prime Corporate and Utility Bonds and/or Notes (BBB or Higher);
- 9. Collateralized Repurchase Agreements;
- 10. Prime Money Market Funds whose investments consist of instruments in items 1 8 above;
- 11. State investment pools;
- 12. No load, open-end diversified management investment companies incorporated under the General Laws of the State and designed exclusively for use by all state and local government entities, agencies, and instrumentalities.

Investments consisted of the following at June 30, 2019:

| Description | Fair <u>Value</u> | Interest <u>Rate</u> | <u>Maturity</u> |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Certificate of deposit Certificate of deposit Certificate of deposit | \$1,000,000 2,015,180 1,052,374 | 2.39% 2.41% 2.43% | 7/31/19 8/01/19 10/31/19 |
| Total investments (A-1) | <u>\$4,067,554</u> | | |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

(b) Investments (Continued)

As of June 30, 2019, the Town had the following cash and investments:

| Description | Fair <u>Value</u> |
|---|---|
| Deposits Federally Insured Cash Account Insured Cash Sweep Certificates of deposit Petty cash and cash on hand Total cash and investments | \$21,442,735 1,051,602 3,114,116 4,067,554 11,166 \$29,687,173 |

4. TAXES RECEIVABLE

The Town's property tax is levied each June 30, for its next fiscal year on the assessed values listed as of the prior December 31 (lien date), for all real property, tangible property, and motor vehicles located in the Town. Assessed values of real property and tangible personal property were established by the Town Assessor's office at 100% of appraised market value as of December 31, 2017. The assessed value of motor vehicles is determined annually at 100% as established by the State Vehicle Value Commission.

An automatic lien is placed on the taxpayer's property if payment has not been received by the due date. Interest is charged on past due accounts at a rate of 12% per annum calculated on the unpaid portion of the total tax. Taxes are due in full by August 1, or at the option of the taxpayer they may be paid in quarterly installments on August 1, November 1, February 1, and May 1 following the levy date.

Net property taxes levied for the fiscal year 2019 were based on an assessed value of approximately \$1,677,480,239 at December 31, 2017 and amounted to \$32,670,736. Collections on the 2019 tax levy through June 30, 2019 amounted to \$32,190,697, which represents 98.5% of the total tax levy.

The Town recognizes property tax revenues in accordance with Section P70, "Property Taxes" of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Unpaid property taxes as of June 30, 2019 (\$1,335,782) are recorded as a receivable, net of an allowance for uncollectible property taxes of \$466,200. Those net property taxes receivable which were not collected within the 60 days immediately following June 30, 2019 are recorded as unearned revenue and amounted to \$698,725 at June 30, 2019. Property taxes recognized as revenue for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 (due to their collection within the 60 days immediately following June 30, 2019) amounted to \$170,857.

User charges are assessed each year in an amount necessary to cover the projected operating expenses of the Sewer Commission fund for that year. The allowance for uncollectible accounts of the Sewer Commission fund is based on that portion of sewer assessment and user charges and miscellaneous accounts receivable which is estimated to be doubtful of collection, or which may be abated due to appeals now under consideration. In addition, the Sewer Commission has unrecognized assessment receivables of approximately \$290,503. These receivables are only collectible upon the transfer of title to the property.

In the government-wide financial statements, unearned revenues represent funds received in advance of being earned, or receivables which will be collected and included in revenues of future fiscal years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

5. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Intergovernmental receivables and payables consist of amounts due from federal and state governments as follows:

| ws: | Due From | Due To |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| Governmental activities: | <u></u> | |
| State of Rhode Island: | | |
| Major funds: | | |
| General Fund | \$ 306,553 | \$17,876 |
| School Department General Fund | | |
| Non-major funds | | 606 |
| Total | | 18,482 |
| Federal government: | | |
| Major funds: | | |
| General Fund | 29,662 | |
| Non-major funds | • | 4,295 |
| Total | | 4,295 |
| Other governments: | | |
| Major Funds: | | |
| General Fund | 5,263 | |
| Non-major funds | • | |
| Total | | 0 |
| Total governmental activities | <u>\$ 1,885,402</u> | \$22,777 |
| Business-type activities: | | |
| State of Rhode Island: | | |
| Sewer Authority | | \$6,400 |
| Total | | 6,400 |
| Federal government: | | |
| School Cafeteria Fund | 16,432 | |
| Total | | 0 |
| | A 40.400 | 00.400 |
| Total business-type activities | <u>\$ 16,432</u> | <u>\$6,400</u> |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

6. INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund balances represent short-term advances from one fund (primarily the General Fund) to another fund. The advances represent balances resulting from operating advances. The composition of interfund balances at June 30, 2019 is as follows.

| Governmental activities: Major funds: | Interfund <u>Receivables</u> | Interfund <u>Payables</u> |
|---|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| General Fund | \$ 344,689 | \$7,229,905 |
| School Department General Fund | 3,349,395 | 4,294 |
| | 4,210,390 | 667,084 |
| Non-major funds Total governmental activities | 7,904,474 | 7,901,283 |
| Total governmental activities | 1,804,414 | 1,901,200 |
| Business-type activities: Major funds: | | |
| Sewer Authority | 18,579 | |
| School Cafeteria Fund | | 23 |
| Non-major funds | | 21,747 |
| Total business type activities | 18,579 | 21,770 |
| Balances at June 30, 2019 | \$7,923,053 | \$7,923,053 |
| | Interfund <u>Receivables</u> | Interfund <u>Payables</u> |
| Discretely Presented Component Unit Balances: | | |
| Primary government: General Fund | | \$ 158,303 |
| School Department General Fund | \$ 10,937 | ,, |
| Discretely presented component units: | | |
| Burrillville Redevelopment Agency | 4,485 | |
| Jesse M. Smith Memorial Library | 153,818 | 10,937 |
| 00000 M. Office Methorial Library | 100,010 | 10,001 |
| Balances at June 30, 2019 | \$ 169,240 | \$ 169,240 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

| | Beginning <u>Balance</u> | <u>Increases</u> | <u>Decreases</u> | Ending <u>Balance</u> |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| Primary Government: | | | | |
| Governmental activities: Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 3,212,397 | | | \$ 3,212,397 |
| Construction in progress | 2,432,102 | \$ 3,884,127 | \$(2,692,986) | 3,623,243 |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated | 5,644,499 | 3,884,127 | (2,692,986) | 6,835,640 |
| Other capital assets: | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | 77,016,009 | 3,282,360 | | 80,298,369 |
| Equipment | 3,042,998 | 131,386 | (73,937) | 3,100,447 |
| Vehicles | 5,370,532 | 303,445 | (11,000) | 5,662,977 |
| Infrastructure | 23,679,064 | 1,524,795 | | 25,203,859 |
| Total other capital assets | 109,108,603 | 5,241,986 | (84,937) | 114,265,652 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation for: | (00 574 400) | (4.704.022) | | (22.262.702) |
| Buildings and improvements | | | | (32,362,793) |
| Equipment | | | | (2,304,296) |
| Vehicles | | (343,947) | 11,000 | (4,160,686) |
| Infrastructure | | (1,234,093) | 04.007 | (14,623,307) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | (49,954,199) | (3,581,820) | 84,937 | (53,451,082) |
| Other capital assets, net | 59,154,404 | (1,660,166) | 0 | 60,814,570 |
| Governmental activities capital assets, net | \$ 64,798,903 | \$ 5,544,293 | \$ (2,692,986) | \$ 67,650,210 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

7. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

| | Beginning <u>Balance</u> | <u>Increases</u> | <u>Decreases</u> | Ending <u>Balance</u> |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| Business-type activities: | | | | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | | | | \$ 382,44 <u>3</u> |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated | 382,443 | \$ 0 | \$0 | 382,443 |
| Other capital assets: | | | | |
| Leasehold improvements | 34,398 | | | 34,398 |
| Collection systems | 42,394,387 | 300,961 | | 42,695,348 |
| Plant & buildings | 8,338,522 | 45,792 | | 8,384,314 |
| Plant equipment | 465,151 | 10,024 | | 475,175 |
| Motor vehicles | 135,261 | | | 135,261 |
| Furniture and equipment | | 2,691 | | <u>892,353</u> |
| Total other capital assets | 52,257,381 | 359,468 | 0 | 52,616,849 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Leasehold improvements | (34,280) | (61) | | (34,341) |
| Collection systems | (16,081,665) | (741,443) | | (16,823,108) |
| Plant and buildings | (7,415,781) | (63,762) | | (7,479,543) |
| Plant equipment | (271,035) | (19,903) | | (290,938) |
| Motor vehicles | (135,261) | | | (135,261) |
| Furniture and equipment | (588,678) | (51,645) | | (640,324) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | (24,526,700) | (876,814) | 0 | (25,403,514) |
| Other capital assets, net | 27,730,681 | (517,346) | 0 | 27,213,335 |
| Business-type activities capital assets, net | \$28,113,124 | \$ (517,346) | \$0 | \$ 27,595,778 |

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

| COVERN | monts | l activ | itiae. |
|--------|-------|---------|--------|

| General government | \$ 228,962 |
|---|------------------|
| Public safety | |
| Education | 1,316,651 |
| Recreation and social services | 354,866 |
| Public works | <u>1,467,408</u> |
| Total governmental activities depreciation expense | \$3,581,820 |
| Business-type activities: | |
| Sewer Authority | |
| School Cafeteria Fund | 2,456 |
| Non-major enterprise funds | 53,421 |
| Total business-type activities depreciation expense | \$ 876,814 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

7. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

| Discretely Presented Component Units: | Beginning Balance | <u>Increases</u> | <u>Decreases</u> | Ending <u>Balance</u> |
|---|----------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| Burrillville Redevelopment Agency: Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Other capital assets: | \$217,075 | | | \$217,075 |
| Buldings and improvements | | \$439,625 | | 439,625 |
| Capital assets, net | \$217,075 | \$439,625 | \$0 | \$656,700 |
| Jesse M. Smith Memorial Library: Other capital assets: | | | | |
| Furniture and equipment | \$121,084 | \$41,098 | | \$ 162,182 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation for: Furniture and equipment | (46,975) | (10,754) | | (57,729) |
| Other capital assets, net | | \$ 30,344 | \$0 | \$ 104,453 |

8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

(a) Change in Long-Term Liabilities:

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

| | Beginning <u>Balance</u> | <u>Additions</u> | Reductions | Ending <u>Balance</u> | Amounts Due Within <u>One Year</u> |
|---|-----------------------------|------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--|
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | |
| Long-term debt: | | | | | |
| General obligation debt | \$10,157,229 | \$ 0 | \$(1,401,229) | \$8,756,000 | \$1,173,000 |
| . Plus: bond premium, net of | | | | | |
| amortization | 381,286 | | (48,162) | 333,124 | |
| Total long-term debt | 10,538,515 | 00 | (1,449,391) | 9,089,124 | 1,173,000 |
| Other long-term liabilities: | | | | | |
| Compensated absences Landfill closure and | 1,032,431 | 342,001 | (356,018) | 1,018,414 | 110,000 |
| post-closure costs | 831,900 | | (40,800) | 791,100 | 48,000 |
| Total other long-term | | | | | |
| liabilities | 1,864,331 | 342,001 | (396,818) | 1,809,514 | <u> 158,000</u> |
| Governmental activities | | | | | |
| long-term liabilities | <u>\$12,402,846</u> | \$ 342,001 | \$(1,846,209) | \$10,898,638 | \$1,331,000 |

Payments on all long-term debt and other long-term liabilities that pertain to the Town's governmental activities are made by the general fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

(a) Change in Long-Term Liabilities (Continued):

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

| | Beginning <u>Balance</u> | Additions | Reductions | Ending <u>Balance</u> | Amounts Due Within <u>One Year</u> |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Business-type activities: Long-term debt: | | | | | |
| General obligation debt | \$7,585,000 | | \$(479,000) | \$7,106,000 | \$481,000 |
| Total long-term debt | 7,585,000 | \$ 0 | (479,000) | 7,106,000 | 481,000 |
| Other long-term liabilities: | | | (00.444) | | |
| Capital lease | 99,982 | | (23,411) | 76,571 | 24,437 |
| Compensated absences | 71,099 | 47,547 | (37,841) | 80,805 | 8,130 |
| Net OPEB obligation | 25,589 | | (2,341) | 23,248 | |
| Total other long-term | | | | | |
| liabilities | 196,670 | 47,547 | (63,593) | 180,624 | 32,567 |
| Total business-type | ¢7 794 670 | ¢ 47 547 | ¢/542.503) | \$7.006.60 <i>4</i> | \$542.567 |
| activities | <u>\$7,781,670</u> | <u>\$ 47,547</u> | <u>\$(542,593)</u> | <u>\$7,286,624</u> | <u>\$513,567</u> |

GASB requires bonds, notes and other long-term liabilities directly related to and expected to be paid from proprietary funds to be included in the accounts of such funds. Based on the Sewer Commission resolution dated May 9, 2006, the Sewer Authority committed to repaying the cost of the Sewer bonds and all interest associated therewith from its user charges. Therefore, these bonds are specific fund liabilities of the Sewer Authority even though they are general obligation bonds backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE, RHODE ISLAND NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

(b) Bonds and Notes Outstanding

At June 30, 2019, the Town's bonds and notes payable are comprised of the following:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

| Description | Date <u>Issued</u> | Original <u>Principal</u> | Due Date | Interest <u>Rate</u> | Outstanding June 30, 2018 | <u>lssued</u> | Paid | Outstanding June 30, 2019 |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|--|---------------|----------------------------------|---|
| Sewer bonds: | 11/13/03 | \$5,600,000 | 9/1/24 | 1.410% | \$ 2,406,000 | \$0 | \$ 323,000 | \$2,083,000 |
| Refunding bonds: | 12/22/15 9/7/17 Subtotal | 3,380,000 2,780,000 | 5/15/26 11/1/26 | 3.0% - 5.0% 2.015% | 2,675,000 2,455,000 5,130,000 | 00 | 345,000 295,000 640,000 | 2,330,000 2,160,000 4,490,000 |
| Landfill bonds: | 6/24/10 | 2,160,000 | 9/1/25 | 0.27% - 2.79% | 1,152,000 | | 144,000 | 1,008,000 |
| Road bonds: | 8/29/14 | 000'089 | 9/1/25 | 0.30% - 1.85% | 544,000 | | 68,000 | 476,000 |
| Water bonds: | 6/19/18 | 700,000 | 9/1/37 | 1.0% - 2.710% | 700,000 | 0 | 1,000 | 000'669 |
| | | - | Subtotal genera | ibtotal general obligation bonds | 9,932,000 | 0 | 1,176,000 | 8,756,000 |
| Note payable: | 5/20/09 | 610,000 | 5/20/19 | None | 225,229 | 0 | 225,229 | 0 |
| | | | Total gener | Total general obligation debt | \$10,157,229 | 0 \$ | \$1,401,229 | \$8,756,000 |
| BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES | ACTIVITIES | | | | | | | |
| Sewer bonds: | 12/21/06 7/30/15 6/2/16 | \$3,500,000 3,700,000 2,600,000 | 9/1/27 9/1/34 9/1/35 | 1.165% - 1.315% 0.53% - 2.67% 0.31% - 2.24% | \$ 1,750,000 3,372,000 2,463,000 | | \$ 175,000 167,000 137,000 | \$1,575,000 3,205,000 2,326,00 <u>0</u> |
| | | | Total gener | Total general obligation debt | \$ 7,585,000 | \$0 | \$ 479,000 | \$7,106,000 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2019

8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

(b) Bonds and Notes Outstanding (Continued)

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Town retired \$1,401,229 in principal for the governmental activities and \$479,000 in principal for the business-type activities on its existing outstanding bonds and loans.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Town incurred the following interest expense:

| Sewer bonds | Governmental <u>Activities</u> \$ 47,698 | Business-Type <u>Activities</u> \$156,394 |
|-----------------|--|---|
| Refunding bonds | 176,795 | |
| Landfill bonds | 31,450 | |
| Road bonds | 9,816 | |
| Water bonds | 1,537 | |
| Total | \$267,296 | \$156,394 |

The Town has issued seven bonds under the Maximum Aggregate Indebtedness provision (3% Debt Limit) of the Rhode Island General Laws 45-12-2. The seven bonds issued consisted of a 2006 \$3,500,000 Wastewater bond issue, a 2010 \$2,160,000 Landfill bond issue, a 2014 \$680,000 Road bond issue, a 2015 \$3,700,000 Wastewater bond issue, a 2016 \$2,600,000 Wastewater bond issue, a 2015 \$3,380,000 Refunding bond issue; and a \$700,000 Drinking Water bond issue. All other Town debt has been incurred through special statutory authority which consists of approval by the legislature and voter referendum.

(c) Long-Term Liability Activity

2017 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

On September 7, 2017, the Town issued the 2017 General Obligation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$2,780,000. The bond requires interest at 2.015% and annual principal payments beginning November 1, 2017 through November 1, 2026.

The Town issued the 2017 Refunding Bonds to advance refund the 2006 Series A General Obligation Bonds which had an outstanding principal balance of \$2,700,000 and interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.00%. Under terms of the refunding agreement, the proceeds of the 2017 Refunding Bond were deposited in an escrow account pledged soley for the benefit of holders of the 2006 Series A Bonds. As a result, the 2006 Series A Bonds are considered defeased, and the Town has removed the liability from its accounts. The 2006 Series A Bonds were redeemed in full from the escrow deposits on October 10, 2017.

The Town completed the September 7, 2017 refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next ten years by \$232,909 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$210,558.

Since the Series 2006 Bonds have, in effect, been redeemed under the defeasance, they are no longer outstanding under the Town's bond resolution and therefore, the liability for those bonds and related escrow funds are not reflected in the June 30, 2019 financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

(c) Long-Term Liability Activity (Continued)

2018 Water System Improvement Bond

On June 19, 2018, the Town issued a \$700,000 bond financed through the Rhode Island Infrastructure Bank to provide financing for improvements to the Town's municipal water system. The bond requires interest at rates varying between 1.00% to 2.71% and annual principal payments beginning September 1, 2018 through September 1, 2037.

The "Water System Improvements" capital project fund was established to account for the water line extension at the Route 102 / Daniele Drive intersection with Broncos Highway (Route 102). The Harrisville Fire District and Industrial Foundation of Burrillville are also participating in this project.

Burrillville Redevelopment Agency

On February 12, 2018, the Burrillville Redevelopment Agency (BRA) borrowed \$90,000 from the Industrial Foundation of Burrillville. The term of the promissory note is seven years and requires interest at 2.00%, commencing March 1, 2018. Principal and interest payments totaling \$3,452.55 are due quarterly beginning June 1, 2018, with a final payment due March 1, 2025. The note may be prepaid anytime without penalty.

Annual principal and interest requirements on the promissory note are as follows:

| Year Ending June 30 | <u>Principal</u> | <u>Interest</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|------------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 2020 | \$12,406 | \$1,405 | \$13,811 |
| 2021 | 12,656 | 1,154 | 13,810 |
| 2022 | 12,911 | 899 | 13,810 |
| 2023 | 13,171 | 639 | 13,810 |
| 2024 | 13,437 | 373 | 13,810 |
| 2025 | <u>10,255</u> | <u>103</u> | <u>10,358</u> |
| Total | <u>\$74,836</u> | <u>\$4,573</u> | <u>\$79,409</u> |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

(d) Note Payable

On May 20, 2009, the Town entered into a \$610,000 promissory note with the Industrial Foundation of Burrillville (a Rhode Island nonprofit corporation) related to the purchase of real estate for future Town development. The note is interest-free and matures no later than May 20, 2019. Not withstanding the May 20, 2019 maturity date, the note required all proceeds from the sale of certain Town owned lots in Commerce Park to be applied immediately against the outstanding loan principal. Any remaining balance was due on May 20, 2019. Due to the sale of Town property, a principal payment of \$384,771 was made during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The outstanding balance of \$225,229 was paid during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

(e) Capital Lease

The Levy Rink has a lease agreement for financing the acquisition of an ice resurfacing machine. The assets acquired through the capital lease is as follows:

Business-type Activities

| | Levy Rink |
|--------------------------------|-----------|
| Assets: | |
| Equipment | \$285,260 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation | |
| Total | \$132,958 |

The following schedule summarizes the future minimum lease payments under the capital lease, and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2019:

| Fiscal year ending <u>June 30:</u> | Business-type <u>Activities</u> |
|--|------------------------------------|
| 2020 | \$ 27,793 |
| 2021 | 27,793 |
| 2022 | <u>27,793</u> |
| Total minimum lease payments | 83,379 |
| Less: amount representing interest | (6,808) |
| Present value of future minimum lease payments | \$ 76,571 |

(f) Operating Lease

In October, 2018, the Town entered into a lease agreement for an electric vehicle. The lease is for 36 months and requires monthly payments of \$270. Lease expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$2,713. Future minimum lease payments are summarized below:

Fiscal year ending June 30:

| 2020 | \$ 3,239 |
|------------------------------|------------|
| 2021 | 3,239 |
| 2022 | <u>540</u> |
| Total minimum lease payments | \$ 7.018 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

(g) Debt Service Requirements

At June 30, 2019, the Town has remaining authorized but unissued bond authority of \$500,000 for Open Space Recreation Projects.

Annual principal and interest requirements on general obligation bonds and notes for the year ending June 30, are as follows:

Governmental Activities

| | | Governmental Activities | |
|----------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Year Ending June 30, | <u>Principal</u> | <u>Interest</u> | <u>Total</u> |
| 2020 | \$1,173,000 | \$ 252,916 | \$ 1,425,916 |
| 2021 | 1,207,800 | 217,785 | 1,425,585 |
| 2022 | 1,209,800 | 182,145 | 1,391,945 |
| 2023 | 1,206,800 | 146,066 | 1,352,866 |
| 2024 | 1,204,800 | 109,872 | 1,314,672 |
| 2025 | 1,202,800 | 73,427 | 1,276,227 |
| 2026 | 835,800 | 40,740 | 876,540 |
| 2027 | 288,800 | 15,097 | 303,897 |
| 2028 | 38,800 | 11,660 | 50,460 |
| 2029 | 38,800 | 10,694 | 49,494 |
| 2030 | 38,800 | 9,662 | 48,462 |
| 2031 | 38,800 | 8,593 | 47,393 |
| 2032 | 38,800 | 7,493 | 46,293 |
| 2033 | 38,800 | 6,359 | 45,159 |
| 2034 | 38,800 | 5,202 | 44,002 |
| 2035 | 38,800 | 4,036 | 42,836 |
| 2036 | 38,800 | 2,882 | 41,682 |
| 2037 | 38,800 | 1,733 | 40,533 |
| 2038 | 38,400 | 578 | 38, <u>978</u> |
| Total | \$8,756,000 | \$1,106,940 | \$9,862,940 |

| Year Ending June 30, | <u>Principal</u> | Business-Type Activities Interest | | <u>Total</u> |
|----------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|
| 2020 | \$ 481,000 | \$ 155,860 | \$ | 636,860 |
| 2021 | 483,000 | 148,537 | | 631,537 |
| 2022 | 486,000 | 140,699 | | 626,699 |
| 2023 | 489,000 | 132,295 | | 621,295 |
| 2024 | 493,000 | 123,392 | | 616,392 |
| 2025 | 497,000 | 114,073 | | 611,073 |
| 2026 | 501,000 | 104,206 | | 605,206 |
| 2027 | 506,000 | 93,540 | | 599,540 |
| 2028 | 511,000 | 82,085 | | 593,085 |
| 2029 | 341,000 | 71,609 | | 412,609 |
| 2030 | 347,000 | 62,210 | | 409,210 |
| 2031 | 354,000 | 52,338 | | 406,338 |
| 2032 | 360,000 | 42,044 | | 402,044 |
| 2033 | 367,000 | 31,367 | | 398,367 |
| 2034 | 374,000 | 20,462 | | 394,462 |
| 2035 | 382,000 | 9,331 | | 391,331 |
| 2036 | 134,000 | 1,836 | | 135,836 |
| Total | \$7,106,000 | \$1,385,884 | \$8 | 3 <u>,491,884</u> |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

9. FUND EQUITY

(a) Fund Balance Constraints

The constraints on fund balance as reported in aggregate in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet are detailed below according to fund balance classification.

| Namanandahlar | General <u>Fund</u> | School <u>Department</u> | Other Governmental <u>Funds</u> | Total Governmental <u>Funds</u> |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Nonspendable: Perpetual care Endowments Tax sale property Prepaid expenditures | \$ 291,834 | \$ 20,301 | \$ 82,656 26,000 | \$ 82,656 26,000 291,834 20,301 |
| Restricted for: | | | | |
| Town Clerk | | | 98,319 | 98,319 |
| Police department | | | 98,818 | 98,818 |
| Recreation | | | 371,322 | 371,322 |
| Education | | | 483,389 | 483,389 |
| Community development | | | 60,506 | 60,506 |
| Committed to: | | | | |
| Recycling program | 29,370 | | | 29,370 |
| Revaluation project | 318,006 | | | 318,006 |
| Recreational programs | | | 129,229 | 129,229 |
| Debt service | 861,565 | | | 861,565 |
| Capital projects Unfunded liability and | 121,056 | | 4,853,386 | 4,974,442 |
| incentive pay | 149,458 | | | 149,458 |
| Employee benefits | 1,042,970 | 68,516 | | 1,111,486 |
| Subsequent year's budget | 2,794,497 | | | 2,794,497 |
| Professional services | | | 139,766 | 139,766 |
| Assigned for: | | | | |
| Educational programs | 133,123 | 484,891 | | 618,014 |
| Unassigned | 8,240,995 | | (29,683) | 8,211,312 |
| Total Fund Balances | \$13,982,874 | \$573,708 | \$6,313,708 | \$20,870,290 |

(b) Fund Deficits

The following funds had a fund equity deficit balance at June 30, 2019:

| Dog Park | \$ 2,198 |
|------------------------------------|----------|
| Animal Control Facility Renovation | 27.485 |

The Town's policy is to cover deficit fund equity balances through General Fund contributions.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

9. FUND EQUITY (Continued)

(c) Fund Deficits

The following individual funds had deficits for the year ended June 30, 2019:

| Major Funds: School Department | \$ 183,678 |
|---|------------|
| Sewer Authority | 259,828 |
| Non-major governmental activities: Special Revenue Funds: | |
| Clear River Energy Fund | 488,603 |
| Spring Lake | 2,508 |
| Community Development Block Grant | 4,814 |
| Ocean State Power Funds | 8,965 |
| Capital Project Funds: | |
| Dog Park | 1,182 |
| Commerce Park Water Loop | 374,507 |
| Public Works Complex Fund | 310,890 |
| Animal Control Facility Renovation | 808,168 |
| Wilson Spillway | 3,203 |
| School Roof Improvements | 1,090,741 |
| Oakland/Mapleville Bike Path | 3,451 |
| School Department Capital Projects | 611,526 |
| Major Capital | 649,462 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

(a) Municipal Employees' Retirement System

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description - The Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) — an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. MERS was established under Rhode Island General Law and placed under the management of the Employee's Retirement System of Rhode Island (ERSRI) Board to provide retirement allowances to employees of municipalities, housing authorities, water and sewer districts, and municipal police and fire persons that have elected to participate. Benefit provisions are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the ERSRI website at <u>www.ersri.org.</u>

Benefits Provided

General employees, police officers and firefighters employed by electing municipalities participate in MERS. Eligible employees become members at their date of employment. Anyone employed by a municipality at the time the municipality joins MERS may elect not to be covered. Elected officials may opt to be covered by MERS. Employees covered under another plan maintained by the municipality may not become members of MERS. Police officers and/or firefighters may be designated as such by the municipality, in which case the special contribution and benefit provisions described below will apply to them, or they may be designated as general employees with no special benefits. Members designated as police officers and/or firefighters are treated as belonging to a unit separate from the general employees, with separate contribution rates applicable.

Salary: Salary includes the member's base earnings plus any payments under a regular longevity or incentive plan. Salary excludes overtime, unused sick and vacation leave, severance pay, and other extraordinary compensation. Certain amounts that are excluded from taxable wages, such as amounts sheltered under a Section 125 plan or amounts picked up by the employer under IRC Section 414(h), are not excluded from salary.

Service: Employees receive credit for service while a member. In addition, a member may purchase credit for certain periods by making an additional contribution to purchase the additional service. Special rules and limits govern the purchase of additional service and the contribution required.

Final Average Compensation (FAC): Prior to July 1, 2012 and for general employee members eligible to retire as of June 30, 2012, the average was based on the member's highest three consecutive annual salaries. Effective July 1, 2012, the average was based on the member's highest five consecutive annual salaries. Once a member retires or is terminated, the applicable FAC will be the greater of the member's highest three year FAC as of July 1, 2012 or the five year FAC as of the retirement/termination date. Monthly benefits are based on one-twelfth of this amount.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

(a) Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

General Employees

Members with less than five years of contributory service as of June 30, 2012 and members hired on or after that date are eligible for retirement on or after their Social Security normal retirement age (SSNRA).

Members who had at least five years of contributory service as of June 30, 2012 will be eligible for retirement at an individually determined age. This age is the result of interpolating between the member's prior Retirement Date, described below, and the retirement age applicable to members hired after June 30, 2012 described above. The interpolation is based on service as of June 30, 2012 divided by projected service at the member's prior Retirement Date. The minimum retirement age is 59.

Members with 10 or more years of contributory service on June 30, 2012 may choose to retire at their prior Retirement Date if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If this option is elected, the retirement benefit will be calculated using the benefits accrued as of June 30, 2012, i.e., the member will accumulate no additional defined benefits after this date, but the benefit will be paid without any actuarial reduction.

Effective July 1, 2015, members will be eligible to retire with full benefits at the earlier of their current Rhode Island Retirement Security Act (RIRSA) date described above or upon the attainment of age 65 with 30 years of service, age 64 with 31 years of service, age 63 with 32 years of service, or age 62 with 33 years of service.

A member who is within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date and has 20 or more years of service, may elect to retire at any time with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Prior to July 1, 2012, members were eligible for retirement on or after age 58 if they had credit for 10 or more years of service, or at any age if they had credit for at least 30 years of service. Members eligible to retire before July 1, 2012 were not impacted by the changes to retirement eligibility above.

The annual benefit is equal to 2.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service prior to July 1, 2012 and 1.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2015. For all service after June 30, 2015, the annual benefit is equal to 1.0% per year unless the member had 20 or more years of service as of June 30, 2012 in which case the benefit accrual is 2.0% per year for service after June 30, 2015. The benefit cannot exceed 75% of the member's FAC. Benefits are paid monthly.

Police and Fire Employees

Members are eligible to retire when they are at least 50 years old and have a minimum of 25 years of contributing service or if they have 27 years of contributing service at any age. Members with less than 25 years of contributing service are eligible for retirement on or after their Social Security normal retirement age.

Members who, as of June 30, 2012, had at least 10 years of contributing service, had attained age 45, and had a prior Retirement Date before age 52 may retire at age 52.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

(a) Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Police and Fire Employees (Continued)

Active members on June 30, 2012 may choose to retire at their prior Retirement Date if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If option is elected, the retirement benefit will be calculated using the benefits accrued as of June 30, 2012, i.e., the member will accumulate no additional defined benefits after this date, but the benefit will be paid without any actuarial reduction.

A member who is within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date, as described in this section, and has 20 or more years of service, may elect to retire at any time with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Prior to July 1, 2012, members designated as police officers or firefighters were eligible for retirement at or after age 55 with credit for at least 10 years of service or at any age with credit for 25 or more years of service. Members were also eligible to retire and receive a reduced benefit if they are at least age 50 and have at least 20 years of service. If the municipality elected to adopt the 20-year retirement provisions for police officers and/or firefighters, then such a member was eligible to retire at any age with 20 or more years of service. Members eligible to retire before July 1, 2012 were not impacted by the changes to retirement eligibility above.

A monthly benefit is paid equal to 2.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service, up to 37.5 years (75% of FAC maximum).

Prior to July 1, 2012, some units had specific provisions that apply only to that unit. Per section 45-21.2-5 benefits for members eligible to retire prior to June 30, 2012 are preserved for the calculation of the retirement benefits. For service accrued after July 1, 2012, retirement benefits will be calculated in accordance with section 45-21.2-2 and adjustments to benefits will be provided as set forth in 45-21-52. Under these special provisions, the retirement benefit for members eligible to retire on or before June 30, 2012 and having 20 or more years of service is improved. The new formula is 60.00% x Final Average Compensation (FAC), plus 1.50% x FAC x Years of Service in Excess of 20, with a maximum benefit equal to 75% of FAC. In addition to this benefit change, the member contribution rate increased from 9.00% to 10.20%.

Active members (including future hires), members who retire after July 1, 2015 and after attaining age 57 with 30 years of service will have a benefit equal to the greater of their current benefit described in (a) and (b) above and one calculated based on a 2.25% multiplier for all years of service.

Other benefit provisions

Death and disability benefits are also provided to members. A member is eligible for a disability retirement provided he/she has credit for at least five years of service or if the disability is work-related. Members are not eligible for an ordinary disability benefit if they are eligible for unreduced retirement.

Joint and survivor benefit options are available to retirees. For some employees, a Social Security Option is also available where an annuity is paid at one amount prior to age 62, and at a reduced amount after age 62, designed to provide a level total income when combined with the member's age 62 Social Security benefit. Benefits cease upon the member's death.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a) Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Other benefit provisions (Continued)

Post-retirement benefit increases are paid to members who retire after June 30, 2012. Members will be eligible to receive cost of living increases at the later of the member's third anniversary of retirement and the month following their SSNRA (age 55 for members designated as police officers and/or firefighters). When a municipality elects coverage, it may elect either COLA C (covering only current and future active members and excluding members already retired) or COLA B (covering current retired members as well as current and future active members).

- (a) The COLA will be suspended for any unit whose funding level is less than 80%; however, an interim COLA may be granted in four-year intervals while the COLA is suspended. The first interim COLA may begin January 1, 2018.
- (b) Effective July 1, 2015, the COLA is determined based on 50% of the plan's five-year average investment rate of return less 5.5% limited to a range of 0.0% to 4.0%, plus 50% of the lesser of 3.0% or last year's CPI-U increase for a total maximum increase of 3.50%. Previously, it was the plan's five-year average investment rate of return less 5.5% limited to a range of 0.0% to 4.0%
- (c) The COLA will be limited to the first \$25,000 of the member's annual pension benefit. For retirees and beneficiaries who retired on or before July 1, 2015, years in which a COLA is payable based on the every fourth year provision described in (a) above will be limited to the first \$30,000. These limits will be indexed annually to increase in the same manner as COLAs, with the known values of \$25,000 for 2013, \$25,000 for 2014, \$25,168 for 2015, \$25,855 for 2016, and \$26,098 for 2017.

Employees covered by benefit terms.

At the June 30, 2017 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

| | General Employees | Police <u>Employees</u> |
|------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Retirees and Beneficiaries | 106 | 18 |
| Inactive, Nonretired Members | 47 | 4 |
| Active Members | 142 | 23 |
| Total | 295 | 45 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a) Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Contributions

The amount of employee and employer contributions have been established under Rhode Island General Law Chapter 45-21. General employees with less than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 2% of their salaries. General employees with more than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 9.25%. Public safety employees are required to contribute 10% of their salaries. The Town of Burrillville contributes at a rate of covered employee payroll as determined by an independent actuary on an annual basis. The General Assembly can amend the amount of these contribution requirements. The Town of Burrillville contributed \$481,141 in the year ended June 30, 2019 for general employees and \$367,613 for public safety employees, which was 7.39% and 21.32% of annual covered payroll, respectively.

Net Pension Liability (Asset) - The total pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2017 and rolled forward to June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

| | ement date (June 30, 2017 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2018 |
|----------------------------|--|
| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry Age Normal - the Individual Entry Age Actuarial Cost methodolog is used. |
| Amortization Method | Level Percent of Payroll – Closed |
| Actuarial Assumptions | |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.00% |
| Projected Salary Increases | General Employees - 3.50% to 7.50%; Police & Fire Employees - 4.00% to 14.00% |
| Inflation | 2.50% |
| Mortality | Variants of the RP-2014 mortality tables - for the improvement scale, update to the ultimate rates of the MP-2016 program scale. |
| Cost of Living Adjustments | A 2% COLA is assumed after January 1, 2014. |

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2018 and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2018 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 34 sources. The June 30, 2018 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a) Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)

| Asset Class | Long-Term Asset <u>Allocation</u> | Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return |
|--------------------------------|---|---|
| GROWTH: | | |
| Global Equity | | |
| U.S. Equity | 20.80% | 6.43% |
| International Developed Equity | 14.40% | 6.72% |
| Emerging Markets Equity | <u>4.80%</u> | 8.90% |
| Subtotal | <u>40.00%</u> | |
| Private Growth | | |
| Private Equity | 11.30% | 9.08% |
| Non-Core RE | 2.20% | 5.03% |
| OPP Private Credit | <u> 1.50%</u> | 9.08% |
| Subtotal | <u>15.00%</u> | |
| INCOME: | | |
| High Yield Infrastructure | 1.00% | 3.81% |
| REITS | 1.00% | 5.03% |
| Liquid Credit | 2.80% | 3.81% |
| Private Credit | 3.20% | 3.81% |
| Subtotal | <u>8.00%</u> | |
| STABILITY: | | |
| Crisis Protection Class | | |
| Treasury Duration | 4.00% | 0.61% |
| Systematic Trend | <u>4.00%</u> | 4.00% |
| Subtotal | <u>8.00%</u> | |
| Inflation Protection | | |
| Core Real Estate | 3.60% | 5.03% |
| Private Infrastructure | 2.40% | 5.61% |
| TIPs | 1.00% | 1.75% |
| Natural Resources | <u> 1.00%</u> | 3.81% |
| Subtotal | <u>8.00%</u> | |
| Volatility Protection | | |
| IG Fixed Income | 11.50% | 2.14% |
| Absolute Return | 6.50% | 4.00% |
| Cash | 3.00% | 0.61% |
| Subtotal | <u>21.00%</u> | |
| Total | <u>100.00%</u> | |

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

(a) Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability of the plans was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

| Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset) - General Employees | | | |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Inc | crease (Decrease) | |
| | Total Pension Liability | Plan Fiduciary Net Position | Net Pension Liability (Asset) |
| Balances as of June 30, 2017 | \$ 30,506,662 | \$ 27,999,346 | \$ 2,507,316 |
| Changes for the Year | | | |
| Service cost | 612,949 | | 612,949 |
| Interest on the total pension liability | 2,098,853 | | 2,098,853 |
| Changes in benefits | | | |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | (598,194) | | (598,194) |
| Changes in assumptions | | | |
| Employer contributions | | 483,944 | (483,944) |
| Employee contributions | | 198,255 | (198,255) |
| Net investment income | | 2,188,863 | (2,188,863) |
| Benefit payments, including employee refunds | (1,659,039) | (1,659,039) | |
| Administrative expense | | (29,139) | 29,139 |
| Other changes | | 69,686 | (69,686) |
| Net changes | 454,569 | 1,252,570 | (798,001) |
| Balances as of June 30, 2018 | \$ 30,961,231 | \$ 29,251,916 | \$ 1,709,315 |

| Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Police Employees | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------|--|
| | | crease (Decrease) | | |
| | Total Pension Liability | Plan Fiduciary Net | Net Pension | |
| | _ | Position | Liability | |
| Balances as of June 30, 2017 | \$ 13,193,420 | \$ 10,039,767 | \$ 3,153,653 | |
| Changes for the Year | | | | |
| Service cost | 344,307 | | 344,307 | |
| Interest on the total pension liability | 913,952 | | 913,952 | |
| Changes in benefits | | | | |
| Difference between expected and actual | (222,964) | | (222,964) | |
| experience | | | | |
| Changes in assumptions | | | | |
| Employer contributions | | 308,922 | (308,922) | |
| Employee contributions | | 158,993 | (158,993) | |
| Net investment income | | 798,999 | (798,999) | |
| Benefit payments, including employee refunds | (618,245) | (618,245) | | |
| Administrative expense | | (10,637) | 10,637 | |
| Other changes | | | | |
| Net changes | 417,050 | 638,032 | (220,982) | |
| Balances as of June 30, 2018 | \$ 13,610,470 | \$ 10,677,799 | \$ 2,932,671 | |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

(a) Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the employers' net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

| | 1.00% Decrease (6.0%) | Current Discount Rate (7.0%) | 1.00% Increase (8.0%) |
|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| General Employees | \$ 5,300,165 | \$ 1.709.315 | \$ (964.718) |
| | \$ 4,498,444 | \$ 2.932.671 | \$ 1 766 779 |
| Police Employees | \$ 4,490, 444 | \$ 2,932,671 | \$ 1,700,779 |

Pension plan fiduciary net position - detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the employer recognized pension expense of \$484,780 for the general employees. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

General Employees

| | Outf | ferred lows of ources | In | eferred flows of sources |
|--|--------------|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|
| Difference between expected and actual experience | \$ | 0 | \$ | 810,461 |
| Changes in assumptions | 88 | 0,797 | | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | 1,069 | 9,661 | | 844,118 |
| Contributions subsequent to measurement date | | | | |
| Total | 48 \$2,43 | 1,141 1,599 | <u>\$1,</u> | 654,579 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

(a) Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$481,141 related to pensions resulting from the Town of Burrillville's contributions in fiscal year 2019 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year Ending June 30 | Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources | |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| 2020 | \$ 392,223 | |
| 2021 | 225,555 | |
| 2022 | (171,670) | |
| 2023 | (150,229) | |
| Total | \$ 295,879 | |

For the year ended June 30, 2019 the employer recognized pension expense of \$364,959 for the police employees. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Police Employees

| | Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u> | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| Difference between expected and actual experience | \$ 270,012 | \$ 585,534 |
| Changes in assumptions | 471,209 | 16,510 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | 368,089 | 314,473 |
| Contributions subsequent to measurement date | 367,613 | |
| Total | <u>\$1,476,923</u> | <u>\$ 916,517</u> |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

(a) Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$367,613 related to pensions resulting from the Town of Burrillville's contributions in fiscal year 2019 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year Ending <u>June 30</u> | Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| 2020 | \$ 73,642 | |
| 2021 | 5,586 | |
| 2022 | (14,409) | |
| 2023 | 109,151 | |
| 2024 | 33,695 | |
| Thereafter | (14,872) | |
| Total | <u>\$ 192,793</u> | |

(b) Employees' Retirement System

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description - Certain employees of the Burrillville School Department participate in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - the Employees' Retirement System plan - administered by the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (System). Under a cost-sharing plan, pension obligations for employees of all employers are pooled and plan assets are available to pay the benefits of the employees of any participating employer providing pension benefits through the plan, regardless of the status of the employers' payment of its pension obligation to the plan. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

The System issues a publicly available report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

(b) Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Benefit provisions – The level of benefits provided to participants is established by Chapter 36-10 of the General Laws, which is subject to amendment by the General Assembly. Member benefit provisions vary based on service credits accumulated at dates specified in various amendments to the General Laws outlining minimum retirement age, benefit accrual rates and maximum benefit provisions. In general, members accumulate service credits for each year of service subject to maximum benefit accruals of 80% or 75%. For those hired after June 30, 2012, the benefit accrual rate is 1% per year with a maximum benefit accrual of 40%. Members eligible to retire at September 30, 2009 may retire with 10 years of service at age 60 or after 28 years of service at any age. The retirement eligibility age increases proportionately for other members reflecting years of service and other factors until it aligns with the Social Security Normal Retirement Age, which applies to any member with less than 5 years of service as of July 1, 2012. Members are vested after 5 years of service.

The plan provides for survivor's benefits for service connected death and certain lump sum death benefits. Joint and survivor benefit provision options are available to members.

Cost of living adjustments are provided but are currently suspended until the collective plans administered by ERSRI reach a funded status of 80%. Until the plans reach an 80% funded status, interim cost of living adjustments are provided at four-year intervals commencing with the plan year ending June 30, 2016

The plan also provides nonservice-connected disability benefits after five years of service and service-connected disability benefits with no minimum service requirement.

Contributions - The funding policy, as set forth in the General Laws, Section 16-16-22, provides for actuarially determined periodic contributions to the plan. For fiscal 2019, Burrillville School Department teachers were required to contribute 3.75% of their annual covered salary, except for teachers with twenty or more years of service as of June 30, 2012 must contribute 11% of their annual covered salary. The State and the Burrillville School Department are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, 40% of which is to be paid by the State and the remaining 60% is to be paid by Burrillville School Department; the rates were 10.06% and 13.45% of annual covered payroll for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 for the State and Burrillville School Department, respectively. The Burrillville School Department contributed \$2,076,751, \$1,991,879, and \$1,861,155, for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017, respectively, equal to 100% of the required contributions for each year. The State's share of contributions for fiscal 2019 was \$1,546,369 and is reflected as on behalf-payments and included in both revenue and expenditures on the financial statements.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2019, the Burrillville School Department reported a liability of \$27,558,632 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for contributions made by the State. The amount recognized by the Burrillville School Department as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Burrillville School Department were as follows:

Burrillville School Department proportionate share of the net pension liability

\$27,558,632

State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Burrillville School Department Total net pension liability

20,556,760 \$48,115,392

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

(b) Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, the measurement date, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The Burrillville School Department's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Burrillville School Department's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers and the State, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018 the Burrillville School Department proportion was 0.86737424%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Burrillville School Department recognized gross pension expense of \$4,140,169 and revenue of \$1,870,728 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2019, the Burrillville School Department reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| Contributions subsequent to the measurement date \$2,218,112 Changes in assumptions 2,001,817 Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 1,296,038 Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions 1,449,617 Total \$7,368,671 Deferred inflows of resources Change in assumptions \$324,307 Differences between expected and actual experience for contributions and proportionate share of contributions on pension plan | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|------------|
| measurement date \$2,218,112 Changes in assumptions 2,001,817 Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 1,296,038 Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Total \$7,368,671 Deferred inflows of resources Change in assumptions \$324,307 Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions on pension plan | Deferred outflows of resources | |
| Changes in assumptions Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Total Deferred inflows of resources Change in assumptions Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions Total Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan | | |
| Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Total Deferred inflows of resources Change in assumptions Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions 1,296,038 1,296,038 1,449,617 57,368,671 | measurement date | |
| actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Total Deferred inflows of resources Change in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between expected and actual experience Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan | Changes in assumptions | 2,001,817 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Total Deferred inflows of resources Change in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between expected and actual experience Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan | Difference between expected and | 403,087 |
| actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Total Deferred inflows of resources Change in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan 1,296,038 1,296,038 1,449,617 \$7,368,671 | actual experience | |
| investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Total Deferred inflows of resources Change in assumptions Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan | Net difference between projected and | |
| investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Total Deferred inflows of resources Change in assumptions Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan | | |
| Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Total Deferred inflows of resources Change in assumptions Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan | | 1,296,038 |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions Total Deferred inflows of resources Change in assumptions Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan | Changes in proportion and | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions Total Deferred inflows of resources Change in assumptions Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan | differences between employer | |
| of contributions Total Deferred inflows of resources Change in assumptions Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan | | |
| Total Deferred inflows of resources Change in assumptions Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan \$7,368,671 \$25,629 \$25,629 \$1,586,388 | of contributions | 1,449,617 |
| Deferred inflows of resources Change in assumptions \$ 324,307 Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan | | |
| Change in assumptions \$ 324,307 Differences between expected and actual experience 525,629 Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions 1,586,388 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan | i i | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan | Deferred inflows of resources | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan | Change in assumptions | \$ 324,307 |
| actual experience Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan | | |
| actual experience Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan | Differences between expected and | 525,629 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan | | |
| differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions 1,586,388 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan | | |
| differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions 1,586,388 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan | Changes in proportion and | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions 1,586,388 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan | | |
| of contributions 1,586,388 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan | | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan | | 1,586,388 |
| actual earnings on pension plan | | .,, |
| actual earnings on pension plan | Net difference between projected and | |
| | | |
| investments 966,862 | investments | 966,862 |
| Total \$3,403,186 | Total | |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2019

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

(b) Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$2,218,112 related to pensions resulting from the Burrillville School Department's contributions in fiscal year 2019 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year ended June 30: | |
|---------------------|-------------|
| 2020 | \$ 558,507 |
| 2021 | 222,144 |
| 2022 | (257,694) |
| 2023 | 286,871 |
| 2024 | 377,425 |
| Thereafter | 560,120 |
| Total | \$1,747,373 |

Actuarial Assumptions - the total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases 3.0% to 13.5%

Investment rate of return 7.0%

Mortality – variants of the RP-2014 mortality tables – for the improvement scale, update to the ultimate rates of the MP-2016 projection scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2018 and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2018 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 34 sources. The June 30, 2018 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

(b) Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

| Asset Class | Long-Term Asset <u>Allocation</u> | Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return |
|--------------------------------|---|---|
| GROWTH: | | |
| Global Equity | | |
| U.S. Equity | 20.80% | 6.43% |
| International Developed Equity | 14.40% | 6.72% |
| Emerging Markets Equity | 4.80% | 8.90% |
| Subtotal | 40.00% | |
| Private Growth | | |
| Private Equity | 11.30% | 9.08% |
| Non-Core RE | 2.20% | 5.03% |
| OPP Private Credit | <u> 1.50%</u> | 9.08% |
| Subtotal | <u> 15.00%</u> | |
| INCOME: | | |
| High Yield Infrastructure | 1.00% | 3.81% |
| REITS | 1.00% | 5.03% |
| Liquid Credit | 2.80% | 3.81% |
| Private Credit | 3.20% | 3.81% |
| Subtotal | 8.00% | |
| STABILITY: | | |
| Crisis Protection Class | | |
| Treasury Duration | 4.00% | 0.61% |
| Systematic Trend | 4.00% | 4.00% |
| Subtotal | 8.00% | |
| Inflation Protection | | |
| Core Real Estate | 3.60% | 5.03% |
| Private Infrastructure | 2.40% | 5.61% |
| TIPs | 1.00% | 1.75% |
| Natural Resources | <u> 1.00%</u> | 3.81% |
| Subtotal | <u>8.00%</u> | |
| Volatility Protection | | |
| IG Fixed Income | 11.50% | 2.14% |
| Absolute Return | 6.50% | 4.00% |
| Cash | <u>3.00%</u> | 0.61% |
| Subtotal | <u>21.00%</u> | |
| Total | <u>100.00%</u> | |

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

(b) Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Discount rate - the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate - the following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

| 1.00% Decrease | Current Discount Rate | 1.00% Increase |
|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| (6.0%) | (7.0%) | (8.0%) |
| \$34,673,479 | \$27,558,632 | \$22,259,329 |

Pension plan fiduciary net position - detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

(c) Teachers' Survivors Benefit Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description - Certain employees of the Burrillville School Department participate in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - the Teachers' Survivors Benefit plan - administered by the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (System). Under a cost-sharing plan, pension obligations for employees of all employers are pooled and plan assets are available to pay the benefits of the employees of any participating employer providing pension benefits through the plan, regardless of the status of the employers' payment of its pension obligation to the plan. The plan provides a survivor benefit to public school teachers in lieu of Social Security since not all school districts participate in Social Security.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. The report may be obtained at www.ersri.org.

Eligibility and plan benefits - the plan provides a survivor benefit to public school teachers in lieu of Social Security since not all school districts participate in the plan. Specific eligibility criteria and the amount of the benefit is subject to the provisions of Chapter 16-16 of the Rhode Island General Laws which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly. Spouse, parents, family and children's benefits are payable following the death of a member. A spouse shall be entitled to benefits upon attaining the age of sixty (60) years. Children's benefits are payable to the child, including a stepchild or adopted child of a deceased member if the child is unmarried and under the age of eighteen (18) years or twenty-three (23) years and a full time student, and was dependent upon the member at the time of the member's death. Family benefits are provided if at the time of the member at the surviving spouse has in his or her care a child of the deceased member entitled to child benefits. Parents benefits are payable to the parent or parents of a deceased member if the member did not leave a widow, widower, or child who could ever qualify for monthly benefits on the member's wages and the parent has reached the age of 60 years, has not remarried, and received support from the member.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

(c) Teachers' Survivors Benefit Plan (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Eligibility and plan benefits (Continued)

In January, a yearly cost-of-living adjustment for spouse's benefits is paid and based on the annual social security adjustment.

Survivors are eligible for benefits if the member has made contributions for at least six months prior to death or retirement.

The TSB plan provides benefits based on the highest salary at the time of retirement of the teacher. Benefits are payable in accordance with the following table:

| | Basic Monthly |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| Highest Annual Salary | Spouse's Benefit |
| | |
| \$17,000 or less | \$ 825.00 |
| \$17,001 to \$25,000 | \$ 962.50 |
| \$25,001 to \$33,000 | \$ 1,000.00 |
| \$33,001 to \$40,000 | \$ 1,237.50 |
| \$40,001 and over | \$ 1,375.00 |

Benefits payable to children and families are equal to the spousal benefit multiplied by the percentage below:

| | Parent and 2 | One Child | Two | Three or more | |
|------------|--------------|-----------|----------|---------------|-----------|
| Parent and | or more | Alone | Children | Children | Dependent |
| 1 Child | Children | | Alone | Alone | Parent |
| 150% | 175% | 75% | 150% | 175% | 100% |

Contributions - The contribution requirements of active employees and the participating school districts were established under Chapter 16-16 of the Rhode Island General Laws, which may be amended by the General Assembly. The cost of the benefits provided by the plan are two percent (2%) of the member's annual salary up to but not exceeding an annual salary of \$11,500; one-half (1/2) of the cost is contributed by the member by deductions from his or her salary, and the other half (1/2) is contributed and paid by the respective school district by which the member is employed. These contributions are in addition to the contributions required for regular pension benefits.

The Burrillville School Department contributed \$24,253, \$24,725, and \$20,722, for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017, respectively, equal to 100% of the required contributions for each year.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

(c) Teachers' Survivors Benefit Plan (Continued)

Pension Asset, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2019, the Burrillville School Department reported an asset of \$2,965,162 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset related to its participation in TSB. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2018, the measurement date, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The Burrillville School Department's proportion of the net pension asset was based on its share of contributions to the TSB for fiscal year 2018 relative to the total contributions of all participating employers for that fiscal year. At June 30, 2018, the Burrillville School Department's proportion was 3.32308118%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Burrillville School Department recognized pension expense of \$70,353 – a decrease in the pension asset. At June 30, 2019, the Burrillville School Department reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| Deferred outflows of resources | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Contributions subsequent to the | |
| measurement date | \$ 24,253 |
| | |
| Difference between expected and | |
| actual experience | 505,210 |
| Changes in assumptions | 390,687 |
| Net difference between projected and | |
| actual investment earnings | 388,508 |
| Changes in proportion and | |
| differences between employer | |
| contributions and proportionate share | |
| of contributions | <u> 171,378</u> |
| Total | <u>\$1,480,036</u> |
| | |
| Deferred inflows of resources | |
| Net difference between projected and | |
| actual earnings on pension plan | |
| investments | \$321,215 |
| Changes in proportion and | |
| differences between employer | |
| contributions and proportionate share | |
| of contributions | 202,210 |
| Difference between expected and | |
| actual experience | <u>497,577</u> |
| Total | <u>\$1,021,002</u> |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2019

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

(c) Teachers' Survivors Benefit Plan (Continued)

Pension Asset, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$24,253 related to pensions resulting from the Burrillville School Department contributions in fiscal year 2019 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition to the net pension asset for the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year ended | |
|------------|-------------------|
| June 30: | |
| 2020 | \$ 212,858 |
| 2021 | 114,309 |
| 2022 | (30,670) |
| 2023 | 49,637 |
| 2024 | 69,710 |
| Thereafter | 18,937 |
| Total | \$ 434,781 |
| | |

Actuarial Assumptions - the total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases 3.0% to 13.0%

Investment rate of return 7.0%

Mortality-Variants of the RP-2014 mortality tables – for the improvement scale, update to the ultimate rates of the MP-2016 projection scale.

Cost of living adjustment – eligible survivors receive a yearly cost of living adjustment based on the annual social security adjustment – for valuation purposes, a 2.5% cost of living adjustment is assumed.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2018 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 34 sources. The June 30, 2018 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

(c) Teachers' Survivors Benefit Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

| Asset Class | Long-Term Asset <u>Allocation</u> | Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return |
|--------------------------------|---|---|
| GROWTH: | | |
| Global Equity | | |
| U.S. Equity | 20.80% | 6.43% |
| International Developed Equity | 14.40% | 6.72% |
| Emerging Markets Equity | <u>4.80%</u> | 8.90% |
| Subtotal | <u>40.00%</u> | |
| Private Growth | | |
| Private Equity | 11.30% | 9.08% |
| Non-Core RE | 2.20% | 5.03% |
| OPP Private Credit | <u> 1.50%</u> | 9.08% |
| Subtotal | <u>15.00%</u> | |
| INCOME: | | |
| High Yield Infrastructure | 1.00% | 3.81% |
| REITS | 1.00% | 5.03% |
| Liquid Credit | 2.80% | 3.81% |
| Private Credit | <u>3.20%</u> | 3.81% |
| Subtotal | 8.00% | |
| STABILITY: | | |
| Crisis Protection Class | | |
| Treasury Duration | 4.00% | 0.61% |
| Systematic Trend | 4.00% | 4.00% |
| Subtotal | 8.00% | |
| Inflation Protection | | |
| Core Real Estate | 3.60% | 5.03% |
| Private Infrastructure | 2.40% | 5.61% |
| TIPs | 1.00% | 1.75% |
| Natural Resources | <u> 1.00%</u> | 3.81% |
| Subtotal | 8.00% | |
| Volatility Protection | | |
| IG Fixed Income | 11.50% | 2.14% |
| Absolute Return | 6.50% | 4.00% |
| Cash | <u>3.00%</u> | 0.61% |
| Subtotal | 21.00% | |
| Total | 100.00% | |

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

(c) Teachers' Survivors Benefit Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Discount rate - the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate - the following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

| 1.00% Decrease | Current Discount Rate | 1.00% Increase |
|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| (6.0%) | (7.0%) | (8.0%) |
| \$(2,057,670) | \$(2,965,162) | \$(3,640,801) |

Pension plan fiduciary net position - detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

11. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

Defined Contribution Plan Description:

Employees participating in the defined benefit plan with less than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012, as described above, also participate in a defined contribution plan authorized by General Law Chapter 36-10.3. The defined contribution plan is established under IRS section 401(a) and is administered by TIAA-CREF. Employees may choose among various investment options available to plan participants. Contribution rates for general employees, public safety employees, teachers, and the employer were as follows for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

| | Employee Contribution | Employer <u>Contribution</u> |
|--|--|--|
| General employees with more than 20 years of service on July 1, 2012 | No DC plan contributions after July 1, 2015 | |
| General employees that had less than 20 years of service on July 1, 2012 | 5% | 1% to 1.5% depending on years of service |
| Public safety employees | No DC plan | participation |
| Teachers with more than 20 years of service on July 1, 2012 | No DC plan con July 1, | |
| Teachers that had less than 20 years of service on July 1, 2012 | 7% | 3% to 3.5% depending on years of service |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

11. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Defined Contribution Plan Description (Continued):

Employee contributions are immediately vested while employer contributions and any investment earnings thereon are vested after three years of contributory service. Benefit terms and contributions required under the plan by both the employee and employer are established by the General Laws, which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

Amounts in the defined contribution plan are available to participants in accordance with Internal Revenue Service guidelines for such plans.

The Town of Burrillville recognized pension expense of \$33,057, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Town of Burrillville plan members contributed \$158,302 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The Burrillville School Department recognized pension expense of \$311,479 and \$27,896 for teachers and general employees, respectively for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Burrillville School Department plan members contributed \$932,454 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for plans administered by the system. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

12. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Board of Administration

The Town is committed under an agreement for the rental of the Town Hall facilities. The terms are determined by the Board of Administration on an annual basis as provided under the will of Austin T. Levy. Total payments made for fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 totaled \$164,120. Total payments to be made for fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 total \$164,120.

School Department

The School Department has contracted with DATTCO, Inc. to have bus service provided for students through the last day of school in June 2021. The annual payment on this contract varies from year to year based on the transportation needs of the department. There is a 2.75% increase each year on the cost per bus as dictated by the bus transportation contract with DATTCO, Inc. Busing costs associated with this agreement totaled approximately \$2,070,325 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Grants

Under the terms of federal and state grants, periodic compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives are required and, consequently, certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate, and result in reimbursement to the grantor agencies. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies could not be determined at this time. Town officials believe that such disallowances, if any, would not be material.

Self-Insurance

The Town has elected to pay unemployment compensation on a claims-made basis rather than as a percentage of payroll. No accrual has been made for claims expected to arise from service related to fiscal 2019 because Town officials are of the opinion that, based upon prior years' experience, any claims relating to this period will be immaterial.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

12. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

Litigation

The Town is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Town's attorneys, the resolution of these matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the financial condition of the Town.

13. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The Town's OPEB Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan offering healthcare benefits that are administered by the Rhode Island Interlocal Risk Management Trust. The Town provides post employment healthcare benefits to eligible retirees in accordance with the various labor contracts and personnel policies. As of June 30, 2018, 387 individuals (372 active employees and 15 retirees plus beneficiaries) were participating in the Plan. Since the plan has no assets, reporting an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) trust fund in the accompanying financial statements is not required. An actuarial consultant, Sage View Consulting Group, was hired to determine the Town's actuarial valuation of the post retirement benefits that are offered to current and future retirees as of July 1, 2018. The plan does not issue a stand-alone report.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by the Town, subject to applicable labor contracts. For the most part, participating retirees pay 100% of the cost of the health plan with one exception as identified in *Benefit/Cost Sharing* below. Contributions are recognized when due on a pay-as-you-go basis, pursuant to formal budgetary commitments and contractual requirements.

Benefit Provisions and Contributions:

The Town offers family or individual health insurance to its retirees. Employees vest for OPEB when they vest for pension benefits. Employees can choose individual or family health coverage when they are actively employed.

Plan Type: Medical: Self funded health insurance through the Rhode Island Interlocal Risk Management

Trust.

Eligibility: Employees are eligible for medical benefits upon retirement if enrolled in the active medical plan immediately prior to retiring. Employees are eligible as follows:

Council 94/School – NonCertified/Waste Water/Municipal NonUnion(Including Library)

Date of hire is before July 1, 2007: The earlier of age 59 with five years of service or 30 years of service regardless of age.

Date of hire is after July 1, 2007: Age 60 with 5 years of service.

School (Certified): Age 60 and 20 years of service.

Police: The earlier of age 50 with 25 years of service and 27 years of service regardless of age.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2019

13. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Benefit Provisions and Contributions (Continued):

Benefit/Cost Sharing:

All eligible employees may elect coverage in the Plan until age 65. Coverage beyond age 65 is provided only to School retirees who retired prior to August 31, 1997. Spouses may be covered for as long as the retiree is covered (i.e., until retiree attains age 65). The retiree is responsible for paying a portion of the premium as follows:

Municipal Council 94: If a retiree has at least 20 years of service, then the Town covers 100% of the premium for a single plan for five years minus the retiree co-share listed below.

| Date of hire: | Before July 1, 2006 | Between July 1, 2006 and December 31, 2011 | After December 31, 2011 |
|---------------|---------------------|--|----------------------------|
| Co-share: | None | \$40 every two weeks | 15% of the premium |

If a retiree has less than 20 years of service, the retiree is responsible for 100% of the medical premium.

Municipal non-union (including Library): If a retiree has at least 20 years of service, then the Town covers 100% of the premium for a single plan for the first five years minus the retiree co-share listed below:

| Date of hire: | Before April 15, 2007 | Between April 15, 2007 and December 31, 2011 | After December 31, 2011 |
|---------------|--------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| Co-share: | None | \$40 every two weeks | 15% of the premium |

If a retiree has less than 20 years of service, the retiree is responsible for 100% of the medical premium.

School (certified and non-certified): The retiree is responsible for 100% of the premium cost.

Police: The Town pays 100% of the premium for a single plan for five years minus the retiree co-share listed below:

| | Date of hire: | Before July 1, 2005 | Between July 1, 2005 and December 31, 2009 | After December 31, 2009 |
|---|---------------|---------------------|--|----------------------------|
| ſ | Co-share: | None | \$40 every two weeks | 15% of the premium |

Wastewater: The retiree is responsible for 100% of the premium cost.

Dental Coverage: Dental benefits are offered to some groups, with the retiree responsible for paying 100% of the premium.

The Plan provides "spousal benefits" for all Plan members. The Plan does not provide a "surviving spouse benefit" for any of its Plan members.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

13. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Classes of Employees Covered

As of July 1, 2018 membership data was as follows:

Active Employees

372

Retirees plus beneficiaries

_15

Total Plan Members

<u>387</u>

Net OPEB Liability of the Town

The components of the net OPEB liability of the Town at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

| | General <u>Government</u> | <u>Sewer</u> |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------|
| Total OPEB liability | \$ 3,055,736 | \$23,248 |
| Plan fiduciary net position | 0 | 0 |
| Town's net OPEB liability | \$ 3,055,736 | <u>\$23,248</u> |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability | 0% | 0% |

The Town of Burrillville's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

13. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.87%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. Under GASB 75, the discount rate for unfunded plans must be based on a yield or index rate for a 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rate of AA/Aa or higher. Rates were taken from the Bond Buyer 20-year Bond GO index as of the measurement date.

General Employees

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability:

| | General Employees Increase (Decrease) | | |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|---|
| | Total OPEB <u>Liability</u> | Plan Fiduciary Net Position | Net OPEB <u>Liability</u> |
| Balances as of June 30, 2018 | <u>\$ 4,155,473</u> | <u>\$</u> 0 | \$ 4,155,473 |
| Changes for the Year Service cost Interest on the total OPEB liability Difference between expected and actual experience | 94,008 129,083 (1,020,985) | | 94,008 129,083 (1,020,985) |
| Changes in assumptions Employee contributions | (50,937) | | (50,937) 0 |
| Employer contributions Benefit payments Net changes Balances as of June 30, 2019 | (250,906) (1,099,737) \$ 3,055,736 | 250,906 (250,906) 0 \$ 0 | (250,906) 0 (1,099,737) \$ 3,055,736 |
| | Inco | Sewer rease (Decrease) | |
| | | . | |
| | Total OPEB Liability | Plan Fiduciary Net Position | Net OPEB Liability |
| | | 14Ct 1 Coltion | LIADIIILY |
| Balances as of June 30, 2018 | \$ 25,589 | \$ 0 | \$ 25,589 |
| Changes for the Year Service cost Interest on the total OPEB liability Difference between expected and actual | | | |
| Changes for the Year Service cost Interest on the total OPEB liability Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions | \$ 25,589 263 780 | | \$ 25,589 263 780 |
| Changes for the Year Service cost Interest on the total OPEB liability Difference between expected and actual experience | \$ 25,589 263 780 (1,131) | | \$ 25,589 263 780 (1,131) |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

13. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the employer recognized OPEB expense of \$(163,837) for the general employees and \$(1,901) for the sewer employees. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

| | General Empl | oyees | Sewer Employees | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------------------------|--|
| | Outflows of Inf | | Outflows of I | Deferred nflows of Resources | |
| Differences in experience | \$(6 | 676,266) | ; | \$ (5,145) | |
| Differences in assumptions | (2 | 214,002) | | (1,628) | |
| Excess (deficit) investment returns | | 0 | | 0 | |
| Total | <u>\$ 0</u> <u>\$(8</u> | 890,268) | <u>\$ 0</u> | \$ (6,773) | |

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Year Ending June 30 | Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of <u>Resources</u> |
|---------------------------|---|
| 2020 | \$(389,872) |
| 2021 | (389,872) |
| 2022 | (32,048) |
| 2023 | (32,048) |
| 2024 | (32,048) |
| Thereafte | er <u>(21,153</u>) |
| Total | \$(897,041) |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

13. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 3.87%, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.87%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.87%) than the current rate.

| | 1% Decrease <u>2.87%</u> | Current Discount Rate 3.87% | 1% Increase <u>4.87%</u> |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Net OPEB Liability | \$3,353,584 | \$3,078,984 | \$2,833,601 |

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current trend rates.

| | 1% Decrease | Current <u>Trend Rates</u> | 1% Increase |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|-------------|
| Net OPEB Liability | \$2,800,967 | \$3,078,984 | \$3,399,888 |

Funded Status and Funding Progress

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to basic financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the July 1, 2018 funding valuation:

| Discount Rate | 3.87% for determining fiscal 2019 disclosure |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry Age Normal |
| Amortization Method | Level Dollar |
| Initial medical inflation rate | 7.50% |
| Ultimate medical inflation rate | 4.50% |
| Year when ultimate inflation rate | |
| reached | 2039 |
| Asset Valuation Method | N/A |
| Mortality Table | RP-2014 Combined Healthy Mortality Table backed |
| - | off to 2006 and projected generationally with Scale |
| | MP-2019 |
| Salary Increase | 2.50% |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30. 2019

14. MAJOR TAX REVENUE SOURCE

The Town of Burrillville had a tax treaty and agreement with TransCanada/Ocean State Power (OSP), an electric generating facility, which required OSP to pay the Town annual fixed payments in lieu of taxes. As of December 31, 2011, the agreement with OSP expired and OSP has been included in the tax levy.

OSP exercised its right to appeal the tax levy. Ocean State Power then filed four lawsuits in Superior Court challenging the valuation of its property, for the tax years 2011 through 2014.

The Town vigorously defended those suits. The 2011 suit was scheduled for trial on March 28, 2016. On December 9, 2015, the parties signed a settlement regarding all claims by Ocean State Power. The settlement resulted in the dismissal of all claims and suits with no refunds of any taxes or payments of interest to Ocean State Power. In addition, the parties executed a new tax agreement for six (6) years using an agreed assessed valuation of \$160 million.

In June 2017, LS Power Equity Advisors LLC acquired the Ocean State Power facility along with three other generating facilities from TransCanada Corporation.

15. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Town offers its municipal employees a deferred compensation plan established in accordance with the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all municipal employees, permits the deferral of a portion of their salary. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The Town Council is responsible for establishing or amending the Plan's provisions and establishing or amending contribution requirements. The defined contribution Plan is currently administered by Voya Financial and AXA Equitable Financial Services, LLC.

The Town has implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Statement No. 32, "Accounting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans." All assets and income of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. As a result, deferred compensation investments and the respective liability have not been included in the Town's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019. Employees are allowed to make contributions to the Plan up to IRC limits, currently \$19,000 (\$25,000 if age 50 or older). There is no Town required contribution and no additional obligation incurred by the Town as a result of the employee contributions. Employee contributions to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$105,485. The Town has an obligation to prudently manage these monies.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

16. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town of Burrillville is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. As a result, the Town participates in a non-profit, public entity risk pool (Rhode Island Interlocal Risk Management Trust, Inc.) which provides coverage for property/liability claims and workers' compensation claims. Upon joining the Trust, the Town signed a participation agreement which outlines the rights and responsibilities of both the Trust and the Town. The agreement states that for premiums paid by the Town, the Trust will assume financial responsibility for the Town's losses up to the maximum amount of insurance purchased, minus the Town's deductible amounts. The Trust provides this insurance coverage through a pooled, self-insurance mechanism which includes reinsurance purchased by the Trust to protect against large, catastrophic claims for losses that are above the Trust's self-insured retention. Under the participation agreement, the Town is insured for general liability for a maximum of \$5,000,000 per occurrence. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the Trust Coverage in any of the past 32 fiscal years.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Town paid premiums of \$148,350 for workers' compensation coverage and \$237,129 for property and liability coverage.

At June 30, 2019, the Trust held reserves for future payments of open cases of \$189,649 for property and liability claims and \$30,007 for workers compensation claims for the Town of Burrillville. The Trust is obligated to make payments on the Town's behalf without any further obligation of the Town, unless the Town's applicable limit of liability was exhausted by the size of the loss or the nature of the loss would fall outside the parameters of the Trust policy. As of June 30, 2019, the Town believes there is minimal, if any, potential exposure for outstanding claims which would fall outside the parameter of the Trust policy.

The above reserves do not include reserves for any claims associated with the School Department or Sewer Commission Fund because they are treated by the Trust as separate entities having their own coverage.

17. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The principal purpose of interfund transfers is to provide a financing source to various funds that may not have the ability to cover all operating costs with revenue generated by the fund. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the interfund transfers were primarily to transfer budgeted amounts to the School Department for operations and to a capital project fund.

Interfund transfers for fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

| | <u>Transfers In</u> | Transfers Out |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| Governmental activities: | | |
| Major funds: | | |
| General Fund | | \$22,975,452 |
| School Department | | 34,000 |
| Non-major funds | 3,273,226 | <u>1,550,446</u> |
| Total governmental activities | \$24,538,682 | \$24,559,898 |
| | | |
| Business-type activities: | | |
| Major funds | | |
| Sewer Authority | | \$ 12,784 |
| Non-major funds | \$ 34,000 | , |
| Total business-type activities | \$ 34,000 | \$ 12,784 |
| •• | <u></u> | |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

18. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

The Town accounts for its postclosure care costs under GASB Statement No. 18. This Statement is based on the October 9, 1991, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) rule, "Solid Waste Disposal Facility Criteria," which establishes closure requirements for all municipal solid waste landfills (MSWLF's) that receive solid waste after October 9, 1991. The EPA rule also establishes thirty-year postclosure care requirements for MSWLF's that accept solid waste after October 9, 1993. The effect of the EPA rule and similar state laws or regulations is to obligate MSWLF owners and operators to perform certain closing functions and postclosure monitoring and maintenance functions as a condition for the right to operate the MSWLF in the current period.

The Town utilizes the General Fund to account for closure and postclosure care costs of its two closed landfills (Clear River Road and Whipple Avenue). The Clear River Road landfill was closed in 1991. Postclosure monitoring costs are estimated at \$14,900 per year for the remaining two years.

The Whipple Avenue landfill was closed in 1976. During fiscal year 2008, the Town, in accordance with state and federal regulations, entered into a voluntary compliance program which required the Town to place a final cover on the landfill and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 30 years after closure. The landfill capping project was completed in fiscal year 2011. Postclosure monitoring costs are estimated at \$33,100 per year for the remaining 23 years. These estimates are based on an independent evaluation of the cost to perform closure and postclosure monitoring. These estimates are subject to change resulting from inflation, deflation, technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations. Annual postclosure monitoring costs are expected to be funded through General Fund appropriations.

The Town has summarized landfill closure and post closure care costs as follows:

| Town Landfill | Year of Closure | Remaining Capping Cost (<u>Estimate</u>) | Monitoring Costs (<u>Estimate</u>) | Years Remaining | Projected <u>Liability</u> | Short-Term <u>Liability</u> | Long-Term <u>Liability</u> |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|---|--|--------------------|---|--|---|
| Clear River Road Whipple Avenue | | N/A N/A | \$14,900 <u>33,100</u> <u>\$48,000</u> | 2 23 | \$ 29,800 <u>761,300</u> <u>\$791,100</u> | \$14,900 <u>33,100</u> <u>\$48,000</u> | \$ 14,900 <u>728,200</u> <u>\$743,100</u> |

19. PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

The Health Pool

The Town participates in a public entity risk pool through the Rhode Island Interlocal Risk Management Trust (the Trust) entitled the Health Pool (the Pool). The Pool is part of a not-for-profit organization (the Trust) formed to provide programs of liability, workers compensation, and health insurance coverage to Rhode Island cities, towns and other governmental units. The Pool is governed by the Trust Board of Trustees (Board).

Upon joining the Pool, members execute a member agreement. That document, pursuant to which the Pool was established and operates, outlines the rights and responsibilities of both the members and the Pool. Members of the Pool participate in the Pool's health insurance plan administered through the Trust, Blue Cross Blue Shield of Rhode Island for medical coverage and CVS for pharmacy coverage.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

19. PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL (Continued)

The Health Pool (Continued)

Using the rate calculations prepared by the Trust, the Trust sets annual contribution rates for the subscribers of each member for each program offered. The Pool agreement requires that those contribution rates be set 1) at a level sufficient, in the aggregate, to satisfy the funding requirements of the Pool, and 2) with the intent that over the long term each member is contributing its fair share. The contributions of each member are used to pay for claims, reinsurance and all administrative expenses. The Pool agreement provides for an annual independent audit of its financial statements.

A member's share of surplus or deficit is equal to the ratio of the member's subscribers (employees and retirees) participating in the Pool's plan for each month of a policy year divided by the sum of all subscribers in the Pool for the same period.

The Pool agreement provides the Trust's Board a discretionary, fully allocable assessment feature with respect to specified circumstances.

After it has been a member of the Pool for an initial three-year period, a member may withdraw from participation in the Pool at its discretion, but a withdrawal may only be effective on June 30th of any year. Any election to terminate participation in the Pool requires a written notification to the Trust of such intent to withdraw no later than May 1st or two (2) months prior to the policy expiration date, whichever date is earlier. Liquidated damages would be assessed at the time of departure prior to the initial three-year period. The Trust may terminate a member's coverage for failure to pay amounts due.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, unaudited results indicate that the Pool generated \$141,489,880 in revenues and had a change in net position, revenues less expenses, of \$2,384,714. The Pool had \$57,026,995 in total assets and \$32,925,463 in total equity as of June 30, 2019.

The Pool retains certain levels of insurance risk. Specific losses in excess of \$1 million to a limit of \$2 million are covered by a Health Excess Claims Stoploss Account internal to the Trust that is funded by annual Stoploss Account payments from the Health Pool. As of June 30, 2019, the Pool's membership consisted of 45 cities, towns or other governmental units.

Separate financial statements are available at the RI Interlocal Risk Management Trust, 501 Wampanoag Trail, Suite 301, East Providence, RI 02915.

20. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Tax Agreement

On October 29, 2015, Invenergy Thermal Development LLC (Invenergy) filed an application with the Energy Facility Siting Board (EFSB). This application sought approval for a natural gas fired electric power facility to be known as the Clear River Energy Center (CREC) located in Burrillville on Wallum Lake Road. The facility would have generated approximately 850 to 1,000 megawatts. Invenergy claimed that the facility would be "the most efficient power generator in the New England market to date and will replace older, more polluting, less efficient and less flexible modes of power generation that the region currently relies upon." Invenergy originally requested an expedited review of the application and asked for a final decision no later than September 15, 2016.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

20. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Continued)

Tax Agreement (Continued)

As the host town for this facility, Burrillville intervened in the EFSB proceedings in opposition to the plant. Participating as an intervenor allowed Burrillville to closely examine the application, to file testimony before the EFSB, to request information from Invenergy, to cross examine witnesses, to file motions, and in general to make arguments and a presentation to the EFSB on the issues raised by this application.

The Town has also intervened in a number of Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) documents related to CREC.

In order to protect its interests in the event the EFSB, over the Town's objections, licensed the power plant, the Town negotiated a tax agreement and a decommissioning agreement with Invenergy. The tax agreement provided for (1) up front impact fees of a minimum of \$2,925,000 and a maximum of \$3,675,000, and (2) taxes of a minimum of \$91,960,767 and a maximum of \$182,324,994 over 20 years.

On February 22, 2017, National Grid filed a related application before the EFSB for a license to construct and alter transmission lines between the CREC project site and the Sherman Road Switching Station. The Town intervened in this docket as well in opposition.

In an EFSB Decision and Order issued on November 5, 2019, the EFSB rejected Invenergy's application for a license. The EFSB found that Invenergy had failed to prove that the facility was necessary to meet the needs of the state and/or region. Invenergy did not appeal the Decision and Order to the Supreme Court and the Decision became final and unappealable on November 15, 2019.

On November 21, 2019, National Grid withdrew the transmission line EFSB application.

On November 25, 2019, Invenergy notified the Town that it was discontinuing the development of the facility and was terminating the tax agreement and decommissioning agreement.

(CONCLUDED)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

| | | | | Gen | General Employees | | |
|---|--------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| | y Jun | Year Ended June 30, 2018 | Year Ended June 30, 2017 | 1 1 | Year Ended June 30, 2016 | Year Ended June 30, 2015 | Year Ended June 30, 2014 |
| A. Total pension liability 1. Service Cost 2. Interest on the Total Pension Liability 3. Changes of benefit terms 4. Pieforous between the constant of th | ∨ | 612,949 2,098,853 0 | \$ 57. | 574,233 2,077,583 0 | \$ 570,934 2,034,644 0 | \$ 558,807 1,965,817 556,208 | \$ 571,246 1,868,378 0 |
| 4. Difference between expected and actual experience of the Total Pension Liability 5. Changes of assumptions 6. Benefit payments, including refunds | | (598,194) 0 | (19 1,41 | (196,024) 1,414,072 | (467,173) 0 | (703,472) 0 | 0 206,772 |
| o. Deficit, payments, including retuins of employee contributions 7. Net change in total pension liability 8. Total pension liability – beginning 9. Total pension liability – ending (a) | | (1,659,039) 454,569 30,506,662 30,961,231 | (1,554,384 2,315,480 28,191,182 30,506,662 | (1,554,384) 2,315,480 28,191,182 80,506,662 | (1,580,673) 557,732 27,633,450 28,191,182 | (1,350,801) 1,026,559 26,606,891 27,633,450 | (1,331,179) 1,315,217 25,291,674 26,606,891 |
| B. Plan fiduciary net position 1. Contributions – employer 2. Contributions – employee | | 483,944 198,255 | 50. 20. | 505,102 201,088 | 505,089 201,073 | 501,237 120,591 | 476,580 120,310 |
| Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Pension Plan Administrative Expense Other | | 2,188,863 (1,659,039) (29,139) 69,686 | 2,97; (1,55, (2) (15,15) | 2,973,434 (1,554,384) (28,092) (151,230) | (1,813) (1,580,673) (31,557) 4,998 | 631,724 (1,350,801) (17,873) 48,443 | 3,599,161 (1,331,179) (22,538) (47,580) |
| 7. Net change in plan fiduciary net position 8. Plan fiduciary net position – beginning 9. Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b) | | 1,252,570 27,999,346 29,251,916 | 1,945,918 26,053,428 27,999,346 | 1,945,918 6,053,428 7,999,346 | (902,883) 26,956,311 26,053,428 | (66,679) 27,022,990 26,956,311 | 2,794,754 24,228,236 27,022,990 |
| C. Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) | ь | 1,709,315 | \$ 2,50 | 2,507,316 | \$ 2,137,754 | \$ 677,139 | \$ (416,099) |
| D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 94.48% | တ် | 91.78% | 92.42% | 97.55% | 101.56% |
| E. Covered employee payroll | ₩ | 6,541,615 | \$ 6,228 | 6,228,126 | \$ 6,028,871 | \$ 6,021,628 | \$ 5,799,448 |
| F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll | | 26.13% | 4 | 40.26% | 35.46% | 11.25% | -7.17% |

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

| | | | | 4 | Police Employees | | |
|--|------|--|-----|--|---|---|--|
| | y Ye | Year Ended June 30, 2018 | Yea | Year Ended June 30, 2017 | Year Ended June 30, 2016 | Year Ended June 30, 2015 | Year Ended June 30, 2014 |
| A. Total pension liability 1. Service Cost 2. Interest on the Total Pension Liability 3. Changes of benefit terms | € | 344,307 913,952 0 | ↔ | 300,347 855,725 0 | \$ 284,607 838,227 0 | \$ 261,005 832,456 286,545 | \$ 238,634 796,207 |
| | | (222,964) 0 | | 392,564 685,079 | (303,421) 0 | 0 (776,149) | 0 (61,110) |
| b. Benefit payments, including retunds of employee contributions 7. Net change in total pension liability 8. Total pension liability – beginning 9. Total pension liability – ending (a) | | (618,245) 417,050 13,193,420 13,610,470 | | (599,582) 1,634,133 11,559,287 13,193,420 | (588,358) 231,055 11,328,232 11,559,287 | (489,084) 114,773 11,213,459 11,328,232 | (514,109) 459,622 10,753,837 11,213,459 |
| | | 308,922 158,993 798,999 (618,245) | ζ | 329,218 151,157 1,066,189 (599,582) | 358,658 138,824 (3,159) (588,358) | 330,750 106,479 215,730 (489,084) | 159,913 98,864 1,205,386 (514,109) |
| 5. Pension Plan Administrative Expense 6. Other 7. Net change in plan fiduciary net position 8. Plan fiduciary net position – beginning 9. Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b) | | 638,032 638,032 10,039,767 10,677,799 | | (10,073) (24) 936,885 9,102,882 10,039,767 | (102,536) (102,536) (102,536) 9,205,418 9,102,882 | (0,030) 0 155,219 9,050,199 9,205,418 | (1) (1) 942,505 8,107,694 9,050,199 |
| C. Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) | မာ | 2,932,671 | 60 | 3,153,653 | \$ 2,456,405 | \$ 2,122,814 | \$ 2,163,260 |
| D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 78.45% | | 76.10% | 78.75% | 81.26% | 80.71% |
| E. Covered employee payroll | ↔ | 1,589,600 | €9 | 1,511,560 | \$ 1,395,130 | \$ 1,330,979 | \$ 1,235,806 |
| F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll | | 184.49% | | 208.64% | 176.07% | 159.49% | 175.05% |

(CONCLUDED)

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

| Employees |
|---------------|
| General |
| System - (|
| s' Retirement |
| mployee |
| Municipal E |
| |

| | 뛾 | Fiscal 2019 | Fis | Fiscal 2018 | Ĕ | Fiscal 2017 | 凿 | Fiscal 2016 | Fis | Fiscal 2015 |
|--|--------------|-------------|-----|-------------|----|-------------|----|--------------|---------------|-------------|
| Actuarially determined contribution | ↔ | 481,141 | ↔ | 480,821 | ↔ | 505,102 | ↔ | 505,089 | ↔ | 501,237 |
| Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution | | (481,141) | | (480,821) | | (505,102) | | (505,089) | | (501,237) |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | s | 0 | မ | 0 | မာ | 0 | မာ | 0 | so | 0 |
| Covered-employee payroll | ↔ | 6,510,742 | | 6,541,615 | ↔ | 6,228,126 | ↔ | \$ 6,028,871 | ↔ | 6,021,628 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | | 7.39% | | 7.35% | | 8.11% | | 8.38% | | 8.32% |

Municipal Employees' Retirement System - Police Employees

| | Ĕ | Fiscal 2019 | Fis | Fiscal 2018 | i <u>"</u> | Fiscal 2017 | 凿 | Fiscal 2016 | Fis | Fiscal 2015 |
|--|----|-------------|--------|-------------|------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|-----|-------------|
| Actuarially determined contribution | ↔ | 367,613 | ↔ | 309,733 | ↔ | 329,218 | ↔ | 358,658 | ↔ | 330,750 |
| Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution | | (367,613) | | (309,733) | | (329,218) | | (358,658) | | (330,750) |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | မှ | 0 | မှ | 0 | မာ | 0 | () | 0 | မ | 0 |
| Covered-employee payroll | ↔ | 1,724,254 | ` ↔ | 009'689'1 | ↔ | 1,511,560 | ↔ | 1,395,130 | ↔ | 1,330,979 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | | 21.32% | | 19.48% | | 21.78% | | 25.71% | | 24.85% |

Votes:

- 1.) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year end.
- 2.) The schedules are intended to show information for 10 years additional years will be displayed as they become available.
- 3.) Employers participating in the Municipal Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 45-21-42, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Changes in benefit provisions:

June 30, 2018 measurement date:

There were no changes in actuarial methods or assumptions reflected in the calculation of the net pension liability (asset) of the plans as of the June 30, 2017 measurement date.

SCHEDULE OF BURRILLVILLE SCHOOL DEPARTMENT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

| Employees' | Employees' Retirement System | _ | | | |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Fiscal 2019 | Fiscal 2018 | Fiscal 2017 | Fiscal 2016 | Fiscal 2015 |
| Burrillville School Department's proportionate percentage of the net pension liability | 0.86737424% | 0.81491404% | 0.83485176% | 0.82699821% | 0.92527010% |
| Burrillville School Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ 27,558,632 | \$ 25,703,094 | \$ 24,908,450 | \$ 22,767,283 | \$ 22,521,078 |
| State of Rhode Island's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Burrillville School Department Total | 20,556,760 | 19,425,363 \$ 45,128,457 | 17,058,630 \$ 41,967,080 | 15,553,893 \$ 38,321,176 | 15,443,740 \$ 37,964,818 |
| Burrillville School Department's covered employee payroll | \$ 15,440,528 | \$ 15,044,403 | \$ 14,925,060 | \$ 14,801,904 | \$ 14,552,080 |
| Burrillville School Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll | 178.48% | 170.85% | 166.89% | 153.81% | 154.76% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 54.30% | 54.00% | 54.06% | 27.55% | 61.40% |

Notes:

- 1.) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year end.
- 2.) The schedules are intended to show information for 10 years additional years will be displayed as they become available.
- 3.) Employers participating in the State Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 36-10-2, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

SCHEDULE OF BURRILLVILLE SCHOOL DEPARTMENT'S CONTRIBUTIONS

| Employees' | Retire | nployees' Retirement System | _ | | | | | | | |
|--|--------|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|----------------|----|-----------------------------|---|----------------|
| | | Fiscal 2019 | | Fiscal 2018 | | Fiscal 2017 | | Fiscal 2016 | | Fiscal 2015 |
| Actuarially determined contribution | ↔ | 2,076,751 | ↔ | 1,991,879 | ↔ | 1,861,155 | ↔ | 1,936,089 | ↔ | 1,861,211 |
| Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution | | (2,076,751) | | (1,991,879) | | (1,861,155) | | (1,936,089) | | (1,861,211) |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | 8 | 0 | 8 | 0 | ₩ | 0 | မာ | 0 | υ | 0 |
| Covered-employee payroll | ₩ | 5,440,528 | ↔ | \$ 15,440,528 \$ 15,044,403 | ↔ | 14,925,060 | ↔ | \$ 14,925,060 \$ 14,801,904 | € | \$ 14,552,080 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll | | 13.45% | | 13.24% | | 12.47% | | 13.08% | | 12.79% |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

- **Notes:**1.) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year end.
- 2.) The schedules are intended to show information for 10 years additional years will be displayed as they become available.
- 3.) Employers participating in the State Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 36-10-2, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

SCHEDULE OF BURRILLVILLE SCHOOL DEPARTMENT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

| Teachers | Teachers' Survivors Benefit Plan | it Plan | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Fiscal 2019 | Fiscal 2018 | Fiscal 2017 | Fiscal 2016 | Fiscal 2015 |
| Burrillville School Department's proportionate percentage of the net pension asset | 3.32308118% | 3.41762439% | 3.20515468% | 3.31903683% | 3.29654812% |
| Burrillville School Department's proportionate share of the net pension asset | \$ 2,965,162 | \$ 2,827,278 | \$ 3,191,433 | \$ 3,098,507 | \$ 4,098,293 |
| Burrillville School Department's covered employee payroll | \$ 15,440,528 | \$ 15,044,403 | \$ 14,925,060 | \$ 14,801,904 | \$ 14,552,080 |
| Burrillville School Department's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered employee payroll | 19.2% | 18.8% | 21.4% | 20.9% | 28.2% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 137.4% | 136.1% | 153.3% | 146.6% | 173.3% |

Notes:

- 1.) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year end.
- 2.) The schedules are intended to show information for 10 years additional years will be displayed as they become available.
- 3.) Employers participating in the Teachers' Survivors Benefit Plan contribute at a rate established by RI General Laws, Section 16-16-35.

SCHEDULE OF BURRILLVILLE SCHOOL DEPARTMENT'S CONTRIBUTIONS

| Teachers | Surv | Teachers' Survivors Benefit Plan | it Pla | E | | | | | | |
|--|------|----------------------------------|--------|----------------|---|-----------------------------|--------|----------------|----|----------------|
| | | Fiscal 2019 | | Fiscal 2018 | | Fiscal 2017 | | Fiscal 2016 | | Fiscal 2015 |
| Statutorily determined contribution | ↔ | 24,253 | ↔ | 24,725 | ↔ | 20,722 | ↔ | 20,010 | ↔ | 20,027 |
| Contributions in relation to the statutorily determined contribution | | (24,253) | | (24,725) | | (20,722) | | (20,010) | | (20,027) |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | မှာ | 0 | ↔ | 0 | θ | 0 | မာ | 0 | မှ | 0 |
| Covered-employee payroll | € | \$ 15,440,528 \$ 15,044,403 | ↔ | 5,044,403 | | \$ 14,925,060 \$ 14,801,904 | & _ | 4,801,904 | ↔ | \$ 14,552,080 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | | 0.16% | | 0.16% | | 0.14% | | 0.14% | | 0.14% |

- **Notes:**1.) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year end.
- 2.) The schedules are intended to show information for 10 years additional years will be displayed as they become available.
- 3.) Employers participating in the Teachers' Survivors Benefit Plan contribute at a rate established by RI General Laws, Section 16-16-35.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OPEB TRUST FUND

LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS*

| | General E | General Employees | | Sewer Employees | ployee | S |
|--|---|--|---------------------|--|--------|--|
| | Year Ended June 30, 2019 | Year Ended June 30, 2018 | Year Er June 30, | Year Ended une 30, 2019 | Yea | Year Ended June 30, 2018 |
| Total OPEB liability Service cost Interest on the total OPEB liability Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses Effect of assumptions changes or inputs Differences between expected and actual experience Employee contributions Benefit payments Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending | \$ 94,008 129,083 0 (50,937) (1,020,985) 0 (250,906) (1,099,737) 4,155,473 3,055,736 | \$ 106,149 113,564 0 (244,656) 0 252,761 (273,020) 4,200,675 4,155,473 | θ | 263 780 0 (419) (1,131) 0 (1,834) (2,341) 25,589 23,248 | θ | 293 689 0 (833) 0 149 25,440 |
| Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments OPEB plan administrative expense Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - ending | 250,906 0 0 (250,906) 0 0 | 20,259 252,761 0 (273,020) 0 0 | | 1,834 0 (1,834) 0 0 0 | | 0000000 |
| Net OPEB liability (asset) - ending | \$ 3,055,736 | \$ 4,155,473 | မာ | 23,248 | € | 25,589 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability | 0.00% | 00:00% | | 0.00% | | 0.00% |
| Covered employee payroll | \$ 24,536,319 | \$ 23,683,959 | € | 623,817 | ↔ | 622,325 |
| Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll | 12.45% | 17.55% | | 3.73% | | 4.11% |

*Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES), AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | | Originally Adopted <u>Budget</u> | Final Approved <u>Budget</u> | Actual Budgetary <u>Basis</u> | | <u>Variance</u> |
|--|-------------|--|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|-----------------|
| REVENUES: | • | 00 744 440 | Φ 00 744 440 | # 00 000 054 | Φ. | 400 500 |
| General property taxes | | 32,744,413 | \$ 32,744,413 | \$ 32,882,951 | \$ | 138,538 |
| Intergovernmental | | 15,107,905 | 15,107,905 | 15,317,425 | | 209,520 |
| Licenses, permits and fees | | 440,176 | 440,176 | 528,334 | | 88,158 |
| Investment income | | 95,000 | 95,000 | 318,374 | | 223,374 |
| Departmental | | 97,500 | 97,500 | 49,393 | | (48,107) |
| Total revenues | | 48,484,994 | 48,484,994 | 49,096,477 | | 611,483 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| General government | | 3,348,864 | 3,355,714 | 3,259,753 | | 95,961 |
| Public safety | | 2,855,137 | 2,856,337 | 2,797,484 | | 58,853 |
| Public works | | 1,408,696 | 1,560,196 | 1,558,333 | | 1,863 |
| Recreation and social services | | 163,213 | 174,113 | 171,357 | | 2,756 |
| Libraries | | 875,500 | 886,300 | 886,300 | | 0 |
| Employee benefits and other | | 2,493,524 | 2,531,174 | 2,479,600 | | 51,574 |
| Burrillville Redevelopment Agency | | 0 | 60,000 | 60,000 | | 0 |
| Debt service: | | | | | | |
| Principal | | 1,654,000 | 1,483,550 | 1,176,000 | | 307,550 |
| Interest and other costs | | 449,038 | 449,038 | 267,296 | | 181,742 |
| Capital outlay | | 2,660,015 | 3,832,204 | 1,037,707 | | 2,794,497 |
| Total expenditures | | 15,907,987 | 17,188,626 | 13,693,830 | | 3,494,796 |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures | | 32,577,007 | 31,296,368 | 35,402,647 | | 4,106,279 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Transfers out | (| (33,260,332) | (35,705,777) | (35,705,777) | | 0 |
| Transfers in | | 683,325 | 827,505 | 199,420 | | (628,085) |
| Reappropriation of prior year's fund balance | | 0 | 3,581,904 | 3,581,904 | | 0 |
| Net other financing sources (uses) | | (32,577,007) | (31,296,368) | (31,924,453) | | (628,085) |
| Excess of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses | \$ | 0 | \$ 0 | 3,478,194 | \$ | 3,478,194 |
| · | | | Ψ | | <u> </u> | 0,710,104 |
| Less: reappropriated fund balance Add: excess of revenues and other sources over of funds classified with the General Fund for | | | ner uses | (3,581,904) | | |
| Statement No. 54 | | | | 163,823 | | |
| Fund Balance, beginning of year | | | | 13,922,761 | | |
| | | | | | | |

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES), AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) BUDGET AND ACTUAL

BURRILLVILLE SCHOOL DEPARTMENT GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | Originally Adopted Budget | Final Approved <u>Budget</u> | Actual Budgetary Basis | Variance |
|--|---------------------------------|--|------------------------------|-------------|
| | | and the second of the second o | | |
| Revenues: | | | | |
| State aid | \$ 12,427,333 | \$ 12,427,333 | \$ 12,427,333 | |
| Miscellaneous | 300,000 | 300,000 | 445,603 | \$ 145,603 |
| Total revenues | 12,727,333 | 12,727,333 | 12,872,936 | 145,603 |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| Salaries | 19,368,206 | 19,368,206 | 19,441,902 | (73,696) |
| Employee benefits | 7,357,878 | 7,357,878 | 7,384,133 | (26,255) |
| Purchased services | 5,261,234 | 5,258,970 | 5,241,545 | 17,425 |
| Supplies and materials | 999,419 | 986,419 | 926,037 | 60,382 |
| Other | 36,959 | 36,959 | 44,030 | (7,071) |
| Capital outlay | 74,355 | 137,737 | 172,304 | (34,567) |
| Total expenditures | 33,098,051 | 33,146,169 | 33,209,951 | (63,782) |
| Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures | | | | |
| before other financing sources (uses) | (20,370,718) | (20,418,836) | (20,337,015) | 81,821 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | |
| Transfer from Town of Burrillville | 20,404,718 | 20,404,718 | 20,259,115 | (145,603) |
| Transfer from fund balance | , , | 48,118 | 48,118 | (,, |
| Transfers to other funds | (34,000) | (34,000) | (34,000) | |
| Net other financing sources (uses) | 20,370,718 | 20,418,836 | 20,273,233 | (145,603) |
| | | | | |
| Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | (63,782) | \$ (63,782) |
| Less: prior year encumbrances | | | (71,778) | |
| Less: reappropriated fund balance | | | (48,118) | |
| Fund balance, beginning of year | | | 757,386 | |
| Fund balance, end of year | | | \$ 573,708 | |

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2019

BUDGETARY TO GAAP BASIS RECONCILIATION

As more fully described in Note 2, the following reconciliation summarizes the differences for the Town's General Fund between budgetary and GAAP basis accounting principles for the year ended June 30, 2019:

| Excess of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) | \$ 3,478,194 |
|--|-------------------------|
| Fund balance reappropriated | (3,581,904) |
| Excess of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses of funds classified with the General Fund for purposes of GASB Statement No. 54 | <u>163,823</u> |
| Net change in fund balance (GAAP) | <u>\$ 60,113</u> |
| The following reconciliation summarizes the differences for the School Department budgetary and GAAP basis accounting principles for the year ended June 30, 2019: | 's General Fund between |
| Excess of revenues and other sources under expenditures and other uses (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) | \$ (63,782) |

(48,118)

<u>(71,778</u>)

\$ (183,678)

Fund balance reappropriated

Prior year encumbrances.....

Net change in fund balance (GAAP).....

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes. The following funds are reported in this section:

School Restricted Grants

The Restricted set of accounts is used to reflect designated funds which are limited by law for specific purposes or programs.

Community Recreation

This fund accounts for both the Community Recreation Center Fund and the Recreation Capital Fund. The Community Recreation Center Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the Community Recreation Center (the Lodge). Funding is provided from rental fees, interest earnings, and the General Fund. The Recreation Capital Fund was created pursuant to the 1980 Public Law Chapter 13, which allows for the Town to require a payment in lieu of land for public recreation.

Town Clerk – Technology

This fund accounts for monies (10% of recording fees) utilized for the purpose of document preservation and technological upgrades [RIGL 34-13-7].

Historical Records

This fund accounts for document filing fees collected by the Town which are to be used for the preservation of historical Town records.

Solemn Federal Task Force

This fund accounts for grant funding received for the purpose of assisting in various police related undercover activities in the region.

Animal Shelter Donation Account

This fund accounts for donations received and expenses incurred in the performance of various animal control duties.

Library Grant

This fund accounts for grant activity related to the Jesse M. Smith Memorial Library and the Pascoag Library.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Community Emergency Response Training

This fund accounts for monies utilized in the training of local citizens in programs offered through the Town's Emergency Management Agency (EMA).

Byrne Grant

This fund accounts for grant monies utilized for Police Department equipment.

Clear River Energy Fund

This fund accounts for monies received from Clear River Energy LLC outlined in the November 3, 2016 tax agreement to cover expenses related to the Town's response and defense against the Clear River Energy Center power plant in Burrillville, RI, and any subsequent legal action authorized by the Town Council.

Spring Lake

This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of Spring Lake Beach. Funding is provided from fees and the General Fund.

Community Development Block Grant

This fund accounts for funds obtained through the Community Development Block Grant Program and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, which are restricted for specific purposes of programs. This fund also accounts for the CDBG Revolving Loan Program which provides loans to qualified homeowners for various home improvements.

Blackstone Valley Prevention Coalition

This fund accounts for grant money received for substance abuse prevention and awareness through the regional coalition – Blackstone Valley Prevention Coalition.

Partnership for Success

This fund accounts for grant monies received for substance abuse prevention and awareness.

Cops That Care

This fund accounts for grant monies received for various community activities designed to promote positive relationships with the local police department.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Ocean State Power Funds

This fund accounts for monies received from Ocean State Power. Per an agreement with the Town, Ocean State Power contributed every year for twenty years to the Ocean State Power Scholarship Fund. The fund is headed by a committee which approves the awards of local scholarships.

Narcotics Guidance Council

This fund accounts for the various activities conducted by the Burrillville Narcotic Guidance Council. Funding is provided by the General Fund and other grant programs.

Police Legislative Grant

This fund accounts for grant monies received through the State to be used by the Town in its law enforcement activities.

Police Grant – Operation Riptide

This fund accounts for grant monies utilized for the purpose of enforcing the driving under the influence laws.

Voter Access Grant

This fund accounts for grant money received to upgrade election security.

Bullet Proof Vest Program

This fund accounts for grant money received from Dept. of Justice Bulletproof Vest Partnership to upgrade Burrillville police officers' bulletproof vest.

RI Senior Grant

This fund accounts for grant money received for senior community activities.

Electric Vehicle Grant

This fund accounts for grant money received for the purchase of an electric vehicle, charging stations, and related supplies.

Wallace Lees Scholarship

This fund accounts for memorial donations received to be used for scholarships for local students.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Snack Pack Program

This fund accounts for monies used in the Burrillville Weekend Snack Pack Program (provides weekend meals for needy Burrillville students).

Police Grants

This fund accounts for various grants and donations given to the police department and related expenses.

Police Task Force

This fund accounts for monies received from drug related asset forfeitures.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds. Funding sources include debt proceeds, intergovernmental sources, third party contributions and General Fund transfers. The following funds are reported in this section:

Dog Park

This fund accounts for grant money and matching funds related to the creation of a new fenced dog park, walking paths, and parking lot near the existing animal shelter.

Commerce Park Water Loop

This fund accounts for expenses related to a water system improvement project for Commerce Park.

Public Works Complex Fund

This fund accounts for expenses related to the new Public Works Complex being constructed on Clear River Drive.

Animal Control Facility Renovation

This fund accounts for expenses related to renovating the Animal Control facility.

Wilson Spillway

This fund accounts for grant money and matching funds related to the Wilson Reservoir Spillway flood control project.

School Roof Improvements

This fund accounts for monies used to upgrade the roofs at Burrillville's various schools.

Oakland/Mapleville Bike Path

This fund accounts for monies utilized in the creation of the Oakland/Mapleville Bike Path.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

North Road Bridge Project

This fund accounts for bond proceeds received from the Rhode Island Infrastructure Bank for the purpose of replacing the North Road Bridge.

Open Space/Land Acquisition

This fund accounts for Town appropriations specifically set aside for the purpose of acquiring land for open space and other purposes.

School Department Capital Projects

This fund allows the Burrillville School Department to utilize the remaining capital funds from the approved five-year plan for additional school capital projects approved by Rhode Island Department of Education (RIDE).

Major Capital

This fund accounts for Town appropriations set aside for the purpose of funding major capital acquisitions.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

PERMANENT FUNDS

Cemetery Fund

The cemetery fund accounts for monies received by individuals to be used for the perpetual care of Town cemeteries and are under the custody of the Town Clerk.

Frank H. Potter Bridgeway Fund

The Frank H. Potter Bridgeway Fund accounts for monies received under the will of the late Austin T. Levy. Interest received is to be used for the maintenance of the Frank H. Potter Bridgeway.

Alice McGreevy Thompson Fund

This fund accounts for money gifted to the Town from Mrs. Alice McGreevy Thompson for the purpose of establishing a perpetual fund to be held in trust by the Town. Interest earned is to be paid annually to a high school senior with the highest average in chemistry.

Jesse M. Smith Memorial Library Fund

This fund accounts for two contributions received under the will of the late Austin T. Levy. Interest received is to be used for the purpose of acquiring library books and general operations of the Jesse M. Smith Memorial Library.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

| | | | | L | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|------------|--------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------------|
| | | | Special | Special Revenue Funds | | | |
| | School Restricted | Community | Town Clerk - | Historical Records | Solemn Federal Task Force | | Animal Shelter Donation Account |
| ASSETS: | 2 | 5000 | (800000 | | | } | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 158,455 | \$ 187,303 | | | | | |
| Ourer receivables Due from: | | | | | | | |
| Other funds | 42,478 | 6,491 | \$ 59,540 | \$ 39,385 | | ↔ | 22,964 |
| Other governments | 179,250 | | | | ↔ | 561 | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 380,183 | \$ 193,794 | \$ 59,540 | \$ 39,385 | \$ | 561 \$ | 22,964 |
| LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: | | | | | | | |
| LIABILITIES; | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 16,514 | | | | | ↔ | 717 |
| Retainage payable | | | | | | | |
| Accrued payroll and benefits | 127,105 | | | | | | |
| Due to: | | | | | | | |
| Other funds | 152,110 | | | | € | 561 | |
| Other governments | 4,295 | | | \$ 606 | | | |
| Unearned revenues | 80,159 | | | | | | |
| Other liabilities | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 380,183 | 0 | 0 | 909 | | 561 | 717 |
| FUND BALANCES: | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable for: | | | | | | | |
| Perpetual care | | | | | | | |
| Endowments | | | | | | | |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | | |
| General government | | | 59,540 | 38,779 | | | |
| Public safety | | | | | | | 22,247 |
| Recreation and social services | | 123,104 | | | | | |
| Education | | | | | | | |
| Community development | | | | | | | |
| Committed for: | | | | | | | |
| General government | | | | | | | |
| Recreation and social services | | 70,690 | | | | | |
| Capital projects | | | | | | | |
| Unassigned | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | 0 | 193,794 | 59,540 | 38,779 | | 0 | 22,247 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | \$ 380,183 | \$ 193,794 | \$ 59,540 | \$ 39,385 | ↔ | 561 \$ | 22,964 |
| | Ш | ı | | | | | |

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

| | | | Spe | Special Revenue Funds | Je Funds | | | |
|---|------------------|--|------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|---|
| | Library Grant | Community Emergency Response Training | | ne nt | Clear River Energy Fund | Spring Lake | Comr Develo Block | Community Development Block Grant |
| ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables | | | | | | \$ 135,887 1,597 | ↔ | 56,284 192,533 |
| Due from: Other funds | | \$ 59,452 | e | 0,000 | \$ 199,069 | | · | 4,221 |
| Other governments TOTAL ASSETS | \$0 | \$ 59,452 | 9 69 | | \$ 199,069 | \$ 137,484 | 8 | 332,101 |
| LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: LIABILITIES: | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | | | | • | \$ 59,303 | \$ 11,880 | | |
| Accrued payroll and benefits | | | | | | 11,097 | | |
| Due to: Other funds | | | €9 | 7,042 | | 52,468 | ↔ | 1,556 |
| Other governments | | | | 288 | | 3 500 | Ċ | 270.039 |
| Unearned revenues Other liabilities | | | | 007, | | 000,0 | 1 | 6,0 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | \$0 | 0 | | 8,330 | 59,303 | 78,945 | 7. | 271,595 |
| FUND BALANCES: | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable for: | | | | | | | | |
| Perpetual care Endowments | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | 50 152 | • | | | | | |
| rubiic salety Recreation and social services | | , , , | .1 | | | | | |
| Education | | | | | | | | • |
| Community development | | | | | | | _ | 905,09 |
| Committed for: General povernment | | | | | 139.766 | | | |
| Recreation and social services | | | | | | 58,539 | | |
| Capital projects | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | 0 | 59,452 | 2 | 0 | 139,766 | 58,539 | | 905,09 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | \$0 | \$ 59,452 | \$ | 8,330 | \$ 199,069 | \$ 137,484 | ю ю | 332,101 |
| | | | | | | | | |

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

| | | | Special Re | Special Revenue Funds | | |
|--|--|----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Blackstone Valley Prevention Coalition | Partnership for Success | Cops That Care | Ocean State Power Funds | Narcotics Guidance Council | Police Legislative Grant |
| ASSETS: | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables | \$ 14.064 | | | \$ 558,229 | \$ 320 | |
| Due from: | | 110 640 | 030 | | 53 | 4 834 |
| Other dovernments | | | | | 8,464 | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 14,064 | \$ 120,522 | \$ 232 | \$ 558,229 | \$ 171,975 | \$ 1,831 |
| LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: LIABILITIES: | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 298 | \$ 574 | | \$ 38,874 | \$ 259 | |
| Retainage payable | | | | | | |
| Accrued payroll and benefits | | 1,553 | | | 5,160 | |
| Due to: | 1 100 | | | 40.088 | 10 961 | |
| Other Tunds | 450 | | | 40,900 | 100,64 | |
| Other governments | 000 | | 030 \$ | | 2 240 | |
| Unearned revenues Other liabilities | 0,320 | | | | 0,2,0 | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 14,064 | 2,127 | 232 | 79,840 | 58,490 | \$ |
| FUND BALANCES: | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable for: | | | | | | |
| Perpetual care | | | | | | |
| Endowments | | | | | | |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | |
| General government | | | | | | • |
| Public safety | | | | | | 1,831 |
| Recreation and social services | | 118,395 | | į | 113,485 | |
| Education | | | | 478,389 | | |
| Community development | | | | | | |
| Committed for: | | | | | | |
| General government | | | | | | |
| Recreation and social services | | | | | | |
| Capital projects | | | | | | |
| Unassigned | | 100 077 | | | 440 405 | * |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | | 118,395 | | 4/6,369 | 113,403 | 1,00,1 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | \$ 14,064 | \$ 120,522 | \$ 232 | \$ 558,229 | \$ 171,975 | \$ 1,831 |
| | | 11 | | | | |

(CONTINUED)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

| | Electric Vehicle Grant |
|-----------------------|--|
| spur | RI Senior Grant |
| Special Revenue Funds | Bullet Proof Vest |
| Spe | Voter Access |
| | Police Grant - Operation Riptide |
| | |
| | |

| Hectric | Vehicle | Grant | 4,699 | | 4 699 |
|----------------|-----------|---------|-------|---------------|----------------|
| _ | | | ↔ | | e. |
| | RI Senior | Grant | | 4,057 | 4.057 |
| | 2 | | | ↔ | U , |
| Bullet | Proof | Vest | | 7,750 | 7 750 |
| | | | | ↔ | U |
| | Voter | Access | | 1,700 | 1 700 |
| | | ٩ | | () | υ. |
| Police Grant - | Operation | Riptide | | 5,818 | 5 818 |
| ğ | ō | L.L | | ↔ | er. |
| | | | | | |

4,699

| | 4,699 | 4,699 |
|-------|-------|-------|
| | ↔ | |
| 4,057 | | 4,057 |
| ↔ | | |
| 1,937 | 5,813 | 7,750 |
| ₩ | | |
| | 1,700 | 1,700 |
| | ↔ | |
| 5,818 | | 5,818 |
| ↔ | | |

Other governments Unearned revenues Other liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES

FUND BALANCES:

LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:

Other funds
Other governments
TOTAL ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents

ASSETS:

Other receivables

Due from:

Retainage payable Accrued payroll and benefits

Other funds

Due to:

Accounts payable

LIABILITIES:

Nonspendable for: Perpetual care Endowments

Restricted for: General government

Recreation and social services Public safety

Community development Education

Committed for:

General government Recreation and social services

Capital projects

Unassigned

TOTAL FUND BALANCES

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES

| 0 | 4,699 |
|---|---------------|
| | 49 |
| 0 | 4,057 |
| | မှာ |
| 0 | 7,750 |
| | € |
| О | 1,700 |
| | မာ |
| 0 | 5,818 |
| | 69 |

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

| | | Spe | Special Revenue Funds | le Funds | | | Capital Project Funds | roject F | spun |
|--|--------------------------------|------------|--------------------------|------------------|----|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------|--------------------------------|
| | Wallace Lees Scholarship | S. Program | Snack Pack Program | Police Grants | | Police Task Force | Dog Park | 8 E | Commerce Park Water Loop |
| ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables | | | | | ↔ | 9,088 | | | |
| Due from: Other funds Other governments | \$ 5,000 | ↔ | 16,338 \$ | 6,200 | | | \$ 100,000 | ↔ | 7,865 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 5,000 | φ | 16,338 \$ | 6,200 | 8 | 9,088 | \$ 100,000 | ₩. | 376,238 |
| LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable Retainage payable Accinical and handite | | | | | | | | ↔ | 42,177 26,568 |
| Due of the Control of | | | | | | | \$ 10.991 | | |
| Other dovernments | | | | | | | | | |
| Unearnes | | | | | | | 91,207 | | |
| Other liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | \$ | 0 | 102,198 | | 68,745 |
| FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable for: Perpetual care Endowments Restricted for: | | | | | | | | | |
| General government Public safety | | | | 6,200 | | 9,088 | | | |
| Recreation and social services Education | 5,000 | • | 16,338 | | | | | | |
| Community development | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | | | | | | | | |
| Recreation and social services Capital projects | | | | | | | (0,000) | | 307,493 |
| Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES | 5,000 | | 16,338 | 6,200 | | 9,088 | (2,198) | | 307,493 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | \$ 5,000 | φ. | 16,338 | \$ 6,200 | φ | 9,088 | \$ 100,000 | ₩ | 376,238 |

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

| | | | | Capital Project Funds | spun | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------|
| | Public Works Complex Fund | Animal Control Facility Renovation | ol Wilson Spillway | School Roof Improvements | Oakland/ Mapleville Bike Path | nd/ ville ath | North Road Bridge Project | Open Space/ Land Acquisition | ace/ |
| ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables Due from: | | | | | | | | \$ | 9,726 |
| Other funds Other governments TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 3,036,793 | \$ 49,469 | \$ 52,486 125,000 \$ 177,486 | \$ 49,252 | \$ 35 | 350,573 350,573 | \$ 264,226 \$ 264,226 | \$ | 9,726 |
| LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Retainage payable Account payable | \$ 446,725 69,775 | \$ 76,880 | | \$ 10,000 39,252 | | | | | |
| Due to: Other funds Other governments Unearned revenues | | | \$ 26,289 | | \$ 27 | 17,255 | \$ 185,395 | | |
| Other liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES | 516,500 | 76,954 | 26,289 | 49,252 | 28 | 288,724 | 185,395 | \$ | 0 |
| FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable for: Perpetual care Endowments Restricted for: General government Public safety Recreation and social services Education Community development | | | | | | | | | |
| Committed for: General government Recreation and social services Capital projects | 2,520,293 | (77 485) | 151,197 | | U | 61,849 | 78,831 | <u>σ</u> | 9,726 |
| Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES | 2,520,293 | (27,485) | () 151,197 | 0 | 9 | 61,849 | 78,831 | 6 | 9,726 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | \$ 3,036,793 | \$ 49,469 | \$ 177,486 | \$ 49,252 | \$ 35 | 350,573 | \$ 264,226 | .6 | 9,726 |

(CONTINUED)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

| | Capital Pro | Capital Project Funds | | Permane | Permanent Funds | | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---------------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------------------|
| | School | | | Frank H. | Alice | Jesse M. | Total |
| | Department Capital | Major | Cemetery | Potter Bridgeway | McGreevy | Memorial | Non-Iviajor Governmental |
| 488678 | Projects | Capital | Fund | Fund | Fund | Library Fund | Funds |
| Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables | | \$ 1,858,260 | \$ 83,124 | \$ 16,580 | \$ 1,241 | \$ 15,632 | \$ 3,089,809 208,514 |
| Due from: Other finds | \$ 270.794 | | | | | | 4.210.390 |
| Other governments | | | | | | | 1,511,047 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 270,794 | \$ 1,858,260 | \$ 83,124 | \$ 16,580 | \$ 1,241 | \$ 15,632 | \$ 9,019,760 |
| LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: LIABILITIES: | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 270,794 | \$ 5,102 | | | | | \$ 903,291 212,475 |
| Netalitage payable Accrued payroll and benefits | | | | | | | 144,915 |
| Due to: Other funds | | 129,161 | \$ 468 | | | | 667,084 |
| Other governments | | | | | | | 4,901 |
| Unearned revenues Other liabilities | | | | \$ 6,580 | \$ 241 | \$ 632 | 7,453 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 270,794 | 134,263 | 468 | 6,580 | 241 | 632 | 2,706,052 |
| FUND BALANCES: | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable for: Pernetual care | | | 82.656 | | | | 82,656 |
| Endowments | | | | 10,000 | 1,000 | 15,000 | 26,000 |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | | 98 319 |
| General government Public safety | | | | | | | 98,818 |
| Recreation and social services | | | | | | | 371,322 |
| Education | | | | | | | 483,389 |
| Community development Committed for | | | | | | | 000,00 |
| General government | | | | | | | 139,766 |
| Recreation and social services | | | | | | | 129,229 |
| Capital projects | | 1,723,997 | | | | | 4,853,386 (29,683) |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | 0 | 1,723,997 | 82,656 | 10,000 | 1,000 | 15,000 | 6,313,708 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | \$ 270.794 | \$ 1.858.260 | \$ 83.124 | \$ 16.580 | \$ 1.241 | \$ 15,632 | \$ 9,019,760 |
| | 11 | | | | | | CONCILIBED |
| | | | | | | | CONCLODED |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | | | Special R | Special Revenue Funds | | | |
|--|------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | School Restricted Grants | Community Recreation | Town Clerk - Technology | Historical Records | Solemn Federal Task Force | Anima Do Ao | Animal Shelter Donation Account |
| REVENUES: Intergovernmental Investment income Other TOTAL REVENUES | \$1,529,474 10,025 1.539,499 | \$ 2,410 23,141 | \$ 14,285 | \$ 2,432 | \$ 1,498 | ₩. | 3,080 40,993 |
| EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety Public libraries Recreation and social services | | 2,813 | 1,578 | 446 | 1,498 | | 24,558 |
| Education Community development Debt service: Interest and other costs Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 1,535,444 4,055 1,539,499 | 2,813 | 1,578 | 446 | 1,498 | | 24,558 |
| EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | 0 | 22,738 | 12,707 | 1,986 | 0 | | 19,515 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in | | | | | | | |

(CONTINUED)

19,515

0

1,986

12,707

22,738

0

0

0

2,732

0

36,793

46,833

171,056

0

FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT BEGINNING OF YEAR

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES

FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR

Transfers out NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)

₩

0

ᡐ

38,779

↔

59,540

₩

\$ 193,794

0

8

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | | | Special Rev | Special Revenue Funds | | |
|---|------------------|--|----------------|-------------------------------|---|---|
| | Library Grant | Community Emergency Response Training | Byrne Grant | Clear River Energy Fund | Spring Lake | Community Development Block Grant |
| REVENUES: Intergovernmental | \$ 173,440 | \$ 3,000 | \$ 7,042 | | 4, 2,0 8,0 8,0 8,0 8,0 8,0 8,0 8,0 8,0 8,0 8 | \$ 727,668 |
| Investment income Other TOTAL REVENUES | 173,440 | 3,000 | 7,042 | \$ 530,180 530,180 | 2 2 | 43,861 774,790 |
| EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety | | | | 1,018,783 | | |
| Public libraries Recreation and social services | 173,440 | | | | 232,269 | |
| Community development Debt service: | | | | | | 779,604 |
| Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 173,440 | 0 | 7,042 | 1,018,783 | 232,269 | 779,604 |
| EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | 0 | 3,000 | 0 | (488,603) | (2,508) | (4,814) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out | | | | | | |
| NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | 0 | 3,000 | 0 | (488,603) | (2,508) | (4,814) |
| FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT BEGINNING OF YEAR | 0 | 56,452 | 0 | 628,369 | 61,047 | 65,320 |
| FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR | 0 | \$ 59,452 | 0 \$ | \$ 139,766 | \$ 58,539 | \$ 60,506 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | | | Special Rev | Special Revenue Funds | | |
|---|------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Blackstone Valley Prevention | Partnership for Success | Cops | Ocean State | Narcotics Guidance Council | Police Legislative Grant |
| REVENUES: Intergovernmental Investment income | 6 20 462 | \$ 58,010 | | \$ 1,257 | \$ 13,995 | \$ 3,500 |
| Outer TOTAL REVENUES | | 58,010 | \$0 | 1,257 | 14,995 | 3,500 |
| EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety Public libraries | | | | 10,222 | 88,756 | 2,247 |
| Recreation and social services Education Community development | 20,162 | 85,041 1,009 | | | | |
| Debt service: Interest and other costs Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 20,162 | 86,050 | 0 | 10,222 | 88,756 | 2,247 |
| EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | 0 | (28,040) | 0 | (8,965) | (73,761) | 1,253 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in | | 140,435 | | | 89,806 | |
| I ransiers out NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | 0 | 140,435 | 0 | 0 | 89,806 | 0 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | 0 | 112,395 | 0 | (8,965) | 16,045 | 1,253 |
| FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT BEGINNING OF YEAR | 0 | 000'9 | 0 | 487,354 | 97,440 | 578 |
| FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR | 0 \$ | \$ 118,395 | \$0 | \$ 478,389 | \$ 113,485 | \$ 1,831 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | | S | Special Revenue Funds | Funds | | |
|--|--|-----------------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------|------------------------------|
| | Police Grant - Operation Riptide | Voter Access | Bullet Proof Vest | RI Senior Grant | | Electric Vehicle Grant |
| REVENUES: Intergovernmental Investment income | \$ 35,043 | | \$ 1,937 | \$ 6,170 | ⊕ | 58,961 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 35,043 | \$0 | 1,937 | 6,170 | | 58,961 |
| EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety Public libraries Recreation and social services | 35,043 | | 1,937 | 6,170 | 0 | 2,628 |
| Education Community development Debt service: Interest and other costs Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 35,043 | 0 | 1,937 | 6,170 | | 56,333 |
| EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | 0 | 0 | 0 | J | 0 | 0 |
| FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT BEGINNING OF YEAR | 0 | 0 | 0 | J | 0 | 0 |
| FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR | 0 | \$0 | 0 \$ | 0 \$ | 8 | 0 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | | | Special F | Special Revenue Funds | spun _: | | | Ca | Capital Project Funds | t Funds | |
|---|------|-------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-------|----------------|-----|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| | × - | Wallace | Snack | ď | Police | P. H. | Police Task | | | Commerce Park Water | rce |
| | Scho | Scholarship | Program | ַ 'טַ | Grants | 띰 | Force | Dog | Dog Park | Loop | |
| REVENUES: Intergovernmental Investment income | | | | | | ↔ | 25 | ↔ | 4,728 | \$ 163,903 | 903 |
| Other TOTAL REVENUES | ₩ | 0 | \$ 18,494 18,494 | 4 | 6,497 | | 25 | | 4,728 | 163,903 | 903 |
| EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Recreation and social services Education Community development | | | 5,057 | | 2,797 | | | | | | |
| Debt service: Interest and other costs Capital outlay | | | | | | | | | 5,910 | 6,715 531,695 | 6,715 31,695 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | | 0 | 5,057 | | 2,797 | | 0 | | 5,910 | 538,410 | 410 |
| EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | 0 | 13,437 | | 3,700 | | 25 | | (1,182) | (374,507) | 207) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | | 0 | 13,437 | | 3,700 | | 25 | | (1,182) | (374,507) | 507) |
| FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT BEGINNING OF YEAR | | 2,000 | 2,901 | | 2,500 | | 9,063 | | (1,016) | 682,000 | 000 |
| FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR | ક્ક | 5,000 | \$ 16,338 | ₩ | 6,200 | \$ | 9,088 | \$ | (2,198) | \$ 307,493 | 493 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | | | O | Capital Project Funds | sp | | |
|--|---------------------------------|--|--------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | Public Works Complex Fund | Animal Control Facility Renovation | Wilson Spillway | School Roof Improvements | Oakland/ Mapleville Bike Path | North Road Bridge Project | Open Space/ Land Acquisition |
| KEVENUES: Intergovernmental Investment income | | | \$ 3,203 | | \$ 13,804 | | \$ 1,236 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 0 | 0 | 3,203 | 0 \$ | 13,804 | 0 \$ | 1,236 |
| EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety Public libraries Recreation and social services Education Community development | | | | | | | |
| Debt service: Interest and other costs Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 2,229,890 | 808,168 808,168 | 6,406 | 803,475 | 17,255 | 0 | 0 |
| EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | (2,229,890) | (808,168) | (3,203) | (803,475) | (3,451) | 0 | 1,236 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out | 1,919,000 | | | (287,266) | | | |
| NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | 1,919,000 | 0 | 0 | (287,266) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | (310,890) | (808,168) | (3,203) | (1,090,741) | (3,451) | 0 | 1,236 |
| FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT BEGINNING OF YEAR | 2,831,183 | 780,683 | 154,400 | 1,090,741 | 65,300 | 78,831 | 8,490 |
| FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR | \$ 2,520,293 | \$ (27,485) | \$ 151,197 | 0 \$ | \$ 61,849 | \$ 78,831 | \$ 9,726 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | Capital Pro | Capital Project Funds | | Permane | Permanent Funds | | |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---|
| | School Department | | | Frank H. Potter | Alice McGreevy | Jesse M. Smith | Total Non-Major |
| | Capital Projects | Major Capital | Cemetery Fund | Bridgeway Fund | Thompson Fund | Memorial Library Fund | Governmental Funds |
| REVENUES: Intergovernmental Investment income | | \$ 15,019 28,253 | \$ 347 | \$ 276 | \$ 21 | \$ 260 | \$ 2,823,475 38,732 939,445 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | \$ | 43,272 | 347 | 276 | 21 | 260 | 3,801,652 |
| EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety Public libraries Recreation and social services Education | | | | 276 | 22 | 260 | 1,031,586 154,039 173,440 356,937 1,536,453 |
| Community development Debt service: Interest and other costs Capital outlay | 1,130,526 | 34,539 | • | 0 | i | | 779,604 6,715 5,635,294 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 1,130,526 | 34,539 | 0 | 276 | 21 | 260 | 9,674,068 |
| EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | (1,130,526) | 8,733 | 347 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (5,872,416) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out | 519,000 | 604,985 (1,263,180) | | | | | 3,273,226 (1,550,446 <u>)</u> |
| NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | 519,000 | (658,195) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,722,780 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | (611,526) | (649,462) | 347 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (4,149,636) |
| FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT BEGINNING OF YEAR | 611,526 | 2,373,459 | 82,309 | 10,000 | 1,000 | 15,000 | 10,463,344 |
| FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR | 0 | \$ 1,723,997 | \$ 82,656 | \$ 10,000 | \$ 1,000 | \$ 15,000 | \$ 6,313,708 |

(CONCLUDED)

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Levy Rink

This fund accounts for the operation of the Levy Ice Rink.

Extended Day Care

This fund accounts for the operation of a Town managed Day Care Facility.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

| | Levy Rink | Extended Day Care | Totals |
|----------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|------------|
| ASSETS: | | | |
| Current assets: | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 259,465 | \$ 357,535 | \$ 617,000 |
| Accounts receivable, net | | 10,598 | 10,598 |
| Prepaid expenses | | 1,452 | 1,452 |
| Total current assets | 259,465 | 369,585 | 629,050 |
| Noncurrent assets: | | | |
| Net capital assets | 344,182 | 5,139 | 349,321 |
| Total noncurrent assets | 344,182 | 5,139 | 349,321 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 603,647 | 374,724 | 978,371 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | |
| Accounts payable | 9,507 | 10,351 | 19,858 |
| Accrued payroll | | 16,503 | 16,503 |
| Due to other funds | 17,906 | 3,841 | 21,747 |
| Unearned revenue | | 2,111 | 2,111 |
| Capital lease payable | 24,437 | | 24,437 |
| Accrued compensated absences | 1,130 | | 1,130 |
| Total current liabilities | 52,980 | 32,806 | 85,786 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | |
| Capital lease payable, net | 52,134 | | 52,134 |
| Accrued compensated absences | 10,155 | | 10,155 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 62,289 | 0 | 62,289 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 115,269 | 32,806 | 148,075 |
| NET POSITION: | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 267,611 | 5,139 | 272,750 |
| Unrestricted | 220,767 | 336,779 | 557,546 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | \$ 488,378 | \$ 341,918 | \$ 830,296 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | Levy Rink | Extended Day Care | Totals |
|--|--------------|----------------------|--------------|
| OPERATING REVENUES: | | | |
| Charges for usage and service | \$ 475,103 | \$ 634,379 | \$ 1,109,482 |
| Total operating revenues | 475,103 | 634,379 | 1,109,482 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES: | | | |
| Operations | 237,159 | 118,660 | 355,819 |
| Personnel | 166,785 | 501,740 | 668,525 |
| Depreciation | 51,445 | 1,976 | 53,421 |
| Total operating expenses | 455,389 | 622,376 | 1,077,765 |
| OPERATING INCOME | 19,714 | 12,003 | 31,717 |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): | | | |
| Investment income | | 3,256 | 3,256 |
| Interest expense | (4,382) | | (4,382) |
| Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) | (4,382) | 3,256 | (1,126) |
| INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS | 15,332 | 15,259 | 30,591 |
| TRANSFERS IN | 34,000 | 0 | 34,000 |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | 49,332 | 15,259 | 64,591 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING | 439,046 | 326,659 | 765,705 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING | \$ 488,378 | \$ 341,918 | \$ 830,296 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | Levy Rink | Extended Day Care | Totals |
|--|--------------|----------------------|--------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | | |
| Cash received from customers | \$ 475,103 | \$ 629,402 | \$ 1,104,505 |
| Cash paid to suppliers | (236,426) | (114,675) | (351,101) |
| Cash paid to employees | (164,671) | (499,766) | (664,437) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 74,006 | 14,961 | 88,967 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | | |
| Transfer from other funds | 34,000 | | 34,000 |
| Increase (decrease) in due to other funds | 2,323 | (45,958) | (43,635) |
| Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities | 36,323 | (45,958) | (9,635) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | | |
| Acquisition of capital assets | (45,792) | (2,691) | (48,483) |
| Principal payment on capital lease | (23,411) | | (23,411) |
| Interest expense | (4,382) | | (4,382) |
| Net cash used for capital and related financing activities | (73,585) | (2,691) | (76,276) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | | |
| Interest on investments | | 3,256 | 3,256 |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | 0 | 3,256 | 3,256 |
| NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | 36,744 | (30,432) | 6,312 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR | 222,721 | 387,967 | 610,688 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR | \$ 259,465 | \$ 357,535 | \$ 617,000 |
| Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | | |
| Operating income | \$ 19,714 | \$ 12,003 | \$ 31,717 |
| Adjustments to reconcile: | | | |
| Depreciation | 51,445 | 1,976 | 53,421 |
| Increase in accounts receivable | | (2,842) | (2,842) |
| Increase in prepaid expenses | | (417) | (417) |
| Increase in accounts payable | 733 | 4,402 | 5,135 |
| Increase in accrued payroll | | 1,974 | 1,974 |
| Decrease in unearned revenue | 6444 | (2,135) | (2,135) |
| Increase in accrued compensated absences | 2,114 | e 44.004 | 2,114 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ 74,006 | \$ 14,961 | \$ 88,967 |

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

AGENCY FUNDS

| Pupil | Activi | ty F | unds | į |
|-------|--------|------|------|---|
|-------|--------|------|------|---|

This fund accounts for the student activity funds of the School Department.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| PUPIL ACTIVITY FUNDS | | Beginning Balance | <u>F</u> | Receipts | <u>Disl</u> | oursements | Ending Balance |
|-------------------------------------|-----|----------------------|----------|----------|-------------|------------|-------------------|
| <u>ASSETS</u> | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$_ | 150,586 | \$ | 367,326 | \$ | 332,437 | \$ 185,475 |
| <u>LIABILITIES</u> | | | | | | | |
| Deposits held in custody for others | \$ | 150,586 | \$ | 367,326 | \$ | 332,437 | \$ 185,475 |

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

COMPONENT UNITS

Burrillville Redevelopment Agency

This Agency was created to encourage, direct, and regulate new development and redevelopment within the Town Districts and to acquire and redevelop those areas, which the Agency determined cannot be redeveloped otherwise in order to carryout RIGL 1956 Chapter 45-31 to 45-33.

Jesse M. Smith Memorial Library

This component unit was created to account for the activities of the Jesse M. Smith Memorial Library.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION COMPONENT UNITS JUNE 30, 2019

| | Burrillville Redevelopment Agency | Jesse M. Smith Memorial Library | Total |
|----------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--------------|
| ASSETS: | - | | |
| Current assets: | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 230,587 | \$ 97,301 | \$ 327,888 |
| Loan receivable | 1,550 | | 1,550 |
| Due from: | | | |
| Primary government | 4,485 | 153,818 | 158,303 |
| Prepaid expenses | 137,221 | | 137,221 |
| Total current assets | 373,843 | 251,119 | 624,962 |
| Noncurrent assets: | | | |
| Loan receivable, net | 6,429 | | 6,429 |
| Capital assets: | · | | |
| Non-depreciable | 217,075 | | 217,075 |
| Depreciable, net | 439,625 | 104,453 | 544,078 |
| Total noncurrent assets | 663,129 | 104,453 | 767,582 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 1,036,972 | 355,572 | 1,392,544 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | |
| Accounts payable | 5,964 | 35,386 | 41,350 |
| Accrued payroll | 1,857 | 11,039 | 12,896 |
| Due to: | | | |
| Primary government | | 10,937 | 10,937 |
| Note payable, current portion | 12,406 | | 12,406 |
| Total current liabilities | 20,227 | 57,362 | 77,589 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | |
| Note payable, net | 62,430 | | 62,430 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 62,430 | 0 | 62,430 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 82,657 | 57,362 | 140,019 |
| NET POSITION: | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 656,700 | 104,453 | 761,153 |
| Unrestricted | 297,615 | 193,757 | 491,372 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | \$ 954,315 | \$ 298,210 | \$ 1,252,525 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES COMPONENT UNITS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | | | | Pi | oara | am Revenu | es | | | | | se) Revenue in Net Positi | |
|--|----------|--|-------|-------------------|-------|--------------------------------------|-----|------------------------------------|----------|--|------|------------------------------------|----------------------|
| | <u>E</u> | xpenses | | arges for ervices | G | perating rants and ntributions | Gra | Capital ants and atributions | Re | Burrillville edevelopment Agency | Jes: | se M. Smith Memorial Library | Totals |
| Burrillville Redevelopment Agency Economic Development | \$ | 52,928 | \$ | 51,016 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 60,000 | \$ | 58,088 | | | \$ 58,088 |
| Total Burrillville Redevelopment Agency | | 52,928 | | 51,016 | | 0 | | 60,000 | | 58,088 | | | 58,088 |
| Jesse M. Smith Memorial Library Operations | | 935,503 | | 13,567 | | 951,410 | | 0 | | 0 | \$ | 29,474 | 29,474 |
| Total Jesse M. Smith Memorial Library | | 935,503 | | 13,567 | | 951,410 | | 0 | | 0 | | 29,474 | 29,474 |
| Total component units | | 988,431 | \$ | 64,583 | \$ | 951,410 | \$ | 60,000 | = | 58,088 | | 29,474 | 87,562 |
| | U | neral reve prestricted fotal gener | inve | stment ea | rning | gs | | | _ | 3,107 3,107 | | 213 213 | 3,320 3,320 |
| | Cł | nange in n | et po | osition | | | | | | 61,195 | | 29,687 | 90,882 |
| | | et Position et Position | | | f ye | ar | | | -\$ | 893,120 954,315 | \$ | 268,523 298,210 | ,161,643 ,252,525 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION COMPONENT UNITS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | Burrillville Redevelopment Agency | Jesse M. Smith Memorial Library | Totals |
|-----------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--------------|
| OPERATING REVENUES: | A 51010 | A 40 mom | |
| Charges for usage and service | \$ 51,016 54,046 | \$ 13,567 43,567 | \$ 64,583 |
| Total operating revenues | 51,016 | 13,567 | 64,583 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES: | | | |
| Operations | 37,644 | 217,589 | 255,233 |
| Personnel | 7,362 | 707,160 | 714,522 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 6,273 | 10,754 | 17,027 |
| Total operating expenses | 51,279 | 935,503 | 986,782 |
| OPERATING LOSS | (263) | (921,936) | (922,199) |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): | | | |
| Investment income | 3,107 | 213 | 3,320 |
| Interest expense | (1,649) | | (1,649) |
| Nonoperating grants | 60,000 | 951,410 | 1,011,410 |
| Net nonoperating revenues | 61,458 | 951,623 | 1,013,081 |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | 61,195 | 29,687 | 90,882 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING | 893,120 | 268,523 | 1,161,643 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING | \$ 954,315 | \$ 298,210 | \$ 1,252,525 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS COMPONENT UNITS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | Red | urrillville evelopment Agency | | se M. Smith Memorial Library | Totals |
|---|----------|-------------------------------------|----|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | • | 54.007 | Φ. | 10.507 | ф C4 OC4 |
| Cash received from customers | \$ | 51,297 | \$ | 13,567 | \$ 64,864 |
| Cash paid to suppliers | | (40,350) | | (193,003) | (233,353) |
| Cash paid to employees | | (7,254) | | (706,200) | (713,454) |
| Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities | | 3,693 | | (885,636) | (881,943) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Nonoperating grants received | | | | 951,410 | 951,410 |
| (Increase) decrease in due from primary government | | 208,139 | | (36,581) | 171,558 |
| • • • • | | 200, 109 | | 10,937 | 10,937 |
| Increase in due to primary government | | 208,139 | | 925,766 | 1,133,905 |
| Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities | | 200,139 | | 925,766 | 1,133,905 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | |
| Acquisition of capital assets | | (165,090) | | (41,098) | (206,188) |
| Nonoperating grants received | | 60,000 | | (, , | 60,000 |
| Principal payment on note payable | | (12,162) | | | (12,162) |
| Net cash used for capital and related financing | | (:=,:=) | | | (, |
| activities | | (117,252) | | (41,098) | (158,350) |
| ••• | | | | | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | |
| Collections on loan receivable | | 1,368 | | | 1,368 |
| Interest on investments | | 3,107 | | 213 | 3,320 |
| Interest expense | | (1,649) | | | (1,649) |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | | 2,826 | | 213 | 3,039 |
| NET INODEACE (DEODEACE) IN CACH AND CACH | | | | | |
| NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | | 97,406 | | (755) | 96,651 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR | <u> </u> | 133,181 | | 98,056 | 231,237 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR | \$ | 230,587 | \$ | 97,301 | \$ 327,888 |
| Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: | | | | | |
| Operating loss | \$ | (263) | \$ | (921,936) | \$ (922,199) |
| Adjustments to reconcile: | | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 6,273 | | 10,754 | 17,027 |
| Decrease in other receivables | | 281 | | ., | 281 |
| Decrease in prepaid expenses | | | | 868 | 868 |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable | | (2,706) | | 23,718 | 21,012 |
| Increase in accrued payroll | | 108 | | 960 | 1,068 |
| Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities | \$ | 3,693 | \$ | (885,636) | \$ (881,943) |
| Hot dadii provided by (adda for) operating detivities | <u> </u> | | Ψ | (000,000) | + (551,510) |

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY SCHEDULES

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual GAAP Basis | Adjustments to Budgetary Basis | Actual Budgetary Basis | Variance |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|
| Property taxes: | | | | | | |
| Current and prior years | \$ 32,559,413 | \$ 32,559,413 | \$ 32,685,500 | | \$ 32,685,500 | \$ 126,087 |
| Interest on delinquent taxes and other | 167,000 | 167,000 | 177,917 | | 177,917 | 10,917 |
| Payment in lieu of taxes | 18,000 | 18,000 | 19,534 | | 19,534 | 1,534 |
| Total property taxes | 32,744,413 | 32,744,413 | 32,882,951 | 0 \$ | 32,882,951 | 138,538 |
| Intergovernmental revenues: | | | | | | |
| State of Rhode Island including: | | | | | | |
| School aid | 12,425,668 | 12,425,668 | | 12,427,333 | 12,427,333 | 1,665 |
| School construction | 427,670 | 427,670 | 452,701 | | 452,701 | 25,031 |
| Motor vehicle phase out | 1,111,454 | 1,111,454 | 1,126,822 | | 1,126,822 | 15,368 |
| Medicaid reimbursement | 300,000 | 300,000 | | 445,603 | 445,603 | 145,603 |
| Meals and beverage tax | 220,905 | 220,905 | 212,874 | | 212,874 | (8,031) |
| Pilot | 98,273 | 98,273 | 100,313 | | 100,313 | 2,040 |
| Telephone tax | 202,015 | 202,015 | 206,239 | | 206,239 | 4,224 |
| Police and other | 68,000 | 000'89 | 91,620 | | 91,620 | 23,620 |
| Library construction | 253,920 | 253,920 | 253,920 | | 253,920 | 0 |
| Total intergovernmental revenues | 15,107,905 | 15,107,905 | 2,444,489 | 12,872,936 | 15,317,425 | 209,520 |
| Departmental revenues: | | | | | | |
| Licenses, permits and fees: | | | | | | |
| Licenses and fees | 325,175 | 325,175 | 371,880 | | 371,880 | 46,705 |
| Building official | 73,000 | 73,000 | 98,299 | | 98,299 | 25,299 |
| Miscellaneous | 42,001 | 42,001 | 58,155 | | 58,155 | 16,154 |
| Services/assessments | 97,500 | 97,500 | 49,393 | | 49,393 | (48,107) |
| Total departmental revenues | 537,676 | 537,676 | 577,727 | 0 | 577,727 | 40,051 |
| Investment income | 95,000 | 95,000 | 318,374 | 0 | 318,374 | 223,374 |
| Total revenues | 48,484,994 | 48,484,994 | 36,223,541 | 12,872,936 | 49,096,477 | 611,483 |

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | Original <u>Budget</u> | Final <u>Budget</u> | Actual GAAP Basis | Adjustments to <u>Budgetary Basis</u> | Actual Budgetary <u>Basis</u> | Variance |
|--|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|--|-------------------------------------|----------|
| General Government: Elected officials | 46.000 | 46.150 | 46.127 | | 46,127 | 23 |
| Town clerk | 266,043 | 266,043 | 258,871 | | 258,871 | 7,172 |
| Tax assessor | 145,450 | 145,450 | 142,201 | | 142,201 | 3,249 |
| Town manager | 215,603 | 215,603 | 208,504 | | 208,504 | 7,099 |
| Building official | 135,329 | 135,329 | 133,945 | | 133,945 | 1,384 |
| Town treasurer | 346,876 | 346,876 | 321,882 | | 321,882 | 24,994 |
| Tax collector | 129,563 | 129,563 | 110,747 | | 110,747 | 18,816 |
| Information systems | 200,476 | 205,976 | 205,621 | | 205,621 | 355 |
| Town planner | 141,131 | 141,131 | 139,754 | | 139,754 | 1,377 |
| Boards, agencies, and committees | 121,094 | 121,694 | 108,644 | | 108,644 | 13,050 |
| General fund contingency | 5,000 | 5,000 | 2,760 | | 2,760 | 2,240 |
| Miscellaneous town expense | 14,019 | 14,019 | 12,769 | | 12,769 | 1,250 |
| Buildings - administration | 2,400 | 3,000 | 2,949 | | 2,949 | 51 |
| Total general government | 1,768,984 | 1,775,834 | 1,694,774 | 0 | 1,694,774 | 81,060 |
| Public Safety: | | | | | | |
| Police department | 2,685,115 | 2,685,115 | 2,628,161 | | 2,628,161 | 56,954 |
| Animal control | 138,880 | 140,080 | 139,940 | | 139,940 | 140 |
| Civil defense | 9,892 | 9,892 | 9,441 | | 9,441 | 451 |
| Municipal court | 21,250 | 21,250 | 19,942 | | 19,942 | 1,308 |
| Total public safety | 2,855,137 | 2,856,337 | 2,797,484 | 0 | 2,797,484 | 58,853 |
| Public Works: Highway department | 1,408,696 | 1,560,196 | 1,558,333 | | 1,558,333 | 1,863 |
| Total public works | 1,408,696 | 1,560,196 | 1,558,333 | 0 | 1,558,333 | 1,863 |
| | | | | | | |

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Adjustments to | Actual Budgetary Basis | Variance |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Recreation and Social Services: | pagger | <u>Pnoger</u> | GAAP DASIS | Dudgelaly Dasis | Dasis | Valialice |
| Participation recreation | 137,213 | 148,113 | 147,029 | | 147,029 | 1,084 |
| Operation of mini-bus | 26,000 | 26,000 | 24,328 | | 24,328 | 1,672 |
| Total recreation and social services | 163,213 | 174,113 | 171,357 | 0 | 171,357 | 2,756 |
| Special Appropriations | 0 | 48,450 | 47,250 | 0 | 47,250 | 1,200 |
| Debt Service: General oblination bonds: | | | | | | |
| Principal | 1,654,000 | 1,483,550 | 1,176,000 | | 1,176,000 | 307,550 |
| Interest | 447,038 | 447,038 | 267,296 | | 267,296 | 179,742 |
| Bond registration fees and other | 2,000 | 2,000 | 0 | | 0 | 2,000 |
| Total debt service | 2,103,038 | 1,932,588 | 1,443,296 | 0 | 1,443,296 | 489,292 |
| General Services | 1,579,880 | 1,579,880 | 1,564,979 | 0 | 1,564,979 | 14,901 |
| Capital Improvements Program: | | | | | | |
| School department | 400,000 | 305,493 | 298,710 | | 298,710 | 6,783 |
| Police department | 153,489 | 170,773 | 160,462 | | 160,462 | 10,311 |
| Public works | 2,070,419 | 3,058,688 | 529,093 | | 529,093 | 2,529,595 |
| Administration | 2,000 | 198,643 | 18,335 | | 18,335 | 180,308 |
| Recreation | 0 | 67,500 | 0 | | 0 | 67,500 |
| Board of Administration | 31,107 | 31,107 | 31,107 | | 31,107 | 0 |
| Total capital improvements program | 2,660,015 | 3,832,204 | 1,037,707 | 0 | 1,037,707 | 2,794,497 |
| Library: | | 1 | 1 | | (1 1 | ć |
| Pascoag Library | 79,500 | 79,500 | 79,500 806,800 | | 79,500 806.800 | 00 |
| Total library | 875 500 | 886.300 | 886 300 | 0 | 886,300 | 0 |
| l Otal Holai y | 0000 | 20,000 | 2000 | | | |
| Burrillville Redevelopment Agency | 0 | 60,000 | 60,000 | 0 | 000'09 | 0 |
| | | | | | | |

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| \$ 3,478,194 | \$ 3,478,194 | \$ 3,581,904 | \$ (103,710) | 0 \$ | 0 \$ | Net change in fund balance - budgetary basis |
|--------------|---------------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| (628,085) | (31,924,453) | (9,291,032) | (22,633,421) | (31,296,368) | (32,577,007) | Net other financing uses |
| 0 | 3,581,904 | 3,581,904 | | 3,581,904 | 0 | Reappropriation of prior year's designated fund balance |
| (646,441) | 12,784 | | 12,784 | 659,225 | 659,225 | Enterprise funds |
| 18,356 | 186,636 | | 186,636 | 168,280 | 24,100 | Special revenue funds |
| | | | | | | Transfers in: |
| 0 | (1,319,000) | | (1,319,000) | (1,319,000) | 0 | Capital project funds |
| 0 | (34,386,777) | (12,872,936) | (21,513,841) | (34,386,777) | (33,260,332) | Special revenue funds |
| | | | | | | Other mancing sources (uses): Transfers out: |
| | | | | | | |
| 4,106,279 | 35,402,647 | 12,872,936 | 22,529,711 | 31,296,368 | 32,577,007 | Excess of revenues over expenditures before other financing sources (uses) |
| | | | | | | |
| 3,494,796 | 13,693,830 | 0 | 13,693,830 | 17,188,626 | 15,907,987 | Total expenditures |
| 50,374 | 2,432,350 | 0 | 2,432,350 | 2,482,724 | 2,493,524 | Total miscellaneous |
| 2,793 | 26,907 | | 26,907 | 29,700 | 29,700 | Other professional services |
| 1,861 | 103,139 | | 103,139 | 105,000 | 105,000 | Legal services |
| 45,720 | 2,302,304 | | 2,302,304 | 2,348,024 | 2,358,824 | iniscentaneous: Employee insurance and benefits |
| Variance | <u>Basis</u> | Budgetary Basis | GAAP Basis | Budget | Budget | : |
| | Actual Budgetary | Adjustments to | Actual | Final | Original | |
| | | | | | | |

(CONCLUDED)

TAX COLLECTOR'S ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| Real Estate and Personal Property Taxes Fiscal Year End July 1, 2018 | <i>al Property Taxes</i> Balance July 1, 2018 | Current year Assessment | | Additions | (Ab | (Abatements) | Re | Refunds and Adjustments | Amount to be Collected | Collections | Balance June 30, 2019 | e 1019 |
|--|---|----------------------------|----|------------------------|-----|--------------|----|----------------------------|--|---|--------------------------|-----------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2019 | | \$ 32,670,736 | υ | 22,999 | ↔ | 6,308 | ↔ | (57,011) | \$ 32,630,416 | \$ 32,190,697 | \$ 438 | 439,719 |
| 2018 | \$ 533 897 | | | | | 2.139 | | 2.310 | 534.063 | 396.911 | 137 | 137,152 |
| 2017 | | | | | | 3 094 | | 212 | 170 208 | 34,434 | 135 | 135,774 |
| 2016 | 109 974 | | | | | 3,383 | | 429 | 107.020 | 11.763 | 6 | 95,257 |
| 2015 | 02 807 | | | | | 4 348 | | | 88 549 | 5 967 | 8 & | 82.582 |
| 20.00 | 83.278 | | | | | 2,010 | | 520 | 81.384 | 7,648 | | 73,736 |
| 1 00 c | 02,40 | | | | | 4,000 | | 020 | 78,004 | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | , , | 200 |
| 2013 | 810,87 | | | | | 88 F | | • | 810,07 | 6,0,4 | | 73,304 |
| 2012 | 79,466 | | | | | 3,470 | | <u>ე</u> | 76,015 | 2,478 | 2/ | 73,537 |
| 2011 | 77,656 | | | | | 2,848 | | | 74,808 | 1,205 | 73 | 73,603 |
| 2010 | 43,676 | | | | | 1,714 | | 93 | 42,055 | 1,042 | 4 | 41,013 |
| 2009 and prior | 177,947 | | | | | 64,552 | | (245) | 113,150 | 3,245 | 108 | 109,905 |
| | 1,450,864 | \$ 32,670,736 | ₩ | 22,999 | ·γ | 95,239 | € | (53,673) | \$ 33,995,687 | \$ 32,659,905 | 1,335 | 1,335,782 |
| Less:estimated allowance for | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| uncollectible accounts | (476,400) | | | | | | | | | | (466 | (466,200) |
| Net property taxes | \$ 974,464 | | | | | | | | | | \$ 869 | 869,582 |
| Schedule of Most Recent Net Assessed Property | nt Net Assessed Pr | roperty | | | | | | | Reconciliation of | Reconciliation of Current Year Property Tax Revenue | ty Tax Reven | ne |
| Value by Category | | Rates | | Assessed Valuations | | Lew | | | Current vear collections | ctions | \$ 32.659.905 | 9.905 |
| Description of Property | | | | | | | | | | | | <u> </u> |
| Real-Property- Residential | - | 18 20 | | \$1 180 367 600 | €. | 20 824 219 | | | Adjustments and reversals Add: Revenue collected 60 days | eversals lected 60 days | | |
| Real-Property-Commercial/Industrial | al/Industrial | | | 266,209,700 | | 4,807,354 | | | subsequent to fiscal year ended | al year ended | 7.4 | 0 0 0 1 |
| Motor Venicles Tangible and Personal Pr | roperty | 40.00 | | 125,846,501 | | 3,927,111 | | | June 30, 2019 | | _ | 1,0,037 |
| Total | | | | 1,743,408,676 | 8 | 32,670,736 | | | Less: Prior year re | Less: Prior year revenue collected 60 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | days subsequent t | days subsequent to fiscal year ended | | |
| Exemptions | | | | (65,928,437) | | | | | June 30, 2018 | | (197 | (197,759) |
| Net Assessed Values | | | \$ | \$1,677,480,239 | | | | | Add refunds and adjustments | ıdjustments | 52 | 53,673 |
| | | | | | | | | | Add miscellaneous adjustment | s adjustment | | (1,176) |
| | | | | | | | | | Current year property tax revenue | erty tax revenue | \$ 32,685,500 | 5,500 |

Town of Burrillville Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

| <u>revenue</u> | Municipal | Education Department |
|--|--------------------|-------------------------|
| Current Year Levy Tax Collection | \$ 32,219,630 | \$ - |
| Last Year's Levy Tax Collection | 394,601 | - |
| Prior Years Property Tax Collection | 71,269 | - |
| Interest & Penalty | 177,917 | - |
| PILOT & Tax Treaty (excluded from levy) Collection | 19,534 | _ |
| Other Local Property Taxes | - | - |
| Licenses and Permits | 111,006 | - |
| Fines and Forfeitures | 54,204 | _ |
| Investment Income | 372,691 | - |
| Departmental | 1,149,290 | - |
| Rescue Run Revenue | - | - |
| Police & Fire Detail | 27,630 | - |
| Other Local Non-Property Tax Revenues | (1) | - |
| Tuition | - | - |
| Impact Aid | - | - |
| Medicaid | - | 445,603 |
| Federal Stabilization Funds | - | - |
| Federal Food Service Reimbursement | - | 359,188 |
| CDBG | 1,556 | - |
| COPS Grants | - | - |
| SAFER Grants | | - |
| Other Federal Aid Funds | - | 1,466,729 |
| MV Excise Tax Reimbursement | 207,065 | - |
| State PILOT Program | 100,313 | - |
| Distressed Community Relief Fund | - | - |
| Library Resource Aid | 128,346 | |
| Library Construction Aid | 253,920 | - |
| Public Service Corporation Tax | 206,240 | - |
| Meals & Beverage Tax / Hotel Tax | 212,874 | 42 427 222 |
| LEA Aid | ~ | 12,427,333 |
| Group Home | 164.420 | - |
| Housing Aid Capital Projects Housing Aid Bonded Debt | 164,430 288,271 | - |
| | 200,2/1 | 0 727 |
| State Food Service Revenue Incentive Aid | - | 9,727 |
| | 40.672 | - |
| Property Revaluation Reimbursement Other State Revenue | 40,672 418 | 60.077 |
| Motor Vehicle Phase Out | 919,757 | 69,077 |
| Other Revenue | 634,879 | 971,037 |
| Local Appropriation for Education | 034,873 | 20,259,115 |
| Regional Appropriation for Education | _ | 20,233,113 |
| Supplemental Appropriation for Education | _ | · |
| Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education | _ | _ |
| Other Education Appropriation | _ | _ |
| Rounding | _ | - |
| Total Revenue | \$ 37,756,512 | \$ 36,007,809 |
| | 3 | |
| Financing Sources: Transfer from Capital Funds | \$ - | \$ - |
| Financing Sources: Transfer from Other Funds | 1,006,341 | - |
| Financing Sources: Debt Proceeds | - | - |
| Financing Sources: Other | - | - |
| Rounding | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources | \$ 1,006,341 | \$ - |

Town of Burrillville Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

| <u>EXPENDITURES</u> | General Government | Finance | Social Services | Centralized IT | Planning | Libraries | Public Works | Parks and Rec | Police Department |
|---|-----------------------|--------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------------|
| Compensation- Group A | \$ 703,178 | \$ 529,262 | \$ 407,756 | \$ - | \$ 291,841 | \$ 513,445 | \$ 1,018,795 | \$ 74,289 | \$ 1,859,973 |
| Compensation - Group B | - | - | | - | - | - | - | - | 103,885 |
| Compensation - Group C | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Compensation -Volunteer | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Overtime- Group A | 2,322 | 53 | - | - | - | - | 107,906 | 971 | 186,236 |
| Overtime - Group B | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | 2,381 |
| Overtime - Group C | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Police & Fire Detail | - | - | | - | - | - | - | - | 31,789 |
| Active Medical Insurance - Group A | 117,361 | 130,527 | 66,002 | - | 73,276 | 103,560 | 213,116 | 21,672 | 335,981 |
| Active Medical Insurance- Group B | - | - | - | - | | - | - | - | 29,192 |
| Active Medical Insurance- Group C | = | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Active Dental insurance- Group A | 6,807 | 10,035 | 3,617 | - | 4,823 | 8,363 | 13,312 | 1,206 | 18,971 |
| Active Dental Insurance- Group B | - | - | - | - | - | w | - | - | 1,595 |
| Active Dental Insurance- Group C | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Payroll Taxes | 47,891 | 39,976 | 31,296 | - | 22,224 | 45,057 | 87,031 | 5,757 | 168,064 |
| Life Insurance | 916 | 942 | 347 | - | 431 | 953 | 1,719 | 104 | 2,815 |
| State Defined Contribution- Group A | 3,879 | 5,209 | 1,642 | 11 | 2,464 | 3,702 | 10,037 | 733 | - |
| State Defined Contribution - Group B | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| State Defined Contribution - Group C | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other Benefits- Group A | 3,155 | 816 | 392 | _ | 446 | 618 | 6,219 | 131 | 14,551 |
| Other Benefits- Group B | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 184 |
| Other Benefits- Group C | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Local Defined Benefit Pension- Group A | _ | - | _ | _ | - | - | - | - | |
| Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group B | - | - | _ | - | - | _ | - | - | - |
| Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group C | | | - | - | _ | _ | _ | - | - |
| State Defined Benefit Pension- Group A | 25,238 | 38,494 | 12,134 | 84 | 18,908 | 29,310 | 73,014 | 3,609 | 367,613 |
| State Defined Benefit Pension - Group B | | · - | | - | | | | | 7,776 |
| State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C | _ | - | - | - | _ | - | _ | - | |
| Other Defined Benefit / Contribution | _ | - | _ | - | - | _ | - | - | - |
| Purchased Services | 1,194,032 | 75,482 | 51,301 | 144,716 | (196) | 54,106 | 112,999 | 572 | 13,418 |
| Materials/Supplies | 14,485 | 5,414 | 47,171 | 1,953 | 1,206 | 72,828 | 32,574 | 2,138 | 47,183 |
| Software Licenses | 5,938 | | , . | 52,572 | · - | 4,343 | · - | 1,896 | 3,864 |
| Capital Outlays | · - | 10,000 | 1,976 | 6,293 | 60,000 | 10,754 | 370,407 | | 156,922 |
| Insurance | 332,240 | · . | | | · - | | | _ | |
| Maintenance | 3,450 | 2,203 | 1,320 | - | 917 | 22,445 | 48,849 | 32,735 | 44,007 |
| Vehicle Operations | 267 | 111 | 2,593 | - | 1,889 | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | 204,325 | 41 | 88,998 |
| Utilities | 7,308 | - | 5,242 | 3,797 | 8,734 | 56,041 | 31,669 | 18,389 | 60,644 |
| Contingency | - | - | -, | - | - | - | | · . | · - |
| Street Lighting | _ | - | | - | - | - | _ | _ | - |
| Revaluation | _ | 67,861 | - | _ | _ | - | - | - | _ |
| Snow Removal-Raw Material & External Contracts | - | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | 123,215 | - | - |
| Trash Removal & Recycling | _ | _ | - | - | - | - | 984,988 | _ | - |
| Claims & Settlements | | _ | _ | _ | - | | | | - |
| Community Support | 138,850 | - | - | - | - | - | | - | - |
| Other Operation Expenditures | 199,611 | 39,708 | 37,126 | 799 | 1,956 | 207 | 7,154 | 11,514 | 7,498 |
| Tipping Fees | , | ,. 50 | ,-20 | - | -, | | 189,792 | | |
| Local Appropriation for Education | | - | - | _ | _ | _ | , | - | _ |
| Regional Appropriation for Education | _ | - | - | - | ~ | _ | | _ | |
| Supplemental Appropriation for Education | _ | _ | - | - | - | - | - | - | _ |
| Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education | _ | - | - | - | - | _ | - | - | - |
| Other Education Appropriation | _ | - | - | - | - | _ | - | _ | _ |
| Municipal Debt- Principal | _ | - | _ | _ | - | | - | _ | _ |
| Municipal Debt- Interest | | _ | | _ | - | _ | - | _ | - |
| School Debt- Principal | - | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | _ | | - |
| School Debt- Interest | - | _ | - | _ | - | _ | - | | |
| Retiree Medical Insurance-Total | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | | |
| Retiree Dental Insurance- Total | - | - | - | - | _ | _ | - | _ | |
| OPEB Contribution-Total | - | - | | _ | - | _ | - | _ | |
| | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| Rounding | - | - | . | | - | - | | | |
| Total Expenditures | \$ 2,806,928 | \$ 956,092 | \$ 669,915 | \$ 210,226 | \$ 488,915 | \$ 925,733 | \$ 3,637,122 | \$ 175,756 | \$ 3,553,538 |

Town of Burrillville Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

| <u>EXPENDITURES</u> | Fire Department | | entralized Dispatch | Public Safety Other | Education Appropriation | ı Debt | OPEB | Total Municipal | Education Department |
|--|--------------------|------|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Compensation- Group A | \$ - | . \$ | 190,161 | \$ 112,644 | \$ - | \$ | - \$ | - \$ 5,701,344 | \$ 15,901,884 |
| Compensation - Group B | - | | 40,090 | 13,271 | - | | - | - 157,246 | 1,680,013 |
| Compensation - Group C | - | • | - | - | - | | - | - | 2,904,188 |
| Compensation -Volunteer Overtime- Group A | - | | 47,111 | 2,929 | - | | - | - 347,529 | - |
| Overtime - Group B | | | 47,111 | 2,323 | | | - | - 2,381 | - |
| Overtime - Group C | - | - | - | - | - | | - | | 31,907 |
| Police & Fire Detail | - | - | - | - | - | | - | - 31,789 | - |
| Active Medical Insurance - Group A | • | - | 36,525 | 30,529 | - | | ~ | - 1,128,548 | 2,534,881 |
| Active Medical Insurance- Group B Active Medical Insurance- Group C | - | - | - | - | - | | - | - 29,192 | 186,394 1,035,777 |
| Active Dental insurance- Group A | _ | _ | 3,202 | 1,595 | _ | | - | - 71,930 | 179,425 |
| Active Dental Insurance- Group B | - | - | | | - | | - | - 1,595 | 13,401 |
| Active Dental Insurance- Group C | - | - | - | - | - | | - | | 65,298 |
| Payroll Taxes | - | - | 21,777 | 9,857 | - | | - | - 478,929 | 584,996 |
| Life Insurance | - | - | 288 | 208 | - | | - | - 8,723 | 75,901 |
| State Defined Contribution- Group A State Defined Contribution - Group B | | - | 1,913 | 540 | - | | - | - 30,129 | 327,127 28,848 |
| State Defined Contribution - Group C | | | - | - | _ | | _ | | 19,858 |
| Other Benefits- Group A | - | | 184 | 1,068 | - | | - | - 27,581 | 194,023 |
| Other Benefits- Group B | | - | - | - | - | | - | - 184 | 1,265 |
| Other Benefits- Group C | - | - | - | - | - | | - | - | 54,793 |
| Local Defined Benefit Pension- Group A | - | - | - | - | - | | - | | 2,065,828 |
| Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group B Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group C | • | - | - | - | - | | | - | 153,550 |
| State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C | - | _ | 13,161 | 8,240 | - | | - | - 589,804 | 26,486 |
| State Defined Benefit Pension - Group B | | | , | - Ja-70 | - | | - | - 7,776 | |
| State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C | - | - | - | - | - | | - | | 174,328 |
| Other Defined Benefit / Contribution | - | - | - | - | - | | - | | - |
| Purchased Services | • | - | | 878 | - | | - | - 1,647,307 | 5,712,669 |
| Materials/Supplies | • | - | 1,925 | 3,308 | - | | - | - 230,186 | 375,744 |
| Software Licenses Capital Outlays | | - | 1,288 26 | - 6,581 | _ | | - | - 69,900 - 622,961 | 37,541 213,937 |
| Insurance | | _ | - | - 0,331 | - | | - | - 332,240 | 179,535 |
| Maintenance | | _ | 4,466 | 496 | - | | _ | - 160,888 | 212,329 |
| Vehicle Operations | | - | · - | 3,981 | - | | - | - 302,204 | 66,203 |
| Utilities | | - | 15,146 | 11,893 | - | | - | - 218,862 | 862,005 |
| Contingency | - | - | - | - | - | | - | - | - |
| Street Lighting | - | - | - | - | - | | - | | - |
| Revaluation Snow Removal-Raw Material & External Contracts | | - | - | | - | | - | - 67,861 - 123,215 | - |
| Trash Removal & Recycling | | - | - | - | - | | - | - 984,988 | - |
| Claims & Settlements | | _ | | - | - | | | | - |
| Community Support | | - | - | - | - | | - | - 138,850 | - |
| Other Operation Expenditures | | - | 159 | - | - | | - | - 305,733 | 152,690 |
| Tipping Fees | • | - | - | - | - | | - | - 189,792 | - |
| Local Appropriation for Education | - | - | - | - | 20,259,115 | | - | - 20,259,115 | - |
| Regional Appropriation for Education Supplemental Appropriation for Education | | | - | - | - | | - | | _ |
| Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education | | _ | - | _ | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Other Education Appropriation | | - | - | - | 453,556 | | _ | - 453,556 | _ |
| Municipal Debt- Principal | | - | - | - | | 1,056,22 | 9 | - 1,056,229 | - |
| Municipal Debt- Interest | , | - | - | - | | 136,99 | | - 136,996 | • |
| School Debt- Principal | | - | - | - | - | 345,00 | | - 345,000 | - |
| School Debt- Interest | | - | - | - | - | 130,30 | | - 130,300 58 38.168 | - |
| Retiree Medical Insurance-Total Retiree Dental Insurance-Total | | _ | - | - | - | | - 38,16 - 1,02 | • | 93,240 |
| OPEB Contribution- Total | | | | | - | | - | | - |
| Rounding | | | | | - | | | | |
| Total Even and thomas | ٠ | | 277 422 | ć 200.010 | ¢ 20 712 671 | ¢ 1,660.E3 | F ¢ 20.1/ | 04 | ¢ 26 146 064 |
| Total Expenditures | \$ | - \$ | 377,423 | \$ 208,018 | \$ 20,712,671 | \$ 1,668,52 | 5 \$ 39,19 | 94 \$ 36,430,058 | \$ 36,146,064 |
| | | Fin | ancing Uses | :: Transfer to Ca :: Transfer to Ot :: Payment to Bo | • | nt | | \$ 1,923,985 792,352 | \$ - |
| | | | ancing Uses tal Other Fir | : Other nancing Uses | | | | \$ 2,716,337 | \$ - |
| | | Ne | t Change in | Fund Balance ¹ | | | | (383,543) | (138,255) |
| | | | | - beginning of y | | Sonder- (DCC) | | \$15,146,312 | \$1,028,746 |
| | | Fu | | o Reportable Go | ble Government overnment Servi | | • | - | - |
| | | | sc. Adjustm | | | | | | |
| | | Fui | nd Balance ¹ | - beginning of | year adjusted | | | 15,146,312 | 1,028,746 |
| | | | unding nd Balance ¹ | - end of year | | | | \$ 14,762,769 | \$ 890,491 |

¹ and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

Town of Burrillville
Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)
Combining Schedule of
Reportable Government Services with
Reconciliation to MTP2
Municipal
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

| Per Audited Fund Financial Statements | Total | Total Other Financing | Total | Total Other Financing | Net Change in Fund Ralance ¹ | Beginning Fund Fund Balance [†] (Deficit) | Prior Period | Restate Fund | Restated Beginning Fund Balance [±] (Deficit) | Ending Fund Balance ⁴ (Deficit) |
|---|---|----------------------------|---|--------------------------|---|--|--------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2018 | | | | | | \$ 15,146,312 | - | • | 15,146,312 | |
| Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2018 adjusted | | | | | | - \$ 15,146,312 | | ₩. | 15,146,312 | |
| General Fund per GASB 54 Clear River Energy Fund, 0286 Jesse M Smith Library, 255 Burrillville Extended Care, 2660 | \$ 36,398,517 \$ 1,006,341 \$ 530,180 - 965,190 - 637,635 - 637,635 | \$ 1,006,341 | \$ 14,369,293 \$ 1,018,783 935,503 622,376 | \$ 22,975,452 | \$ 60,113 \$ (488,603) \$ 29,687 \$ 15,259 | \$ 13,922,761 628,369 268,523 326,659 | v | ₩. | 13,922,761 \$ 628,369 268,523 326,659 | 13,982,874 139,766 298,210 341,918 |
| Totals per audited financial statements | \$ 38,531,522 | 38,531,522 \$ 1,006,341 \$ | 16,945,955 | \$ 22,975,452 | 22,975,452 \$ (383,544) \$ | \$ 15,146,312 | ٠. | • | 15,146,312 \$ | 14,762,768 |
| Reconciliation from financial statements to MTP2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reclassify transfer of municipal appropriation to Education Department as expenditure on MTP2 | • | ₩. | \$20,259,115 | \$ (\$20,259,115) | , \$5 | , s | , • | ₩. | , | |
| Detail cost net 0100004-511570 | 31,789 | • | 31,789 | ı | • | • | • | | 1 | • |
| Reclassify Library appropriation | (806,800) | • | (806,800) | • | • | 1 | • | | 1 | • |
| Rounding | • | • | • | • | H | | , | | | - |

 $^{^{\}mathrm{1}}$ and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

Totals Per MTP2

15,146,312 \$

2,716,337 \$ (383,543) \$

\$ 37,756,511 \$ 1,006,341 \$ 36,430,060 \$

Town of Burrillville
Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)
Combining Schedule of
Reportable Government Services with
Reconciliation to MTP2
Education Department
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

| Per Audited Fund Financial Statements Fund Description | . a | Total Revenue | Total Other Financing Sources | Total Expenditures | Total Other Financing Uses | Net Change in Fund Balance ¹ | Beginning Fund Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit) | Prior Period Adjustment | | Restated Beginning Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit) | Ending Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit) |
|---|-----|---|-------------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|---|--|----------------------------|----------|--|--|
| Fund Balance ^{1.} - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2018 Capital Lease for Enterprise Fund incorrectly reflected in FY18 | | | | | | | \$ 1,084,334 (55,588) | | √ | 1,084,334 (55,588) | |
| Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2018 adjusted | | | | | | | \$ 1,028,746 | 1 11 | \$ | 1,028,746 | |
| School Unrestricted Fund Enterprise Fund¹ SBA School Capital Project Fund School Special Revenue Funds | \$ | 4,419,305 \$ 1,329,231 - 1,539,498 | 20,259,115 34,000 - | \$ 34,828,097 1,309,535 1,539,498 | \$ 34,000 | \$ (183,677) \$ 53,696 | \$ 757,385 | ν, | w | 757,385 \$ 523,670 | 573,708 577,366 |
| Totals per audited financial statements | \$ | 17,288,034 \$ | 20,293,115 | \$ 37,677,130 | \$ 34,000 | \$ (129,981) | \$ 1,281,055 | ٠ | \$ | 1,281,055 \$ | 1,151,074 |
| Reconciliation from financial statements to MTP2 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| State contributions on behalf of teacher pensions are reported in revenue & expenditures on financial statements only School General- Town Appropriation to education | \$ | (1,546,369) \$:0,259,115 | (20,259,115) | | , , « | | v, | √s. | v۶ | ↔ | |
| Depreciation Expense Difference is Grant revenue received versus deferred revenue Elimination of transfers between funds Rounding | | 7,029 | (34,000) | 15,302 | (34,000) | (15,302) 7,029 - | (252,309) | | | (252,309) | (267,611) 7,029 |
| Totals Per MTP2 | \$ | \$ 608'200'98 | ı | \$ 36,146,064 | - \$ | \$ (138,255) | \$ 1,028,746 | \$ | ٠, | 1,028,746 \$ | 890,491 |
| Reconciliation from MTP2 to UCOA | | | | | | | | | | | |
| School Transfer to Rink Adjustments for Capital Purchases/Lease pymts Adjustment for prior year encumbrances Rounding | | \$44,000 | ' | \$44,000 (69,203) (71,778) (234) | | | | | | | |
| Totals per UCOA Validated Totals Report | \$ | 36,051,809 | II. | \$ 36,048,849 | | | | | | | |

 $^{^{\}mathrm{J}}$ and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – ANNUAL SUPPLEMENTAL TRANSPARENCY REPORT (MTP2) JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. Basis of Presentation

The Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) is a supplemental schedule required by the State of Rhode Island General Laws 45-12-22.2 and 44-35-10. This supplementary schedule included within the audit report is part of a broader project to create a municipal transparency portal (MTP) website to host municipal financial information in a centralized location.

The format of the *Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)* was prescribed by the State Department of Revenue (Division of Municipal Finance), Office of the Auditor General, and the Department of Education.

NOTE 2. Reportable Government Services

Data consistency and comparability are among the key objectives of the State's Municipal Transparency portal. Consistent with that goal, the State has defined "reportable government services", RGS, to include those operational revenues, expenditures, and transfers related to activities which are essential to the achievement of municipal operations. The determination of RGS may be different from the activities included within the legally adopted budget of the municipality. In practice, some communities report certain RGS in separate funds (e.g., special revenue funds, enterprise funds) rather than the municipality's general fund. The *Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)* includes a reconciliation to the fund level statements.

NOTE 3. Allocations

The State reporting requires expenditures to be reported by departments, as defined by the State. Some of the departmental groupings are not consistent with the departments reflected in the City's (or Town's) budget and accounting system. To report these costs, the City (or Town) made allocations of costs to the State's departmental groupings based on a reasonable basis.

NOTE 4. Employee Groups - Compensation and Benefit Costs

Compensation includes salaries, longevity, stipends, clothing allowance/maintenance, shift differential, out-of-rank, holiday pay and bonuses.

For Public Safety departments (i.e., police, fire, and centralized dispatch), and the Education Department, compensation and most benefits costs are reported in the following employee groupings:

Group A: This group consists of employees who serve the primary function of the department.

- Police Department police officers (e.g., uniform personnel including, leadership positions)
- Fire Department fire fighters (e.g., uniform personnel including, leadership positions)
- Centralized Dispatch Department civilian dispatchers only
- Education Department professional staff providing direct services to students
- For the remaining departments all employees' compensation and benefits are reported under Group A

Group B: For Police and Fire Departments, compensation and benefits paid to its administrative employees and civilian dispatch employees are reported under Group B. The Education Department reports compensation and benefits paid to executive/mid-level educational administration employees under Group B.

Group C: This group is only used for the Education Department and it includes administrative and support staff.

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – ANNUAL SUPPLEMENTAL TRANSPARENCY REPORT (MTP2) JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 4. Employee Groups - Compensation and Benefit Costs (Continued)

Other post-employment benefits (OPEB) are not reported by employee groups on the MTP2. They are reported in total as either (1) contributions to a qualified OPEB trust or (2) the amount paid for medical and dental insurance for retirees when an OPEB trust fund has not been established. The detail employee group information for the Education Department can be found on the State's Municipal Transparency portal website.

NOTE 5. Education Revenue and Expenditures

The revenues and expenditures presented on the MTP2 under the Education Department is consistent with existing Uniform Chart of Accounts (UCOA) guidelines. Each MTP account code has been mapped to the corresponding UCOA code or group of UCOA codes to facilitate the preparation of the MTP reporting.

Additional guidance and definitions regarding the State's Municipal Transparency Portal can be found on the State Division of Municipal Finance website: http://www.municipalfinance.ri.gov/.

(CONCLUDED)

TOWN OF BURRILLVILLE

REPORT IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



Gerard R. Cayer
CPA, MST

Mark V. Caccia
CPA, MST

Donna T. Caccia
CPA, MST, CFP™

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND
OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT
OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Town Council, Burrillville, Rhode Island

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 28, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we did identify a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness and significant deficiency.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be a material weakness. (2019-1).

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompany schedule of findings and responses to be a significant deficiency. (2019-1).

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's Response to Findings

The Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Town of Burrillville, Rhode Island's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Warwick, Rhode Island January 28, 2020 Cayer Caccia, LLP

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of the Town of Burrillville.
- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:

One significant deficiency disclosed during the audit of the financial statements is summarized below in finding 2019-1. The deficiency is reported as a material weakness.

3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Town of Burrillville, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.

B. FINDINGS RELATED TO AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2019-1 Oversight of the Town's Financial Reporting Process

The Town Council and management are responsible for the effective oversight of the financial reporting process, including the preparation of Town financial statements and related footnote disclosures. During fiscal year 2019, the Town relied upon the external auditor to prepare its financial statements and related footnote disclosures to ensure that they were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Therefore, adequate controls were not in place as of June 30, 2019 to prevent and detect misstatements in the financial statement preparation and reporting process.

Recommendation – We recommend that the Town continue to strengthen its internal controls to decrease the risk of misstatements over the financial reporting process. Management can improve controls related to the financial reporting process by dedicating resources to improve the oversight of the financial reporting process.

Corrective Action Plan – Although the Town will continue to utilize the external auditor to prepare the financial statements, the Finance Department will attempt to take a more active role over the financial reporting process by reviewing the financial statements and preparing a disclosure checklist to ensure all required disclosures are included and the financial statements are complete. This increased level of involvement in preparing and reviewing the financial statements should eliminate this comment in future years.

C. SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

2018-1 Oversight of the Town's Financial Reporting Process

The Town Council and management are responsible for the effective oversight of the financial reporting process, including the preparation of Town financial statements and related footnote disclosures. During fiscal year 2018, the Town relied upon the external auditor to prepare its financial statements and related footnote disclosures to ensure that they were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Therefore, adequate controls were not in place as of June 30, 2018 to prevent and detect misstatements in the financial statement preparation and reporting process.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

B. FINDINGS RELATED TO AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2018-1 Oversight of the Town's Financial Reporting Process (Continued)

Recommendation – We recommend that the Town continue to strengthen its internal controls to decrease the risk of misstatements over the financial reporting process. Management can improve controls related to the financial reporting process by dedicating resources to improve the oversight of the financial reporting process.

Current Status – The Town acknowledges that it continued to rely on the external auditors to assist in the recording of certain complex transactions and the final preparation of the GAAP financial statements. The Finance Department is committed to taking a more active role by reviewing the financial statements before they are finalized.

2018-2 Accurate Posting of Financial Activity

Required general ledger maintenance procedures related to the Town's larger and more complex side funds (special revenue and component unit funds) are not being completed on a timely basis. As a result, we noted posting errors which required correcting entries to be made. In addition, we provided management with adjusting entries to record and reclassify financial activity in the MUNIS general ledger.

Recommendation – We recommend that the Finance Department continue to establish and implement monthly review and reconciliation procedures for the Town's significant side funds.

Current Status – The Finance Department made improvements in its grant accounting and external reporting, including reconciling grant activity with the MUNIS general ledger and supporting documentation on a monthly basis during fiscal year 2019. Based on these improvements, accurate posting of financial activity was not identified as a finding for fiscal year 2019.

(CONCLUDED)